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NO. 317.

ST. LOUIS, SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 8, 1904.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

OOP! HOW THE PEOPLE RUSH TO SEE THE IGORROTES BEFORE THEY PUT THE PANTS ON

governor, Please Write and Say What
Last No-Pants-On Day—Being a
Resume of This Stirring Incident
at the Fair, With a True Statement of
What It All Happened, and a Record of
the Paid Admissions at the Village
which increased from 5,000 to 10,000 in Twenty-
Four Hours.

By CLARK MCADAMS.

CANTO I.

MENT—The action opens in the Igorrote village at the Fair. There are two
days of peace over the primitive community. There isn't a pair of pants in
the village. The old men are drumming an even-song, "Rover Was a Dog-breed,
Don't Live So Long." The young men are dancing the How-many-times
and the How-many-times. The young women are singing the maiden's song, "Sometimes an Igorrote
is Pretty, but it Didn't Happen Up." The whang-bang of the tom-toms and the
noise of parboiled poodle drifts around in the tree tops, arm in arm. Antonio, the
Bantoo chief, counts the copper coins the people have thrown into his circle that
he has up to his chin. He knows he can't buy pants, so he throws them down playfully, and then he throws
them on his stomach and scrambles for them, practicing for the next day's
show. Hunt sits up on the front porch of his executive mansion, smoking and
"Everything is Lovely, and the People Like the Show."

ATTENDED dog, his swift course run, flat-handed, full upon the backs.
Tried for the last time on the line, he was swimming, saddened eye.
To think that he must die.
You shall leave your bunk
the pot for mine—kerplunk!"
dog, of hope bereft,
spark of humor left;
little, too, was he
old hound enemy;
rushes through his necks
passing his checks,
was on about, chill,
and Igorroteville;
of sweet, bucolic peace,
so soft in forest trees;
in happy groups
reaming poodle soups;
of the chase;
about the queer white race,
not eat a nice, clean dog,
a dirty, grunting hog;
and pants and grand
goods for home and food;
their simple, childish lives;
money spending wives;
and strength and appetites
out. O night of nights!

CANTO II.

OF the action emigrates during the night. The morning finds Washington, D. C. Secretary of Affairs steps into his office to open the door. That is the only reason great Mr. Hunt has to open their small office. A man who, in addressing his mail, backs off and few licks of hard work over the gate doesn't amount to anything, really working there. However, Mr. Hunt's office and opens his mail, principally consists of offers from young houses to send him to the seat of the world. He has read them and them invaluable to a good life, but he really gets one genuine letter, a genuine life is at once apparent, a kick. There are no fake kicks, all made in good faith in the ability to have it changed, what is. The writer of this particular who says he is a reformer working and bathing reforms, demands that he be allowed to come to the Philippines, government exposition to clothe the at the St. Louis Fair, deponent g that the said Igorrotes are not a exhibit.

OW now? What hot, storm-center head.

Address us?" the war chief said.

how indignantly he rails

dark how fearlessly he flails!

ys: "I'm weak and trembling still—

hook of Igorroteville,

with shame that I confess

all alone, had blushed

so ill as men who rushed

ush from their homes and stood

out in sight. I thought I would

be shame. I turned my back,

out of ev'ry hut and shack

sprang, and out of ev'ry nook.

I could not help but look,

ought to 'scape such sights as those

looking up, but lo, the trees

full of them, and in my shock

right that much of them did mock

odestly with savage whims

as brandishing their limbs

living to each other whacks,



Secretary Taff's Busy Day in Igorroteville, or "Whose Pair Is This?"

In thy unaffected way
Drawing thousands ev'ry day.
Glad was he and brimming o'er.
Blessings on thee, little man.
Living on the Eden plan.

Ah, is that the monthly draft?
No, it is a note from Taff.
Or what pressing circumstance
Does he write? They must wear pants!

The Igorrotes must wear pants!
Impossible! Ten thousand No's!
Four billion nits! Twelve billion Can't's!
Great Caesar, anything but pants!
An Igorrote panted would
Die for shame! We never could
Make them sit them on! said Taff.
Brilliant yesterday, gone today!
As silly had the order read:
The Igorrotes stay in bed!
Or 'Hide their naked, shocking legs
By standing all of them in kegs!'

CANTO IV.

ARGUMENT—Governor Hunt summons the Igorrotes. Father Antonio, the Bantoo chief, comes with the rest, but the governor sends him back to his hut, knowing full well that the blow will kill father. The Igorrotes are poor benighted heathen, but they know there is something wrong. The governor's face is all writ over with the advance sheet of a hard-luck story. Upon one of his cheeks there is a courting down, a complexion piece to the Great Salt Lake. Hunt has known the Igorrotes three or four years. He has lived among them and knows them. He has their confidence, and they trusted him so far—well, as far as this Fair is from Luxon. He raises his finger to command silence. Everybody sighs a large-sized sigh. Then the governor breaks the news. The Igorrotes stagger before the blow, but they try to bear it. They begin dancing the dolorous do-si-do and chanting the uncomfortable concerto. The Filipino band appeared at the entrance to the village and played with fine expression, "O! I Will! Take You Back, Kathleen."

S Alexander's soldiers, come
From Persia to their Greece, were
dumb
And none could bear to lift his head
And say "Our master, Alec's dead!"
For the master of the house
Hate to pain them with the shock.
He saw their brown and supple forms
Flashing in the sun, and storms
Of anger raged within his heart
To think how ignoble his part.
He waved his hand unto them now.

And, seeing care upon his brow,
His children start a doleful song.
Knowing there is something wrong.
"My children," said the father, and
He stretched out his kindly hand;
"Die for shame! We never could
Make them sit them on!" said Taff.
Brilliant yesterday, gone today!
As silly had the order read:
The Igorrotes stay in bed!
Or 'Hide their naked, shocking legs
By standing all of them in kegs!'

CANTO V.

ARGUMENT—Hearing the hub-bub, Antonio, the chief, strides from his hut and known to what was wrong. Informed that the Secretary of War had ordered his people put in pants, the chief drew himself up to his full height of 5 feet and 4 inches and began to spile like a six-footer. He protested against the order. He called it "anassinehipeecomeonkeybusiness." The Igorrote word for outrage. He called the pants of his people the dogs-eaters. He said it was the work of some person with a pair of scissibus cadias (dixy locusts) in his paracanthous lobia. He insisted that the Americans were jealous of the Igorrote's shape. Then he swore five skeins of Igorrote catas, and shouted: "If you put pants on me you'll have to make them of case-hardened metal and rivet them at the seams! I have spoken."

A STOUNDED by the tribe's lament, Antonio, the chieftain, went to ascertain what circumstances Aggrieved them so. When told that pants were soon to hide the graceful limb, the brown, firm, his eye grew dim. The brown, firm, his eye grew dim. His was the chieftain's part to keep Courage bold and manly west in the Igorrote breast. Carramba! Let the women wail.

Says Antonio, Chief
of the Dog Eaters:
"If You Put Pants
on Me You'll Have
to Make Them
Case-Hardened Metal,
Copper Riveted
at the Seams."

But let the man of valor rail!
Above the tumult of lament,
Above his voice, in anger spent:
"Arise, my men! Renew the dance!
Let Sirens sing! Confound the pants!
They'll not be so unduly housed;
But, damme, sirs, they'll wait till hell
Becomes one glaring sheet of ice
Before we'll make this sacrifice!
Pants! Now let the air be rent!
We'll shun it in fine contempt!
We'll make a battle cry of it:
Pants for Igorrotes! Nit!

Not on your life! Nay, nay, Paulina,
Not while the red blood runs between
Hearts of jungle! Not while the test
Of conquerors is in the air!
We'll not be so unduly housed;
The motion, boys, for pants is lost.
We'll fight for the brown and naked skin,
Fight with leathern shield and lance
This Armageddon of the pants!"

CANTO VI.

ARGUMENT—The pants order created a furor inside the Igorrote village, but nothing like the sensation it created outside. "Pants for the Igorrotes" shouted the astounded country. "Impossible, we haven't seen them yet!" Instantly there was a rush in the village a rush such as the world has not known since the Barbarians rushed into Rome. "On to the Igorrotes before they get into the pants!" It became the rallying cry of the country. It was a shibboleth to none, for they could all say it, and they all did say it, lustily, smother, as a man who stands upon a high place. This is the situation out there now. Wednesday there were 10,000 paid admissions, twice as many as the village had ever had. Thursday there were even more. Friday there were 12,000. Gov. Wilson is having the pants made—silks trunks. They will be ready within a few days. He says he is not sure the Igorrotes are going to wear them, but he believes the order will be obeyed to avoid trouble. It is said that the Igorrotes are a people who have worn dresses all the time they have been here, and who do not figure in the complaint against the exhibit, are considering measures of retaliation; and will, in the event that their husbands and brothers are compelled to put on pants, demand of the secretary of war that he order President Farnsworth to make the American women at the Fair quit wearing the low-cut rags.

A LARMED lest they may be too late
To see within his native state
The savage Igorrote who
Only wears a string or two.
To see the little brown man.

"Pray give them just another day
Or pantsless blis! We're on the way!"

"Don't amify their dress too quick!"

"We're coming fast from the Creek!"

"Dear governor, please write and say

What is the last no-pants-on day?"

The order for the pants is in:

The needs dash, the wheel's a-spin;

But if the man who's making them

Wants to loaf a bit-she!

That's all right, just any day!

Don't hurt yourself with hurry, pray

It were a shame to stop the doot

Of money. What a dull, hard the

Receipts will take the day, perchance

The Igorrotes don the pants

Before the man who seeks his size.

The tailor measures "Thirty-three"—

His Igorrote climbs a tree!

"Why should we?" asks Antonio.

"They want to make a holy show

Of us. They want to pen

Up in clothes, and we're free men.

They want to make us go around

With patches on, and be bound

And grieved, as we're supposed to be!"

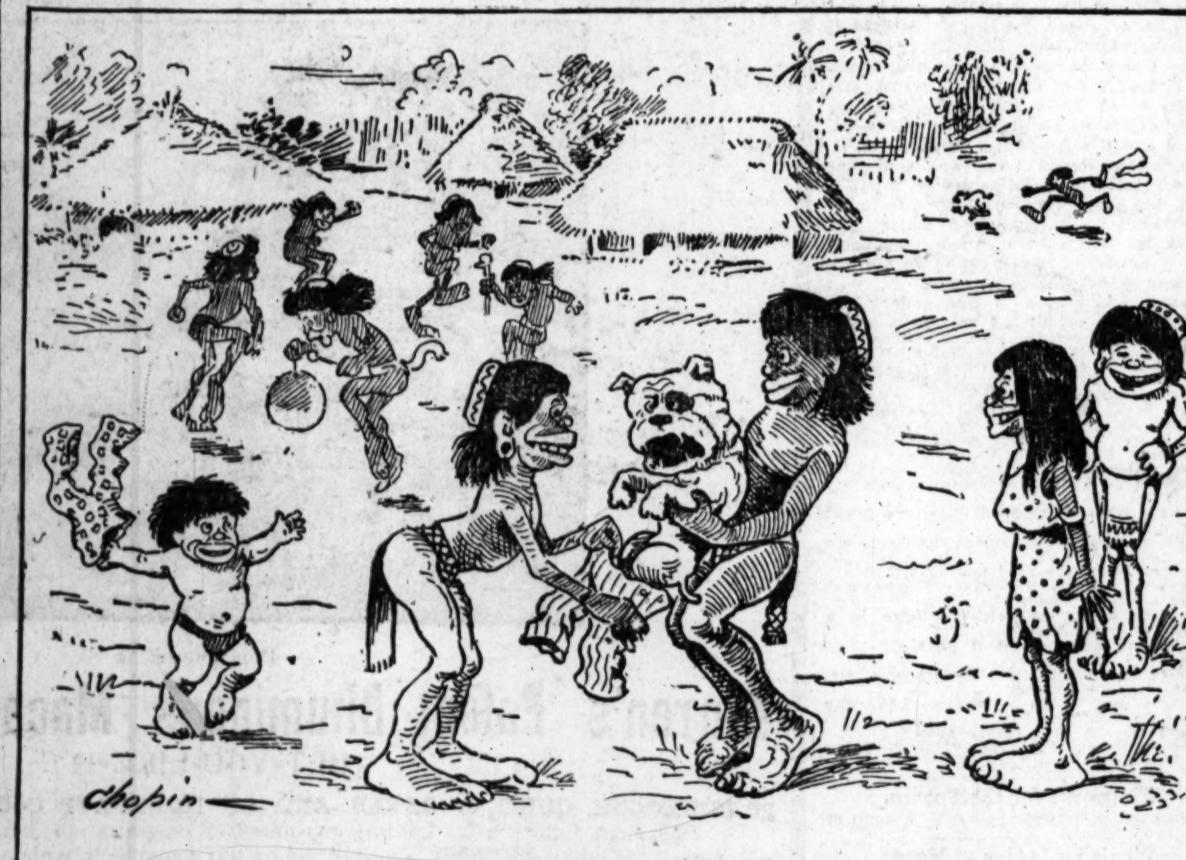
"Dear, the tribal wrath, ferment,

Awh in pants if it needs be,

And then we'll have a burning bee.

Sic semper pantaloons! That's

The way we feel about it. Rata!"



The Pantless Igorrotes "Trying It on the Dog."

The Sunday Post-Dispatch takes pleasure in announcing that a New Series of the Famous

MR. DOOLEY

ARTICLES . . . by Finley Peter Dunne

Whose pungent humor and political satires have never failed to convulse the entire country with laughter, will begin next Sunday, July 10th, in the POST-DISPATCH, and will appear every Sunday thereafter.

The title of the first article will be "THE CARNEGIE HERO FUND."

The Sunday Post-Dispatch

The Carnegie Hero Fund

ORTON TO BEGIN MISSIONARY WORK

II Leave Washington This Week for a Crusade Among Corporations.

SHOW ROOSEVELT IS "SAFE"

Even the Republican Politicians Admit It Is a "Raw Piece of Business."

POST-DISPATCH BUREAU,
1845 Pennsylvania Av.
WASHINGTON, July 2.—Secretary Morton, who was appointed to the mission to do missionary work for Mr. Roosevelt with the railroads and other corporations, intends to lose no time in "making good."

He took office yesterday and did half a day's work today. He will go to Chicago early next week and will be away two or three weeks.

It is officially stated he is going away to close up his railroad and personal affairs.

It is believed that the real purpose of his trip is to work for Roosevelt among the managers and heads of the railroads. His impression is growing that Judge Darling will be the active head of the department under Roosevelt, and that Mr. Morton will devote his attention chiefly to politics.

Secretary Morton assumed charge of the department of commerce and labor this morning. Mr. Cortelyou presented all of the departmental chief, and spent several hours in going over the work of the department with Mr. Morton.

GREAT PIANO SALE NOW GOING ON.

Kieselhorst's Dull-Season Sale of Good Pianos at Sacrifice Prices. YOUR BEST PIANO OPPORTUNITY.

If Money Saving is an Object, You Can't Afford to Miss It.

THE WISE ONES ARE BUYING NOW.

Prices Reduced Nearly Half—Terms Very Easy if Desired—The Best Makes to Select From.

STORE 914 OLIVE ST.

To clear out a large number of odd styles of odd makes of pianos, both new and old, hand, to sit, to rouse piano purchased at a sacrifice price. All are worth out of an ordinarily dull one—that of the purpose of this sale.

It's a winter's day, and it's an event that occurs once a year, and the piano-buying public in and around St. Louis have me to know this anniversary, and that is the time of the year to supply the family with an instrument.

Odd makes of pianos—in tone, action and case designs—are being offered right now at even less, in many instances, than the previous year. Some are new, but slightly case-worn from shop, etc., etc., are being cleared out at about 50% of the previous year's price.

You have a choice of many of the finest now in the market, including the famous small pianos. Hallett & Davis (one of oldest in the business), Duren & Son, Hardman, Bohner, Whitney, Steinway, F. C. Light, Knabe, Cable, etc., all at sacrifice prices, but most of them are. All are marked in plain figures, at greatly reduced prices.

MEDIUM GRADE UPRIGHTS.

2200 uprights, now \$10 to \$160.

2270 uprights, now \$10 to \$160.

2350 uprights, now \$10 to \$160.

235

able
stories
from
EuropeSENT BY SUNDAY
POST-DISPATCH
CORRESPONDENTSTWO AMERICAN
GIRLS IN PARIS
SNAPSHOTTEDUnconventional Poses Photo-
graphed by Reporter
Who Tailed Them
for a Day.DAUGHTERS OF "GEHL,"
A "TOBACCO KING"Interesting Interview With the
Elder Created by the
Camera and Pen
Genius.Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.
(Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.)

PARIS, July 2.—A French writer who has been

studying the American art of interviewing with-
out a master, chose for subjects two girls, "veryrich but charming" daughters of an American
manufacturer, named Gehl, and took the "copy"

to a woman's periodical.

He had followed the young women about for a
day with a camera and had made snapshots of
them in scenes which elicited the admiration of
French spectators. In one picture the sisters
were shown, demurely riding a camel at an
exhibition of animals. In another they were sit-
ting together in a theater box without chaperons
or other escort.Here is a translation of some of the words
put into the mouth of the elder sister, the spoke-
woman for both:"Paris is the most beautiful of all cities. Lon-
don, for us Americans, is only a big village,
without originality, since one speaks no other
language there than ours.""Another indispensable consequence that it is
to be in Paris is that the Paris is the city of
the arts. Art in France is not, as with us, a
newcomer. Everywhere one finds it: in the muse-
ums and mountains, in the Parisian daily life,
under the form of good taste.""As soon as we landed my sister and I were
struck with the elegance of all the women with-
out exception. Sumptuous elegance, modest ele-
gance, poor elegance-elegance!"The invisible dressmaker who designs all Paris
dresses—she call it chic. I find that it is an
ugly little word which does not translate well
into French. It is admirable in this superior attraction."Yes, there exists a sort of taste, inherent artistic
quality, in all that is Parisian—special smile,
if you wish. Even, every here has something
prettier than elsewhere, and the light of France
is one of the softest of heaven.""My sister and I are very fond of music and
of taking walks and rides. We take singing les-
sons from Prof. Clarke, who accompanies us on
a piano formerly owned by Shyli Sanderson."We admire the Eiffel Tower and adore the
Boulevard. The Eiffel Tower is a true
Frenchwoman and a genuine citizen of Paris; but
in her ascendancy there is something evidently
American.""If we love the Eiffel Tower with all the na-
tional forces of our being, the Boulevard is the
great friend of our heart. Where in the world are
more ravishing walks? If you want solitude, you
have it at the Boulevard; if you want society,
you can have it there. Then one can
have long walks there and go rowing.""The Gehl found difficulties with the language,
albeit the reporter's gallant assurance that
spoke it perfectly. One trouble was that "the
rich" have so many "made" expressions.""The Gehl is represented as saying:
simply currently, the expressions, kings of
the steel, etc., for Americans. That is a
expression; it is not in the least Ameri-
can. As soon as there is question of a rich
man, you must crown him. Thus, I am
you will speak of our father as 'King of
the people' are very queer. They love to
a whole race in one type, and this type
is blushed, with more smirch very often than
try by force to fit the numerous in-
habitants constitute a race. Their precise
loves, it loves it so much it
wherever it goes.""For the French, there is only one
setting: she is very extravagant; she
what is extraordinary and startling.
Eclecticism—there is the domain
loves, without my respect, con-
sideration. She is a
more

British Women Who Occupy Prominent Positions at King Edward's

MRS. J. J. ASTOR'S
LONDON TRIUMPHTOLSTOI NOT BRILLIANT
IN YOUTH AS STUDENT
— Won in a Month Distinction
Waldorf Astors Have Not
Gained in Years
Gained in Effort.Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.
(Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.)

MOSCOW, July 2.—A student who did not shine

as students can, comfort themselves with some

recollections of Tolstoi's university life just pub-
lished. This Friend of His Fellow Men presentedhimself in 1884 for examination to enter the Uni-
versity of Kuzan. The mark of highest profi-
ciency in a study was 5. In religion, Tolstoi got 4;
Latin, 2; Arabic, 5; ancient history, 1; history of
the middle ages, 1; modern history, 1; Russian history, 1; universal geography, 1; Russian statistics,
1; general statistics, 1; Russian statistics.To his intense shame, Tolstoi was refused admis-
sion to the university. But he passed a sup-
plementary examination and then began his bens-
tient career.

The men have raved about her, and there was

the keenest competition to join the motor parties

which included Mrs. Astor, of which there were

several, to pretty spots in the southern counties.

There was no interchange of civilities between

her and the Astors. Waldorf Astor, however, she at-
tained a special distinction in a month by her

charm, fascination and stateliness which her

cousins have never achieved in years of painful

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CAN'T PUT MY LADIES IN SACKS, SAYS KAISERIN

Empress of Germany Laughs at the Efforts of Dress Reformers, Who Seek Her Influence to Popularize Movement.

YOURS IS A LOST CAUSE, SHE TELLS THE INNOVATORS

Red Blouses Are Prohibited by the Sultan in Armenia, as, If Worn by the Women, Abdul Hamid Thinks, They Produce Revolutions.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch. (Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.) BERLIN, July 2.—The Empress of Germany has taken a stand against the reform dress. One of her court ladies was trying to convert her to the innovation, only, when the Empress suavely ended the discussion with the remark:

"Yours is a lost cause, my dear. Nothing could induce me to consent to put my poor court ladies in sacks, even though they be made of silk and lace."

It is said that the report of the efforts of German girl art students in Paris to introduce the costume has gone far to influence the Empress. The students are greeted with suppressed laughter and over frank male comments wherever they go.

SULTAN FORBIDS ARMENIAN WOMEN TO WEAR RED BLOUSES

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch. (Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.) CONSTANTINOPLE, July 2.—A special decree of the Sultan has rigorously forbidden the Armenian women to wear red blouses. Abdul Hamid believes the blouse symbolizes the massacre of the Armenians in Basra, and is calculated to provoke insurrection. The edict is said to be deeply resented by the women, who fondness for the colors of their national costume is well known.

TURQUOISE-STUDDED COLLAR FULL DRESS FOR PARIS DOGS

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch. (Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.) PARIS, July 2.—Fashionable dogs in Paris are distinguished by modish collars, which are as much d'rigueur in the犬界 as in the human. A bulldog arrays himself in a very large red collar, studded with gold nails and bordered with beaver—something new in Paris this season, but infinitely becoming.

The fox terrier is quieter in his tastes, and confines himself to browns and yellows.

Pen 5 o'clock the latest agony for all dogdom is the dull white leather collar, which is now turning up. Arctic democratic canines assume this for swagger ceremonies in the social world.

WOMEN TAKING PLACES WITH MEN IN SWITZERLAND

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch. (Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.) GENEVA, Switzerland, July 2.—The medical colleges of the five Swiss universities have more women than men. The reports for the year show 800 women to 765 men. The number of women students is 1,500, and the number of men students at Lausanne, 171; at Geneva, 151. At Geneva women have just been permitted to practice law. Miss Nelly Favre is the pioneer woman attorney.

LIBELED DUCHESS GAINS VINDICATION

Editor Sierka Sent to Prison for Printing Insinuating Report About Duchess Sophie.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch. (Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.) BRUNSWICK, Prussia, July 2.—The editor of the Brunswick Landeszeitung, Dr. Eugene Sierka, has been convicted of libeling Duchess Sophie Charlotte of Prussia, a sister of the reigning grand duke and woman of considerable personal attraction, and has been sentenced to four months' imprisonment. The trial was held behind closed doors, the public being excluded. Sierka, who got his news from some high authority on affairs of the duchy, declined to tell the name of his informant and refused to withdraw the charge, insisting that it is true.

The article made no explicit charge, but the impression it gives is that for grave reasons the duchess was obliged to go to the Riviera until an important event took place. A comparison is drawn between the duchess and two princesses of the Mecklenburg-Strelitz house, who are said to have had similar misfortunes of late.

The Duchess Sophie Charlotte is 25 years old and unmarried. Her advisers, the reigning grand duke among them, thought it desirable to institute this suit to clear her character.

For months past the name of Baron Von Plettenberg, who holds an official position in Washington, has been connected with the duchess. She showed a strong liking for the baron, through her influence. It is said, he rose rapidly in the service.

The counsel for Dr. Sierka pleaded that the love of the duchess for this noblemen could only reflect credit on both and that to condemn them names in this affair was the best. But the court held that the evidence was sufficient to reflect dishonor on the duchess, and she was sentenced to four months' imprisonment.

This judgment aroused a storm of indignation among the people, the number of whose women is as dear to them as is the honor of royal houses to the rulers of Prussia.

Dr. Sierka will appeal to the highest court in the empire, but the decision of the court of appeals, certainly will not be reversed as things are now.

Mal. Gen. Schleiter testified at the trial that he saw the duchess daily on the Riviera during the time, and that Sierka's allegations were untrue.

Longevity of Animals.
The camel is said to live 60 years; the horse, 30; the ox, 20; the cat, 10; the dog, and, although the allotted span of man given as 70 years, the dog is said to live 100 when properly taken care of. This unequalled creature made you very hot portions.

WOMEN PRAISE PE-RU-NA.

For Diseases Peculiar to Their Sex There is no Medicine That Gives Such Universally Good Results.

The Actress and the Housewife Rely Upon Pe-ru-na.

Miss Zelma Rawlston, 8 W. 29th St., New York City, writes:

"For over a year I have used Peruna, and find it all you claim for it. I shall take great pleasure in recommending it to my professional friends."—Zelma Rawlston.

Peruna seems so admirably adapted to catarrhal troubles of women that it rarely fails to instantly relieve and promptly cure. No sooner does a woman begin to take Peruna than she feels that a cure is in sight.

Sometimes it is necessary to take it for weeks and even months, but the good effect becomes apparent at once and gradually continues until a cure is perfected.



Miss Zelma Rawlston, 8 W. 29th St., New York City, writes:

"I took Peruna for two months according to directions for cessation of the menses and found that it restored the natural functions of the system which had ceased on account of getting my feet wet and catching cold and which caused intense pains. It also toned up my system and made me feel much better and stronger, so that I feel in duty bound to say a good word for it. I shall cheerfully recommend it to my friends and am sure that they will all be pleased with the results, if it helps them as it did me."—Miss Zelma Rawlston.

Thousands of testimonials to this effect are in our possession. Mrs. H. A. S. Marsh, president Women's Benevolent Assn., No. 237 Jackson Park Terrace, Chicago, Ill.

Mr. Bobb-Decker, attorney-at-law of Kansas City, Kan.

Mrs. Cal. Hamilton of Columbus, O.

Mrs. Theophile Schmitt, wife of the ex-secretary of the German consulate, of Chicago, Ill.

Miss Lucy Clark, Farmington, Utah, vice-president Utah State Council of Women.

Mrs. Verona E. Roach, wife of late Senator Roach of Larimore, N. D.

Mrs. Gen. James Longstreet of Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Grisley, mother of Capt. Gridley of the U. S. cruiser Olympia.

Noted Women Who Use Pe-ru-na.

Belva Lockwood, Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Lucy Clark, Farmington, Utah.

vice-president Utah State Council of Women.

Mrs. Verona E. Roach, wife of late Senator Roach of Larimore, N. D.

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Mrs. Grisley, mother of Capt. Gridley of the U. S. cruiser Olympia.

The good that Peruna has accomplished in this class of cases can scarcely be overestimated.

Peruna does not relieve these cases by temporarily mitigating some symptom, but by a radical cure. Many women do not permanently cure. A large majority of women are constantly going from doctor to doctor to receive local treatment, with little or no result.

In Peruna these women find a prompt and permanent cure. Thousands upon

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Is Instantly Purified by Liquozone.

Bad Water

THE FULL RECEIPT, FULL DIRECTIONS and DESCRIPTIVE BOOK FREE---SEND ADDRESS TODAY.

New Improved Method that Cures All Nervous Diseases that Exhaust the Vital Powers of Men—Gives the Vigor and Inclination of Men of 25 to Men of 65 and Cures Permanently.

For the benefit of male readers young and old who find themselves weak in vital function, the well known Dr. Knapp Medical Co. of Detroit, Michigan, will send their famous receipt and full directions how to cure yourself at home, free of charge. It is not necessary to write a full letter, as they send it as soon as they receive your name and address. Wonderful improvements have been made in this famous receipt until it now positively gives the longed-for effect in only one day's use, and cures permanently in half the time required by any other method that we have ever heard of. It is a lasting cure for any form of wasting drains, vital weakness, lack of staying power, bashfulness and timidity, puny organs, prematurity, dissatisfaction, varicose, stricture and all other embarrassing conditions that interfere. With the newly discovered ingredients that have lately been added this wonderful receipt it is indeed worth having. It goes direct to the weakened parts, makes the muscles firm, the nerves steady and has a vitalizing effect on the glands and mucous membranes so that a cure is certain.

You know best if you need it or not, and if you do, lose no time in getting it, for the sooner you write the sooner you will be cured.

The address is Dr. Knapp Medical Co., 1767 Hull Building, Detroit, Mich. The new re-

ceipt with full directions how to cure yourself privately at home and a book that goes

into the subject thoroughly will be mailed you at once in a plain sealed package free of charge. You will not be asked to deposit any money or to pay for it in any way. It is absolutely free; and as it can cost you nothing you should send for it without further delay and find out for yourself that it can cure you.

For the benefit of male readers young and old who find themselves weak in vital

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OK MARRIAGE SHOWS NINE TIMES

WHEAT HARVEST IS DELAYED

Once Each From Four, Re-married and Divorced Again From Two.

X HUSBANDS: 17 CHILDREN

A H. Now Wedded Man to Whom She Was Engaged When a Girl.

HARRISBURG, Neb., July 2.—A matrional record presumably without a parallel in the annals of this or any other civilized country has been made by a woman of 21, who has been married three times, sold her ranch in Scott's Bluff County, north of here, and gone East to live with a man to whom she was recently married in fulfillment of a promise she made to him when they were lad and lass in Ireland.

She has earned the distinction of having given the marriage vows nine times, of having been taken to wife by seven men, having been divorced from four, of having remarried and been twice divorced from two, and of having the 17 children of all these by every one of these seven husbands, the husband with whom she is now living. She is the mother of 17 children, nine sons and eight daughters, all of whom are now living and all but three of whom are children of their own.

Ann Moore was born and reared in a family in the north of Ireland, and was brought to the United States and country last year. The lads were in with and paid court to her. Thomas was the first to win her, and when he did, she early plighted her troth. But Thomas was poor and unable to support a family, so he left her soon after his engagement. The young couple was undivided, she was brought by her parents to the country. Thomas and Ann had each the same name, and the two young stations of love and fidelity on the part of both of them and with the promise on the part of the wife that she should come over the sea and take her to wife.

Separated/From Thomas

By a Misunderstanding.

From New York, where they landed, the parents and their only child made their way direct to a village in northern Ohio.

Letters from the home came regularly, and the mother from her son regularly for a few months. Then it subsided.

Doubtless no serious consequences did have flowed from the misunderstanding, but the young couple did not see the Moore set out for the West and woman set out for Ohio to join them.

The young man and the excitement of getting away from home took the atmosphere where to forward their mail. It came about that when a letter came from the mother, it was sent to the post office, to whom it had to be sent to a dead letter office, and that when the young man arrived at the door, it was his sweetheart had gone away, that nobody knew whither. Well-nigh broken, he set out in search of his beloved, but was further struck by the weather.

He was soon compelled to abandon it and work to earn for himself a living. Ann was soon compelled to earn for herself, and had to sell her mail to the postmaster where to forward their mail, and that was the beginning of a long and weary road.

The young man, who was a man of great heart, but had no money, was compelled to turn to whatever offered.

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T. TOLSTOI RAIGNS THE CZAR OF RUSSIA

This Unfortunate Young Man Is Continually Deceived and Compelled to Contradict Himself," Says the Old Philosopher.

"SWEPT OFF HIS FEET BY RED LUST OF CONQUEST."

"Blesses and Thanks Troops He Calls His Own for Murder in Defense of Lands Which, With Still Less Right, He Calls His Own."

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch. (Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.)

LONDON, July 2.—Again war, again sufferings necessary to nobody, utterly uncalled for. Again afraid. Again the universal stupefaction and brutalization of men are opening words of the powerful indictment of the Russo-Japanese war by Count Leo Tolstoi, occupying ten columns of the Times. He fearlessly impeaches the Czar, saying: "I am compelled to do it."

The unfortunate, entangled young man, recognized as the leader of 130,000,000 people, is continually deceived and compelled to contradict himself. He confidently thinks and blesses the troops, whom he calls his own, for murder in defense of lands which with less right he calls his own. All present to such other hideous ikons in which not only no one among the educated believe, but which the uneducated permit is begin to be seen. He bows down to the ground before these ikons, kiss them, pronounce pompous and deceitful speeches in which no one really believes.

"Wealthy people contribute insignificant portions of their immovable acquired riches for this cause of murder or in the organization of help in connection with the work of murder, while the poor, from whom the world annually collects two millions, deem it necessary to do likewise, giving their all also."

"The government invites, encourages crowds of idlers, who walk about the streets with the Czar's portrait, singing and shouting 'hurrah,' and under the pretense of patriotism are licensed in all kinds of excesses."

"All over Russia, from the palace to the remotest village, the pastors of churches calling themselves Christians appeal to the Czar, who has enjoined love to one's enemies, and to God of love himself, to help the work of devil, to further the slaughter of men."

"Even the Czar, notwithstanding his professions of peace, and swept off his feet by the red lust of conquest and the plea that while the abolition of war is desirable, it is impossible. Like the soldier, he will be astonished at the question whether war is now necessary. He does not even understand the idea of the war fight to be arrested. He will say he cannot refrain from fulfilling that which is demanded of him by the whole nation, that, although he does recognize war as a great evil, he has used and is ready to use all possible means for its abolition; in the present case he could not help declaring war and cannot help continuing it; it is necessary for the welfare and glory of Russia."

"The Czar, who is in constant and continued. Loot, violence, murder, hypocrisy, etc., above all this most fearful fraud and distortion of religious teachings, both Christian and Buddhist, continues. The Czar, chief responsible person, continues to review the troops, to thank and reward and encourage them. He issues an edict for calling out of reserves. His faithful subjects again and again lay down their property and their lives at the feet of him they call only with their lips their adored monarch."

"Now the soldiers, the military, who in the way of their profession prepare for murder, are all enlightened people, such as professors, social reformers, students, nobles and merchants without being forced thereby to anything or anyone, express the most bitter contemptuous feeling toward the Japanese, English or Americans, toward whom but yesterday they were either well-disposed or indifferent, while without the least compulsion they express the most abject servile feelings toward the Czar, to whom, to say the least, they are completely determined, forcing him to sacrifice their lives in his interest."

This indignant outpouring is treated by the military press here with derision as well as contempt, but Thomas Hardy, the famous novelist, endeavored to commend it to civilization, though people by shouting."

"I should like to be allowed space to express, in the fewest words, my views of Count Tolstoi's philosophic sermon on the war of conquest. I have shown the nature of the extravagances to which the world has become accustomed in Tolstoi's later works, and the exhibition of his and there no coherence as a moral system."

"Many people may object to the second half of the dissertation that the special application is to Russia in the present case, in which I can say nothing. Others may be able to see the advantage in the writer's argument, but I do not. I do not believe in the past ages; but surely all these objections should be brushed by his great argument. Even the old adage, 'Foolish consistency is hidden by the bias of story that she is from his masterly general indictment of war as a masterly principle, with all its nonsensical illogical reasoning.'

Much Safer.

We approached the Czar. "You do not seem worried because the Russian fleet is bottled up?" we interrogated.

The Czar smiled a wan smile. "My dear friend," he said slowly, "don't you know, our ships are like wine; the longer they are bottled the better."

What Day of the Week?

Ob. 22, 1878, fall on Saturday. A ready-made calendar for ascertaining any day of the week for any given time within 20 years to 1935 will be found page 23 of the Post-Dispatch edition of the World for 1904, which may be had at the patch counter room for 25 cents, talk for 25 cents. It also contains astronomical calendar for 1904, dates, lists of holidays, etc.

Savings Accounts

Opened on or before the 5th of any month bear interest from the 1st of that month. Start an account at once and have your money work for you.

3% on Savings Accounts

NOTICE:—Monday, July 4th, being a legal holiday, our Savings Department will be open till 8 p. m. on TUESDAY, JULY 5th.

LINCOLN TRUST CO.
SEVENTH AND CHESTNUT STREETS

ELEGANT LAWN SWINGS FOR 10 DAYS ONLY, \$1

To introduce them. Prepare to distract. Can you afford to be without this beautiful two-passenger swing AT THIS PRICE? It is nicely painted in two colors. Not affected by the weather. This is not an ordinary, cheap, wooden affair, but a first-class steel article.

Send by express or postoffice order. Write your address plainly. Your order will be acknowledged by return mail.

NOTICE:—Only one swing sold in St. Louis. Above swing is for children. Length 5 ft. 6 in. Weight 52 lbs. as long as they last. Cost, \$6.00 to \$8.00 at stores.

AMERICAN SWING CO., DEPT. J., MILWAUKEE, WIS.

DR. A. L. HOOD OPHTHALMOLOGIST LATE OF BOSTON, MASS.

Past President of Wagner Institute, Washington, D. C., now with

DR. ELLA HUNT, Osteopath, will make

FREE EXAMINATIONS OF THE EYES

FROM 9 A. M. TO 12 M. DAILY.
FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY.

Note—We successfully treat Cataracts, Cross-Eyes, Atrophy of the Optic Nerve, Astigmatism, etc., without knife or medicine.

4th Floor Equitable Building, 6th and Locust.

HOTELS AND SUMMER RESORTS.



HOTEL NORTHERN

Newly furnished. European. W. T. & J. T. BOYLE, Proprietors. N. W. Corner Fourth and Walnut Sts. Opened June 1, 1904. Rates \$12 to \$22 per day. Special rates to parties. Market st. car line direct to hotel from Union Station. Direct car lines to World's Fair Grounds.

Saratoga. The Grand Union

For Booklet and Particulars, address WOOLLEY & GERRANS, Proprietors, Saratoga, N. Y. Also, the HOTEL MARIE ANTOINETTE, Broadway, 66th to 67th St., New York City.

CHAIN O' LAKES

WAUPACA, WIS.
The Grand View Hotel and Cottages.

The Grand View Hotel and Cottages.

OPEN JUNE 10 TO OCTOBER 15.

Fine golf links, tennis, boating, swimming, trap shooting. Music room and orchestra. L. W. MAXSON, Mgr.

MUDLAVIA

This great resort open the year round. Combines rest, health and pleasure. Located on the lake, just across from St. Louis, near Attica, Ind. Justices Chicago & Eastern, Illinois and Wabash railroads. Nature's greatest curative. Delightful sea bathing. Water temperature unknown. Home of all varieties of shell fish. Special rates for 10 days. L. W. MAXSON, Prop., P. O. Box 518, Holland Blvd., St. Louis, or 155 Summer St., Boston.

KENT HOUSE.

Lakewood-on-Lake Chautauqua, New York.

OPEN JUNE 10 TO OCTOBER 15.

Fine golf links, tennis, boating, swimming, trap shooting. Music room and orchestra. L. W. MAXSON, Mgr.

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DON'T MARK, D'YOU?

Don't mark, d'you? What you see clearly what's in your pocket.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

ST. LOUIS, SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 8, 1904.

PAGES 1-12

JO.

THE
Post-Dispatch
JULY 3.

54-PAGES-54

Regular 4-Page Colored
Weekly, and 10-Page Magazine,
With Half-Tone and Line

IN SIX PARTS.

AND NEWS FEATURES.

BE SURE
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SAYS HE DOESN'T WANT ANY CHAIRMANSHIP OR OTHER

K-SEN. DAVIS FAVORS CLEVELAND PLATFORM

it Virginia Delegate Is Cousin of Senator Gorman, and as Succeeded in Senate by His Republican Son-in-Law.

gious among the West Virginia delegates at the Jefferson is former United Senator Henry G. Davis.

Davis is probably the oldest delegate convention, being 81. He is certainly the last delegate who is taking an active part in the convention preliminaries.

His age, Mr. Davis, tends to give him in the campaign prominence which he will be the Democratic candidate for governor of West Virginia.

These are only a few of Mr. Davis' actions. He is a cousin of Senator and the father-in-law of United Senator Stephen B. Elkins of West Virginia. He is said to be the only man who was ever succeeded in the Senate by a successor of opposite political faith.

Mr. Davis is regarded as the leading Oregon representative on the score of the coming conflict. The veteran campaigner is coy, however, and declines to discuss his distinguished cousin's chances, plans or ambitions. He is, however, the most active man in the West Virginia delegation, and stirs about the hotel as lively as any man whom the convention has attracted to St. Louis.

Mr. Davis, a member of the convention of 1884 that nominated Cleveland.

"The nominee of 1884 is good enough for me," he said, "and I like the platform."

"Why?" asked a Missouri man.

"Because," replied the veteran, "I was on the same committee that drafted it."

Mr. Davis is a millionaire. He is popular in a degree in West Virginia, and there is no younger man who is considered to be in the running for the Democracy for the nominee of the St. Louis convention this year.

PLATFORM MAKER PRAISES ST. LOUIS MINT JULEPS.

The Hon. John Sharp Williams, formerly of the Jefferson Hotel, was a man with a silver mine in his hand, here was a bunch of mint juleps on the top of the mug.

Mr. Williams, who was a delegate from Mississippi, was digging in deep content. "If I had known he mint juleps were so good here I would have brought the Mississippi delegation up this way ago."

FRERY BELMONT'S FATE IS TO BE MISUNDERSTOOD.

The Hon. Perry Belmont of New York had a bad quarter of an hour yesterday afternoon.

At 3 o'clock he received a telegram from a friend in New York saying he had been quoted in New York paper to the effect that he did not think Parker would be nominated, and that he thought Belmont would be.

Mr. Belmont gasped. Then he rushed to the telephone and wrote this telegram to his friend:

"Statement absolutely without foundation. Please advise me of my nomination. Parker's nomination assured."

Mr. Belmont was agitated, naturally, and he wrote hurriedly. After he had sent his telegram he thought it best to let it read to him.

"Please read it to me," he said.

The clerk read it to him and with much

"Statement absolutely without foundation. Please advise me of my nomination. Parker's nomination—Parker's nomination absurd."

Mr. Belmont's moans of anguish at

"DELAY THE GAME!" CRIED GEN. MILES

When the Prohibitionists Would not Wait Until After the Democratic Convention He Refused to Be That Party's Candidate.

By a Special Correspondent of the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 2.—The convention of the national Prohibition party just closed.

It was to the convention for the nomination of Gen. Nelson A. Miles. Never

before did the party have before it the

name of a man with such a wide and favorable reputation. However, it was not

merely the mention of Gen. Miles' name

that lent interest to the convention. It was

the course pursued by the soldier in re

gard to the nomination and the night made

when the matter was first made public

a suggestion of Gen. Miles for the head

of the Prohibition ticket was generally

well received by members of the party, for

they thought it quite an honor to have a

follower of such prominence. But the re

luctance with which Gen. Miles allowed him

to be mentioned and the caution with

which he made statements concerning the

leaders of the party, and the reason

why Gen. Miles' name was not mentioned

in the convention was that in the

name of the general would not have plain

ing.

The general could neither be heard from

nor seen, and the feeling began to grow

that he was not very anxious for the nomi

nation, and consequently the disposition to

let him begin to decline.

Mr. C. M. Stewart, of St. Louis, who

arrived here an hour ago

on a mission from the general, said

that the general had never

urged himself on Prohibition principles

would not do. John G. Wooley of Chi

co kept the Miles boom going, and de

clined that all that was needed was to

be the general's name in nomination,

right set down to a contest between

Miles and anti-Miles crowds, no one

but Miles being especially strong,

and there were eight or ten candidates

for the presidency.

Gen. Miles' Letter

asked Delay.

This stage of the game a bomb was

thrown into the ranks of the Miles con

vention when it was learned that on June 30

Wooley had received a letter from Gen.

Nothing was known of this letter

but that it was from a delegate from New

C. M. Head, who had seen a copy

letter in New York a few days be

an inquiry.

TWO FORMER U. S. SENATORS TALK OF OTHER DAYS.



Frank G. Cannon of Utah, on the left, and William V. Allen on the right.

MISSOURI TO JOIN PARKER MOVEMENT

220 POLICEMEN GUARD PR

Hiss Passage Across Hedged by Protective Chars

MEMBERS ARE CONSERVATIVE

At Caucuses Today and Tuesday Action of State's Representatives Will Be Determined.

Special to the Post-Dispatch
OYSTER BAY, N. Y., July 3.—Senator Roosevelt, on his way from W. Oyster Bay, passed across the mainland of the Cockrell movement at a conference to be held today at the Southern Hotel.

The governor remarked to the Post-Dispatch last night that he thought Senator Cockrell had a fighting chance of capturing the nomination, and said:

"I do not think the friends of any candidate can say that he is certain to be nominated, at least not at this time. It is a free-for-all skirmish and we are confident the supporters of Senator Cockrell will make a fine showing in the convention."

The route across town was the point where he would do his arrival and departure.

The only belligerent who

denied the squad was

more than 100 men.

The police force from the precincts and from the police were distributed along the curbs, but were allowed to do

as soon as the presidential

but the police and detect

that are insignificant, the Oyster

coast was the thing of the

Albion, torn by contests

in his history by contests

Oyster Bay's success

in music and flags and flowers

train bearing the distinguished

name of nation builders,

booming of which now and the

music of the Oyster Bay

Albion, torn by contests

Theodore Roosevelt Republic

carried through its welcome

For the first time in the Presi

tical career, however, he did

not do so well but he did

MISSIONS WORLD WAR RESPONDENTS

Reheaded and Stroll-
Manchu Tombs Amuses
at Mukden, Where
News of the Conflict.

ON SPECTACLE COMMON ONE THERE

are Thus Punished but,
Thousands of Heads Are
Every Year, the Ancient
Robbery Flourishes.

J. WHIGMAN,
President of the New York
Post-Dispatch and London
Morning Post.
to the Press Publishing Co.)
Manchuria, May 8.—There
are the assembled
news of the
Muksen. The first
news of the early Manchus
is to attend a Chinese ex-
ecution.

news probably will satisfy the
news after separation, but I
do not know what we should do
now.

We great burial places within
Muksen, the northern tombs
in three miles from the outer
city, and the eastern perhaps
at distance away.

It is not exactly like a
action to stand one's affairs
in the same way, the reality is not
so such charm at least, as
for in dusty, windy Man-

or so northwest of the
town comes the railway,
and according to agree-
wide sweep so as to leave
dragon in peace, but now hugs
capital closely. The Muksen
vases some 20 miles
the Chinese have his body and
not carefully so that there
stake as to his whereabouts:
hurried
lair.

once to a Chinese of
little time like a railway,
so as to be large, a
Chinaman rolled that a
certain small thing for
but that just as a pin, though
distant weapon, will irritate a
constantly being run into him,
constantly passing through
of the dragon's anatomy may
much inconvenience. However,
the railroads are in
the same time the dragon has
on just as peacefully as ever,
and the railway a grassy plain
to the north and west,
a great straight gallery of two
almost any direction, and then
wood, from whose dark depths
yellow-tiled kiosks mark the
old Manchu Emperors lie
here is no longer any proper ap-
tomb. A strutting cart
from the plain through the
wood to where an old stone
dred swamp betray the rem-
ain.

arch stands in front of the
which gives admission to a
large stone bridge which is
lined on each side with an-
stone—the intention at least
was to represent animals—
end of the avenue comes a sec-
tially, giving access to the inner
is entirely stone paved with
Kloks at each of the four
out that in contact there is a
a semi-circular
a huge tumulus the actual tomb
and, behind that beyond the
artificial like the hill of coal at
which is supposed to protect the
arrows against the bad influence
of air and water.

ge From
Curious Strong.

A charm of the tombs lies not in
singular or architectural features
but in the shade of the great pine
in the surrounding woods, which is
audding crowd, which is exceed-
in the thickly packed inquisitive

You may ride out in the cool of
spring, stretching your pony's legs
the grass plain, and then while you
dust the great trees of the outer
your boy who has followed you
on the ground, and a silent
within miles of your camping
except the few ancient priests who
are still in the field, will be cooling
for the rare visitor's tea.

On the ground, no Chinese
within miles of your camping
except the few ancient priests who
are still in the field, will be cooling
for the rare visitor's tea.

the war, we hear nothing about
Muksen. At New Chwang was at least
the news of the conflict, and told us what was going
out our immediate neighborhood, but in
there is an even that source
of information, great and small,
and here within a few miles of
and here within a few miles of
the true Oriental temper. If the gun
hunting at Liao-Yang tomorrow, we
picnic peacefully at the Piehling
and, come back, and argue about
our way home, and argue about
the specific merits of our Mongolian
in the evening.

to the
tion Grounds.

our purpose is on the execution
it may seem a barbarous thing to
steal out in the afternoon to see
and cut off in cold blood, but on
a few persons will resist the
novel experiment, and it is every way typical

of the way the world is run.

of anything unusual being about to happen.
The visitors have almost made up their minds to go away when there is a sudden rush of Chinese from the gate of the mud wall. They come swarming over the mud wall almost immediately by a great procession advancing at a rapid walk, with trumpeters a front and two black banners bearing a conchoidal inscription in large white characters.

The gate is only a few hundred yards from the entrance, and the banners have hardly snapped once at the procession before the mounted Chinese officials have formed a line, and the crowd has stopped. Behind them have pushed back the throng of spectators, and the tumult, a rough chink, can be driven into the crowd. Immediately the trumpet blow, and the victim is pushed from the cart to the ground, a miserable creature stripped to the waist with his hands on his feet and his arms bound tightly behind.

Kodaks Leveled
at the Executioners.

"Tscha" ("Get out of the way") says the chief of the executioners, and the cameras are leveled at the executioner, who seems to have sprung out of the ground, raises the great sword.

The victim turns with a laugh and an incoherent chatter to the crowd, then falls to the ground.

The sword descends with a "chug," as a gleam of white bone rings with red, a second stroke finishes the work, and the executioner jumps quickly away to avoid the rush of the crowd.

The trumpeters blow two long dismal notes, the officials spur their ponies to a gallop and pass out of sight through the gate in the mud wall so quickly that one would hardly believe the whole business an optical illusion.

After playing housekeeper for some time, the executioner is rapidly carried out by the trumpeters, and the crowd follows him in a rush, and the executioner is lost to the eye.

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CHILD OF 12 CLAIMS THE BABY SHE FOUND

Little Josephine Argues That If It
Were a Penny None Would
Question Her Title.

BUT A POLICEMAN TOOK IT

She Tried to Kidnap It From Hos-
pital, but Nurse Caught Her and
Her Heart Is Breaking.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, July 2.—Twelve-year-old
Josephine, who was left alone in her
house on the second floor of a tenement at 413 East Eighteenth street on Thurs-
day night while her mother went shopping.

The boy, who was 12, was a
second stroke finishes the work, and the
executioner jumps quickly away to avoid
the rush of the crowd.

The executioner is rapidly carried out by the
trumpeters, and the crowd follows him in a rush, and the executioner is lost to the eye.

The executioner is rapidly carried out by the
trumpeters, and the crowd follows him in a rush, and the executioner

LADY MANAGERS
ADJOURN FOR RESTStrenuous Social and Business Life
Left Behind by All Save
Two Members.

ONE LOST SEVENTEEN POUNDS

After Two Weeks All Will Reassemble in St. Louis for Regular
Meeting.Vacation is on the house of the board
of lady managers and will continue until
time for the next regular board meeting,
July 14.The lady managers, especially those who
have been in St. Louis, for the past two
months, are in need of a rest period. They
have not been away since the Fair opened,
and some of them will need even a minute of
time that lies between now and time for the
meeting.Mrs. Fannie L. Porter of Atlanta, Ga.,
who served as hostess on the committee of
ceremonies in the month of June, de-
parted for her home Friday evening. Mrs.
Minnie P. Ernest went to her home in Alta
Sita, a suburb of East St. Louis, where
she will gain strength for the rest of the
summer.Mrs. Annie McLean Moore of Mount
Pleasant, Tex., has gone to Waukesha
Springs, where she will recuperate from
the heavy sooty strain that she has
been under for two months. Besides tak-
ing an active interest in all the social
functions of the Fair, Mrs. Moore has
given much attention to the
interests of the Texas building.Mrs. William H. Cole of Indianapolis,
420 Berlin avenue. Her brother, J. L.
Fryer of Buffalo, and his sons will be
given two days off. She will attend
the social functions of the Fair, but
the members of the band number 10. The
directors and rurales make up the remain-
ing 20.

AMATEURS ELECT OFFICERS.

Kansas City Editors Outnumber the
St. Louis Delegation.The first annual convention of the South-
western Amateur Press Association was
held in the library of Convention Hall yester-
day afternoon, this being a part of the
annual meeting of the association.M. A. Thalman of Kansas City was elected
president. The St. Louis delegation was
represented by the following:M. A. Thalman, president, Kansas City;
E. H. Sulter, vice-president, St. Louis;L. A. Wright, official editor, Tuscaloosa,
Mo.; A. M. Adams, treasurer, St. Louis;

W. C. Burton and Ira E. Sney-

ditors.

Kansas City was selected as the next
place of meeting in 1905.An account of the fact that members have
been admitted from the extreme northern
part of the country, an effort was made
to change the name of the association from
"Southwestern" to a more general term,
"Monday morning meeting of the com-
mittee on ceremonies."The members of the board were given
the choice of three cities, and they voted on
the rotating committee and none of them chose the first two weeks of July,
when the convention was to be held.Mrs. William H. Cole of Indianapolis,
treasurer of the board, will come to St.
Louis next week to attend the annual
convention, but it will not be necessary
for her to devote time to the functions of
the board, since she will be none.The members of the board were given
the choice of three cities, and none of them chose the first two weeks of July,
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Louis next week to attend the annual
convention, but it will not be necessary
for her to devote time to the functions of
the board, since she will be none.The strain told on them. One of the
members lost 17 pounds. In view of this
some of the members looked haggard instead of
happy, but when they remembered their vacation and
were happy.

GIVES TEXAS A \$1000 CHECK.

New Orleans Man Increases Hospital-
ity Fund of Lone Star
Commissioners.The Texas commissioners to the Fair
wished there were more R. H. Downmans.
Mr. Downman is a native of Texas,
but at present occupies about the warmest
place in the hearts of the commissioners
of any man.Mr. Downman easily walked into the
boarding Saturday, and after a little
chat with several of the commissioners and
the hostess, he was soon in the social
functions, but he was not in the
strain told on them. One of the
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some of the members looked haggard instead of
happy, but when they remembered their vacation and
were happy.

The strain told on them. One of the

SALE.

Residing
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EXTEN-

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SALE.

MICHOLS OUTGAMES
MR. SELEE'S COLTS

BASEBALL CARDINALS WIN IN NINTH INNING FINISH FROM COLTS

45 INDICTED AS
GAMBLERS IN CHICAGOFAIRBURY WINS
O'FALLON STAKECardinals Break Even on the Series
by Winning in a Nine-Inning Finish.

CHICAGO TEAM OUTBATTED

Jimmy Burke, the Pinch Hitter,
Right to the Front With Hit
When It Was Needed.

In a gallant ninth-inning finish the Cardinals flicked out a victory from under the noses of Selee's Chicago Colts, getting an even break on the four-game series.

The score was 3 to 2.

Nichols simply out-gamed Wicker and the Cardinals out-batted their opponents.

Both teams ran even in the department of base hits up to the ninth inning, when

both had registered five safeties off the

opposing pitcher and both had scored two runs.

It was Homer Smoot's turn to bat when the ninth came and the big centerfielder at last came out of his trance and rapped a pretty single to left. Brain laid down a neat sacrifice, but things looked dark when Bill Dillon came to the plate.

Then "Jimmy" Burke, the pinch-hitter of the camp, came up with the needed hit at the right time, smashing the ball into left for a clean single and Smoot easily came in with the winning run.

"Big Larry" McLean was in the mask and armor behind the plate for the Cardinals and his work with his throwing arm came next costing them the game. Every time McLean unwrapped his whip the fans in the right-field bleachers got under the seats.

When Case set sail for second in the second inning, Smoot took the throw on a play in second field, and Case trotted to third.

It was right here that Nichols showed his hand. With one out and a man on third First Baseman Chance walked confidently up to the batting box. He had rapped Nichols for a single, and then Case trotted to third.

There was assurance in his walk. The wise old twirler sized him up doubtfully and then sent him forth, and the crowd could have remained with a bare pole.

McCarthy, the next man up, was an easy out on a fly to Shannon.

The game looked like extra innings after it had looked like St. Louis all the way in the opening exchanges. But the Cardinals had the last laugh in the ninth inning by driving a terrific hit into left. Single misjudged it and instead of driving down to a single, it went up "Dee-foot" centered around "the English Lamb" an easy single on the throw home.

The Cardinals won the second round when Shannon took transportation from Wicker, solo second, and then Wicker, solo third, and looked as though if the Cardinals would win by as

a prance a margin as they did the day be-

fore.

But the Colts awoke in the fourth and had the fans uneasy for a while. Jones opened the inning by working Nichols for a base on balls, and then he was out on a grounder to Farrell, but Jon's went to see and O'Neill stopped an inshot with his mitt. The latter led the lead for more than a mile, when the former told him that he was aching double to center scoring Jones.

There was only one out and Jack O'Neill was out from Farrell, with all men

lances taking third.

Then the fans had an anxious moment when O'Neill was third and the head of the Cardinals was at the plate. A friend of the Cardinals by popping up a fly to Burke. That was the end of the jinxes, and as if the Cardinals would win by as

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NOTES FROM THE WORLD OF SPORT

HOW LONG WILL JOE YEAGER LAST?

Will He Follow the Skyscraper Route of Other Plungers and Retire Discomfited?

LENGTHY LIST OF FAILURES

Wagers, Winnings and Losses of Leading Racetrack Players Exaggerated.

HOW long will Joe Yeager last? That is the question the followers of the fortunes of the thoroughbred are asking themselves and each other these days. Every racing season has its star plunger, and Yeager seems to be elected by common consent of the big betting men as the man in the place in the public's sight this year.

Last season it was John J. Ryan, proprietor of a Hot Springs gambling house, former owner of an outlaw race track and reputed promoter of a get-rich-quick turf scheme, who was accredited with the biggest plunger around the New York race-tracks.

Year before that George E. Smith, better known as Pittsburgh Phil, who left a cork cutter's bench in Pittsburgh to try to follow the races, was still the daily subject of big betting stories in the place the public, with John A. Drake and John W. Gates now and then exploited as the winners of fabulous sums.

Before them were Mike Dwyer, once a Brooklyn butcher, who, with his brother, Phillip J. Dwyer, president of the Brooklyn Jockey club, gave up his occupation of cutting and selling meat to devote his time to the turf.

Then there was Riley Grannan, who started life as a bellboy in a hotel in Lexington, Ky., and whose name 10 years ago was as well known as every person who interested himself in racing.

"Plunger" Walton was another. He had in his pocket enough money to put him in the millionaire class, and then lost it the same way he got it.

And now Joe Yeager is occupying just the same position as the former turf plungers of one, two, ten or twenty years ago. Riley Grannan is the only one left to him, and no one even expects to hear him cutting the dash he did 10 years ago.

Every once in a while he gets hold of a "dime novel" of the racing kind, goes, and starts to run it into a farriery, but every time the tannery falls to the ground, the dash is half completed, and Grannan is looking for another shoestring.

Money Went As It Came.

"Plunger Walton" was on the top wave of prosperity for several years. He bought a house in Brooklyn, a stable, a carriage for a king, but he could not keep away from the game after "won his pile." His last effort was to be under the auction hammer, but went down in flames.

Mike Dwyer, who won and lost \$50,000 and \$75,000 in a day with never the shadow of a doubt in his mind as to whether he was a winner or a loser, was shown up the same way he was by the layers' runners.

It is only when he grows up through the years and the sole recreation of his life is the game that he has an interest in the race." What Mike bets on now has no more influence than the weather has on the \$2 wagers he holiday visitor.

"Pittsburgh Phil" has survived them all, outlasted longer as the spectator, a player whose only love was watching years ago by the layers' runners. He bets on a small way these days, for he remains under the eye of the authorities. From a high source in the government came the suggestion that he must sell his ownership of horses and retire from the turf as an amateur, but what has been indefinitely set for what has never been set.

He is one of the best that ever threw a leg over a horse again back in the saddle and in good standing.

Has Reduced His Wagers.

Yeager went east last year with the vowed intention of burning up the betting, but was unable to do so, and for a time he was under a cloud, owing to some wagers on a track on the Northern route, with which he had no connection.

But that cloud has been driven away. Yeager is again on the eastern turf, and his betters, his backers, his services say that it is undoubtedly the greatest English machine ever turned out.

Other who essayed to cut a dash as a seasonal plunger for a time was Steve Miller, who sent a telegram to his wife to come to him with the news that he had caused him to keep without the use of the Metropolitan racetrack, and he is to other fields. But he has gone the way of the others, and now, as he is seen now, with a small string of selling, but not doing anything in the big.

He is not the slightest doubt that ported couple of Yeager have been rated greatly, and while the big wagers have not come, the smaller losses reach the public. Ken Yeager, who won every big race he has made known, is the known as that he has been reported as winning \$30,000 on two races in a day, he has never won one of the races and up to the day a number of wagers have been credited with winning.

It is always been the opinion that the big wagers have not been great losses to the public. Ken Yeager, who won every big race he has made known, is the known as that he has been reported as winning \$30,000 on two races in a day, he has never won one of the races and up to the day a number of wagers have been credited with winning.

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100 JAPANESE IN THE STORMING OF OUTER FORTS

Victory of the Mikado's Forces Over the Fort Arthur Defenders Sunday and Monday Greater Than First Reports Indicated.

WOUNDED RUSSIANS TAKEN FROM FRONT BY HUNDREDS

Passengers Have Occupied Heights Within Ten Miles of the City—
Date of Port Arthur Fleet in Doubt
Because of Varying Reports.

CHINESE, July 2.—It has been learned here that a big battle was fought on land near Port Arthur on June 26 and June 27. The Japanese were successful, and, on the morning of the 28th, they occupied certain heights within ten miles of Port Arthur.

The first Japanese division, which suffered so heavily at the battle of Nanshan Hill and the Eleventh division, fresh from Japan, were engaged.

The Japanese losses have not been learned, but the Russians are said to have suffered severely.

Refugees who left Port Arthur yesterday and have arrived here declare that wounded Russians were being taken into the city by the hundreds.

Other refugees from Pigeon Bay assert that hundreds of wounded Russian soldiers were passing near the bay, being transported in numerous and various kinds of conveyances.

The fact that the Russian wounded were seen at Pigeon Bay, and the date of Port Arthur, would indicate that the Japanese have advanced along the east and west coasts of the peninsula at the same time.

The two divisions which attacked Port Arthur were composed of 40,000 men and an independent artillery corps.

As a matter of precaution, the Japanese have landed a division of 10,000 men on one of the Elliott group of islands, and, on June 28, they landed the sixth division of 20,000 men at Kao Bay.

The Elliott Islands are about ten miles east of Pitzuo and about 30 miles northeast of Port Arthur, while Kao Bay about 36 miles from Port Arthur and six feet from Kin Chou.

These two divisions can be used to reinforce Gen. Oku's army near Kai Ping, on the west side of Liao Tung peninsula, and about 40 miles south of New-Chwang, or the army under Gen. Nogi, before Port Arthur.

During the present week three large and a number of smaller transports arrived at Port Dalny with an independent artillery corps, 10,000 men, guns and provisions for the Eleventh division.

Foreigners, who have reached here from the interior, say that the Japanese at Port Dalny, agree as to the success of the Japanese on land, and from the stories told by the refugees, it would appear that the Japanese have at last good prospects of being successful at Port Arthur.

Junkmen who have arrived from Port Dalny say they heard heavy firing all day yesterday, but still noon came.

Junkmen who have come in from Port Arthur report that a portion of the Japanese fleet has engaged the enemy, and while the Japanese were turned to Port Arthur to cut off the retreat of the Russian warships.

Foreigners here report that on Friday evening confirm the reports brought by Chinese that there are only four large Russian warships in Port Arthur.

NOTE.—A dispatch from Tokio, June 29, probably referred to the same engagement reported above by the Chinese correspondent. The Tokio news said that the Japanese had captured the fort on the southeast line of the Port Arthur front, June 28, after an all-day fight which began at 10 a.m. and continued until the 20th. The date had been given as the 19th. The Russians had retreated behind the fort, leaving 40 dead behind them. The number of their wounded was not given.

The Japanese lost three officers and 100 killed or wounded and captured two guns and a quantity of ammunition.

**JAPANESE ARE ACCUSED
OF ATROCIOUS CRUELTY**

ST. PETERSBURG, July 2.—The Journal is St. Petersburg, the semi-official organ of the foreign office, prints this morning one

Some of the People in the Summer Theatrical Campaign



AGNES MAC DONALD
SPECTACLE

NORMA LYATT
"OUT OF THE FOLD"
CRAVEN

WILFRY'S LOUISIANA
SPECTACLE

SCENE IN THE JEFFERSON HOTEL LOBBY, GATHERING PLACE OF DEMOCRATS HERE FOR CONVENTION



ALL ARRANGEMENTS FOR DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION

Wednesday in the Coliseum, which has been remodeled for the use of the delegates, decorated and made as comfortable as the experienced managers know how.

The Coliseum where the Democratic convention will be held has never before been scene of a national nominating convention of one of the great parties. President McKinley was nominated for his first term in St. Louis, but the convention was held temporary "Wigwam" on the south of the City Hall square. Grover Cleveland was nominated 14 years ago in the building of which the Coliseum now is a part.

That time, however, what is now the Coliseum was the north nave of the Exposition building and was converted into a station hall.

The Exposition building covers the ground bounded by Olive, St. Charles, tenth and Fourteenth streets.

Coliseum opens on Thirteenth, Fourteenth and St. Charles streets. It is also bounded on the south through the Exposition building from the Olive street entrance.

It is 189 feet wide and 375 feet long. The vast auditorium is covered with a transom roof, without a single obstruction.

There are seats for 7000 persons in oval form about an arena.

The seating arrangements especially remodeled for the con-

vention. The arena has been floored and will be filled with chairs.

Arrangements have been made to seat 10,800 persons in the Coliseum during the convention.

THE SEATING ARRANGEMENTS. The speakers' platform has been erected on the north side of the arena—that is nearest St. Charles street—about in the middle of the Coliseum, that is half way between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets.

The spectators' seats will be directly behind the platform and others near on the sides.

The platform has been built out in the arena proper, however, and the space directly to the east and west is reserved for tables for working press representatives.

Accommodations are provided for 300 at these tables, 175 on each side. The number will include reporters, artists, stenographers and telegraph operators.

LOCATING THE DELEGATIONS.

The seats for the delegates will be directly in front of the speakers' platform. They extend south to the edge of the arena, that is to the row of boxes on the south side of the auditorium. A central aisle divides the delegates' section.

The brilliant and white form the color scheme of the decoration, the colors being blocked off in huge yellow squares. The edges hang down with white valence. The edges hang down like "bounces," as C. W. Martin, the designer describes it, and the effect is very

pleasing. At each end, where the dome converges, the square effect is not used, lines of white starting far apart at the base of the decoration and all closing in at the top.

Yellow was selected because it is considered the best reflector of incandescent or electric light. After the convention will meet in the daytime, artificial light will probably be necessary throughout.

The walls will be hidden behind alternate stripes of red, white and blue. These will completely encircle the rear of the tiers of seats.

There will be stands of the United States flags at regular intervals about the rear of the balcony, and on the red, white and blue background will be painted the coats of arms of the various states.

The red, white and blue idea will be extended to the decorations of the speakers' platform, and also to the standards that will mark the location of the state delegations in the arena.

Each national committeeman will get ten tickets and each committeeman representing a state will get also six box tickets; that is, a private box for himself or party.

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TICKETS OF ADMISSION.

Two classes of tickets will be issued. One to a card book, containing eight coupons, each admitting to a separate session. These books will be received at the entrances to the convention hall or at national headquarters for eight single tickets if the holder prefers.

In this way the holder of the book may spread the tickets to the different sessions around among more persons and with less inconvenience. With only the books in use, Assistant Secretary De Ford explains, it would be necessary for the man who used the book to hunt up the man who wanted to use it next, etc. This is a new departure.

The demand for tickets is heavier than it has ever been at former conventions, according to Mr. De Ford. There are fewer

tickets to issue here than at Kansas City four years ago, because there are fewer seats in the Coliseum than in the Kansas City convention hall.

In the list of those who are to receive tickets are 600 officials and deputy officials. These will be secretaries, assistant secretaries, reading clerks, sergeants-at-arms and doorkeepers. There will be about 15 reading clerks and a long list of assistant sergeants-at-arms.

There will also be a list of honorary secretaries, one for each state. John L. Martin, sergeant-at-arms, has not yet announced his list of assistants, although they have all been notified.

DELEGATES MUST HAVE CARDS.

The doorkeepers' forces will be large enough for all emergencies and will be reinforced by a special detail. Chief Clerk Kline's main division will be strictly by cards, and the man who comes without his card will have a difficult time gaining admittance.

It is believed that it will be possible to hear and understand the speakers in all parts of the Coliseum. The acoustic properties of the structure are considered excellent. Besides men with the best possible voices have been secured as reading clerks. It is felt that no one person will be used to make announcements and that the speakers with weak voices must take the chance of being hissed off in favor of the more sonorous orator.

A special squad of firemen will be on duty at the Exposition building during the convention. It is planned to mark the exits and entrances as plainly as possible.

POSTOFFICE TO SHUT DOWN.

No Department Will Be Open From Noon Until 6 O'Clock.

For the first time, in several years, the clerks at the postoffice are to have a chance to celebrate the Fourth of July. Postmaster Frank Wyman announced yesterday that every department of the post office will be closed from 12 to 6 o'clock on the afternoon of the Fourth. The delivery, bureau of information, money order, and telegraph departments will all be closed.

WATSON SIDESTEPS THE NOMINATION TO NATIONAL LEADERSHIP OF POPULIST PARTY

Highest Tribunal in United States Will Affirm or Reverse Sentence of Populist Leader.

Judge Adams in the United States yesterday granted an appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States from the sentence of United States Senator Burton, convicted of having used his official position in the interests of the Populist party, and sentenced to spend six months in jail.

The grounds for the appeal are the senator's contention that the supreme court, the only court having jurisdiction, the constitutional question is involved and that the trial of the case in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals in Washington where the checks were cashed by Burton were caused by Senator Burton's attorney, who died before the trial for the case, which has been pending in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

CARDINAL AT CORNER-STONE.

St. Ann's New Building Will Be Dedicated.

The ceremony of laying the cornerstone of the new St. Ann's Hospital and Asylum, Page and Harrison streets, will be on the afternoon of July 4, and the cardinal, assisted by Archbishop Prendergast, will perform the rite.

A reception committee of friends of the church will be present. They are Shaughnessy, Peter Byrne, Edward O'Brien, W. P. Dwyer, J. J. Keane, R. D. Hanley, J. J. O'Farrell, George J. Barrett, John H. Conroy, John B. Riordan, John Mathew Kiely, M. E. Conlon, Henry Hobbes, and Rev. J. A. Nelson, principal speaker.

Cardinal Prendergast and his suite will be received at the building and a service will be held.

BURTON APPEAL IS TO SUPREME COURT

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Urrah! For Thursday the Hostesses

is the One Day the Lady Managers of the State Buildings at the World's Fair Do Not Need to Worry About Guests and When They May Have Little Parties of Their Own and Do Just as They Please.

BY ROSE MARION.

URRAH! Today is Thursday, and the hostesses of the Fair when they wakened at the song of birds singing on the terrace of their own.

Today counts the same as Saturday calendar of the hostesses. That is, other Thursday does. Supposing that you haven't gotten over your day notions and still observe Saturday as a holiday.

There are who think every in the lives of a Fair hostess is a day. That's because the hostesses are up and have company all day and times most of the night.

It wears best clothes all the time smiling to match and saying pleasant makes tiredness.

That's why the hostesses need a vacation.

They take one every other Thursday. In they do just as they please for three four whole hours. They celebrate by having a party of their own.

They say what they think. They look as if they feel so inclined. And they sleep still and rest their hoarseness if they're too tired to talk.

They wear whatever dress that pleases them and nobody cares if it is last summer, so it's cool.

(But here's a secret. Most of them choose to wear the prettiest, newest things they have. Guess they want to try them on a critical audience first.)

It's not long since the hostesses "made up" their little club organization purely for "sociability."

Before they did they were stay-at-homes. Most of them hadn't seen the Fair—except in pictures or from the front doors of their respective buildings.

Maybe they don't have fun at their parties. There they are actually themselves and I hereby give testimony that the hostesses of the Fair are the possessors of interesting individuals when they're not on duty.

Their last celebration was in Alaska. They were the guests of Mrs. Alaska, which is their pet name for Mrs. Mary B. Hart, the happy hostess of the Alaska building.

To the number of 25 or more they gathered in the totem pole house and had their business meeting. Those hostesses are dreadfully business-like. They have minutes and a constitution as well as by-laws. Of course they have a president and several vice-presidents, two or three secretaries and a treasurer as well as a press committee.

They don't have long, poly, dragged-out meetings on the order that some other persons on the Fair grounds favor. They do their business up quickly. Then they quit and have fun.

First fun at the Alaska building was lunch. Lunch served as it is in the Alaska time.

kan country without great ceremony. The hostesses ate their lunch as if they were actually hungry. They ate two sandwiches as if they wanted them and they didn't shove aside the iced tea made Alaskan fashion.

Not one pretended to pretend.

Mrs. Hart gave them souvenirs—a watch fob made of tin medals and an Alaskan garnet. They pinned the tin medals on their bodices and carefully carried their garnets.

While they did these various things they talked. Maybe they didn't say things.

"Isn't it disgusting to say the same insignificant, insipid things to all the persons that come to our buildings," said one hostess as she lifted her dress from the dust.

"The other day I went up to a visitor and said, 'I'm so glad to see you. I hope you'll be pleased with our building. Won't you please register?' He looked



"Hurrah, today is Thursday," said the hostesses of the Fair, when they awakened at the song of the birds singing on the terrace of states.

They looked at the exhibits of furs and baskets and tin and handiwork of Alaskans and asked questions that they really wanted answered. Mr. Willard, a native-born Alaskan, explained the ways of his former home for them and told them of his many products.

Then they took a stroll over to the Pike. The hostesses haven't seen much of the Pike. Before most of them went on active duty the Pike was not in a state of completion. Now they haven't a place for these fabuluses said.

Two women in front were discussing the hours of closing buildings.

"Ours is never closed," said one hostess that seemed weary. "They say the key is lost. Our commissioners are so dreadfully afraid of appearing inhospitable. Somebody might go past and see the door

at me in such a strange way that I looked back at him only to remember that I had made the same speech to him not three minutes before.

closed. That would never do."

"Ours are just as bad," said the hostess farther front, "but it isn't hospitality that worries them. It's fear that we hostesses won't do all that we're expected to do. Some of them sit up at night trying to discover reasons for more receptions."

"All these receptions are not jokes," said the hostess that knew. "I remember what happened to me when I was still new in the Fair entertaining line."

"The waiters that came struck for \$2 before they would serve even the napkins. I agreed to that. They reckoned that I was 'easy' and they went up to \$4. There was nothing to do but pay the money, and that's what I did."

"Foolish," said her neighbor from across the street. "Next time that happens, you send word around the terrace and we'll stop that striking performance. If there's any striking to be done—" She didn't finish her sentence.

"What's that pan made of?" they demanded, when he washed the gravel in order to show them that gold always went to the bottom of the pan.

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"How do you like the badges the Missouri commissioners have bought for their hostesses?" asked the hostess that hadn't even a ribbon badge.

"Great," said the one that hopes to have one almost like that which bears the bears.

"They're finer than even those of the Board of Lady Managers and the directors. They have pearls, you see. Nothing stingy about those Missouri commissioners," continued the unribbed one.

"Hope I'll never see a drop of punch once the Fair is over," said the hostess from an "entertaining" state. "On actual count I believe I've seen 3,425,677 glasses of punch served since the Fair began.

Most of that was in our own building.

This is the thirtiest place."

"If you're going to figures, I intend to tell you something from my own statistical library. I've said 'Please' to see

you," exactly 408,975 times since I went on duty. A thousand times or so I

have been sitting to her husband, nude with

the bears."

And the hostesses talk most frankly to each other on their holidays. No white lies do they tell about their opinions.

One hostess said, "I must take off my gloves. I'm so very warm."

Her companion said, "I never wear gloves in warm weather. They're so uncomfortable."

One of her dearest friends was standing within hearing distance. She disagreed on the glove question and she said so out loud.

"I always wear gloves, winter or summer. They keep your hands clean. I'd rather be warm and neat than cool and have my hands soiled."

The minx-glove hostess continued,

"What's that pan made of?" they

manded when he washed gravel in order to show them that gold always went to the bottom of the pan.

They laughed when they were amused and when they weren't.

Those who entertained the hostesses wondered much at them.

Nobody knew that it was their one day out of fourteen—the one day out of

and their disagreeing vocal organs' an

their own selves an opportunity to act.

They were like children playing truas.

Every now and then some one would have a worry spell about the commissions.

There were always silences to say, "Is this our own Thursday?"

switched and used the Presidential word, "Nobody here wears gloves in the sun mer time. We're too much interested to buck to the old verb."

Back her friend came. "Everybody in St. Louis wears gloves right through the summer. There's that much of the South about us."

Neither hostess was the least bit out of humor. Their little disagreements seemed part of their rest. They have to agreeable so much that it's fun to them to take opposite views.

The Pike they looked at with men comments. A man showed them how wash gold. They asked him some of the questions that are constantly being of them.

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manded when he washed gravel in order to show them that gold always went to the bottom of the pan.

They laughed when they were amused and when they weren't.

Those who entertained the hostesses wondered much at them.

Nobody knew that it was their one day out of fourteen—the one day out of

and their disagreeing vocal organs' an

SOCIETY

of honor. Mrs. Sallie E. Dillon of St. Louis, hostess of the building, made the introductions. The bride was dressed in some gown of black velvet, with much hand work and soft lace. Mrs. Pitkin was in black satin, with a diamond lace collar and handsome diamond ornaments. Mrs. Dillon wore a handsome toilette of black silk mull, with sea-green satin sash, yellow and green silk lace and chiffon. Miss Mary Jean White of Harrisonville was in blue velvet, applied in white chiffon roses. Dr. Jenkins' wife was in white, yellow and blue, and Miss Daisy M. Pettigrew in French gray tissue with touches of sheer pink. The room was filled with green and cut flowers. Punch was served at eight small tables by young girls, gowned in white. The girls were dressed in green and blue, and assisting throughout the rooms were the worthy matrons of the various chapters of St. Louis. During the evening, which was from 2 to 6 o'clock, over 100 guests called at the building.

MARY MANNERS.

WEDDINGS.
A pretty wedding of last week was that of Miss M. Genevieve Steinbiss and Frank



MRS. JOHN HENRY MARTIN.
OF NEW YORK.

Mr. Lewald's roof garden party at the German building on Monday evening will begin the week's festivities. The reception will be preceded by a dinner party, with his eminence Cardinal Satolli as guest of honor. The dinner will be given in the dining hall of the German building at 7 o'clock and covers will be laid for 84 guests. From 9 o'clock until midnight Dr. Lewald will throw open the entire building to his guests and there will be music, lights and flowers on the terraces, roof and lawns. Lewald will receive alone in the beautiful marble hall.

John Henry Martin of New York was at the Jefferson Hotel. She is banded by her two beautiful daughters in the schoolroom. Mrs. Martin is one of the most admired women in New York and has been the recipient of attention during her visit in St. Louis. She was one of the handsomest women at the several functions given at the New York state building during the visit of Gov. and Mrs. Odell. Mrs. Martin was specially attractive at the luncheon given by the New York commission for Mrs. Odell in the week. Her gown was of white and pink, embossed in orchid and trails of foliage wrought in white. The picture hat was of white lace, the brim adorned with white gardenias and glossy green.

Another charming woman from New York is Charles Vaughn Clark, who is the wife of Mrs. Clark of Vandeventer places. Mrs. Clark was one of the guests of honor at the luncheon for Mrs. Dore Lyon at the luncheon for Mrs. Dore Lyon. Clark wore a blue toilette of that pretty shade described as electric. It was volte over of the same shade, and a Gainsborough, with drooping blumes falling over her fair hair. Mrs. Clark is the daughter-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. Clark.

And Mrs. George Wallace Niedring. They depart early in July for New York, where they will spend a fortnight before sailing on July 30 for Europe, where they will spend the remainder of the summer at Pittsburg, Kan.

Anna McLean Moore, the charming daughter of the Board of Lady Managers of Texas, has departed for a visit at Waukesha, Wis., before going to her home.

Willard Bartlett gave a beautifully inted luncheon on Saturday at her home. Mrs. Arthur Gale, Mrs. Leon Gale, Wilson, Mrs. Prentiss and Mrs. Palmer were some of her guests.

Frank Ferguson entertained with a dinner party for his sisters, Mrs. of Memphis, Tenn., on Friday noon at the St. Louis Wrigley's.

The lawn party given by Mr. and Mrs. Francis D. Hirshberg for his eminence Cardinal Satolli on Wednesday was of exceptional appointments, as all of the rubber affairs were. The lawn was a large one, with tiered seats, a large tree, lanterns and festoons of greens and flowers. Mrs. Hirshberg received a guest in the ceremony of white organza and lace, entrance of the drawing room alone, where Arthur Gale, Wilson, and others were seated in the French leading out on the lawn. There were bows on the lawn and suppers on small tables scattered about the green.

Invitations were given at the Fraternal by the Order of the Eastern Star, on Saturday afternoon was one of the most given at the Fair. Mrs. Laura of San Antonio, Tex., most worthy matron of the O. E. S. and Mrs. ne Pitkin of Chicago were the guests.



once between the cost of the material and the workmanship, and one cannot expect to pay the difference for repairs to their home.

Pernoud, which took place Monday morning at 9 o'clock, the ceremony being performed at nuptial high mass at St. Matthew's Church by Rev. Father J. F. Schleifer. The bride, who was maid of honor, and the maid of honor, and Mrs. May of Waukegan, Misses Biddle and May Herr of Elgin Springs, Miss, as bridesmaids, wore a bridal gown of white Valenciennes lace, over white liberty silk, and carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley. The tulle veil was fastened with a natural spray of the same flowers. The maid of honor wore white Parisian silk, with a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley. The bridemaids were gowned alike, in pale blue organza and carried shower bouquets of pink sweet pease. The bridemaids were gowned alike, in pale blue organza and carried shower bouquets of pink sweet pease. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Jeannette Greenburg, as maid of honor. Mr. Neuman was best man. The bride was an imported robe of real peacock, applied lace over white silk and pink. She carried a shower bouquet of white sweet pease and lilies of the valley. The male of honor was gowned in a white suit with a white sash of Alencon lace. She carried a bouquet of American beauties. At the conclusion of the ceremony the bride and groom departed for the East, where they will spend their honeymoon, after which they will return to St. Louis, which will be their future home.

Mr. Hardin Ellis and Miss Bessie Clemens were quietly married Saturday evening at the home of Mrs. H. E. Roberts. Miss Clemens is the beautiful and highly accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Clemens, one of the prominent families of Constantine, Mich.

The marriage of Miss Mamie Geekle and Mr. Arthur Farris was solemnized last Wednesday. The bride looked very pretty and girlish in her white wedding dress. She was attended by her mother, Mrs. Johnson of Ridge avenue, and Mr. Arthur Kierley served as best man for the groom. The bride and groom left for home of the bride's parents until the wee sma' hours, at the conclusion of which the bride and groom left on their honeymoon.

A surprise party was given in honor of Fred Goldmacher on his 24th birthday Friday, June 24, at his residence, 1317 Park avenue. Yale quartet rendered several selections.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Goldmacher, Otto Goldmacher, Otto Goldmacher, Robert Kiesberg, Henry Kiesberg, Fred Goldmacher, Robert Kiesberg, Henry Kiesberg, Chris Horlick, Paul Schubert, Louis Nittengate, Alex F. Noel, Fred Goldmacher, Herman Seibert.

Misses — Clara Goldmacher, Louis Pansie, Lorraine Kiep, Nellie Goldmacher, Sam Seibert.

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New Theatrical Season Opens Early in St. Louis, Jr.

Olympic, Century, Imperial and Grand Will All Open Their Doors on That Day, and the World's Fair Theatrical Season Will Be in Full Blast—Blanche Bates, Phoebe Davis and Richard Carle in Three of the Openings—Ellery, Former Musical Critic, Comes With His Band.

THE regular theatrical season will open earlier than usual this year, because of the Fair. All the theaters will get under way July 31.

David Belasco will begin his administration at the Imperial Theater on that day, presenting Blanche Bates in "The Darling of the Gods" for a season of three months. Phoebe Davis will open the second day at Olympic, beginning her ninth season in "Wise Down East." The Century will open the same day, and it is likely that Richard Carle will come down from Chicago to open it with "The Tenderfoot."

The beautiful "Louisiana" production at Delmar Garden may outlive the Fair. Several theatrical producers, hearing of the singular nature of the piece, have come on to see it, and at least three of these are negotiating for its interest in it. They want to take it to New York after the Fair.

Miss Belane, who is to have an American tour next season, is playing "Zaza" in London, and it is said that the English metropolis has received her with unusual warmth.

John and Emma Ray are to have an echo at the St. Louis Fair for their sketch next son. It will be called "Down the Pike."

Joseph Sheehan, the Savage tenor, narrowly escaped drowning while bathing at Rochele last Tuesday. He was rescued by the life crew.

George A. Kingsbury and Samuel F. Ward are said to have made one of the best of bargains in purchasing "A Girl in Dixie," the musical play running at Century. They bought the production in it had small commercial value, and created it in such a way that it is paid handsomely on the investment. The has exhibited exceptional staying

s. Two different dates have been closing its engagement at the Cent

each time the end has been post

cause of the business the show

g. The end is not in sight.

Lester will be one of the first of the season shining. She opens in New September with her new musical "When Knightood Was." It is called "A Madcap Princess."

The time-honored alliance between Ward and James has been ended. Mr. James goes out next week, and takes the all stars for "The Two Orphans," and Mr. Ward goes out with Kathryn Kidder in the production of Flanahan's "Salambo" and other plays. After next season Mr. Ward will leave the stage and go upon the lecture platform, lecturing on Shakespeare and his plays.

Three years ago a young Englishman 26 years ago, calling himself "Dataus," created a sensation in a London music hall by answering instantly and correctly all questions in reference to the dates of historical events, both B. C. and A. D., and in connection with the careers of historical personages.

The memory this man displayed, combined with the fact that he had been a stoker in the London gas works till a week before, and had never received any instruction in even the rudiments of his profession, his remarkable personality "Dataus" was soon "quizzed" by the highest educational authorities in England, who endorsed him, and the librarian of the British museum soon pronounced him "The Human Encyclopedia."

Within a few weeks he was the rage of London, eminent men going to the halls with lists of questions "to stick him." He rarely ever failed. When an American agent endeavored to induce him to come to America, he found the young man booked two years in advance, an evidence of the really wonderful attention he had attracted. A contract for the future was made, however.

"Dataus" came to fill his American engagement two weeks ago and began a six-weeks' stay at the New York Theater roof garden last Monday evening, answering questions as to dates, shot at him as from a rapid-fire gun, instantly and correctly, except in one instance—"When did Commodore Perry enter the American navy?"—in which he failed, but he could tell the date of the battle of Bunker Hill and knew that Perry was in command.

After the performance, explaining his failure, "Dataus" said he would wager that Commodore Perry's birth, entrance into the United States navy and death could not be found recorded in the standard work of the world's histories. Haydn's Dictionary of Dates. An investigation of this point last Tuesday found this statement true.

The French government has sign honoree John Philip Sousa by conferring a decoration upon the American conductor. Three years ago, in recognition of his services at the Paris Exposition, Sousa received the "academic palma," which carries the title of "Officer de l'Academie Francaise." This week Sousa was notified of his promotion to "Officer de l'Instruction Publique" of France, in a letter from M. Paul Lacombe, secrétaire particulier du ministre de l'Instruction Publique at des Beaux-Arts. Now in St. Louis, who has also received Sousa's commendation of the grade, signed by the minister of fine arts. The new distinction gives Sousa the golden palms and rosettes of the French Academy. He is the only American who has received this decoration. Sousa is also a member of the Royal Victorian Order of England, having been decorated by King Edward VII in 1901.

"The Sjogun," George Ade's newest musical play, has closed at the Studebaker Theater, Chicago, where it has been running through the spring and early summer. Contrary to expectations, the piece did not prove a money-maker in hot weather, though Ade shows usually pay, let the winds blow as they will.

DELMAR GARDEN—Patriotism of the real sort will be on tap tomorrow at Delmar Garden, where "Louisiana" is proving such a great and successful attraction. While the garden will furnish ample space in which to shoot off firecrackers and other explosives, "Louisiana" with its six full-size first-class comedians and singers and its big and well-trained ballet, will show to patriotic St. Louis Columbian Uncle Sam and Dixie in their full glory. Really an afternoon or evening spent at the Delmar Garden, "Louisiana" will be a better celebration than all the

racket that can be kicked up.

Speaking of patriotism, it is remarkable

how all of the patriotic lines in the Delmar "Louisiana" go with the public. Every

allusion to the stars and stripes and every

patriotic speech by Columbia or Brother

Justice brings forth a round of applause,

while the people shout and clasp their

hands every time the eagle screams. Really

it is a sort of Fourth of July celebration

seven nights a week, with matinees

Wednesday, Saturdays and Sundays. It

may also be stated in this connection that

there will be a matine Monday afternoon.

Now that the music in the Delmar

"Louisiana" has come to be so well known,

its repertoire is more thoughtfully ap-

preciated. It has been a point of the Del-

mar where such songs as "My Sweet Ko-

koah Maid," "The Magic That Lies in a

Kiss," "Fair France," and "Flag of the

Free" get quite as enthusiastic encores as

"Mountain Dew," "The Things We Used

To," and "My Louisiana."

There is one picture in the Delmar

"Louisiana" that has not received the no-

tice it should. This is the march of all

nations, which comes at the close of the

performance. It is really the biggest bal-

let number in the show, and it is the most

interesting approach to it was in "La Africana,"

done in London some years ago, and that

also was made by Sig. Alberter, the ballet

master of the Delmar production. Sig. Al-

berter says that when "Louisiana" gets

into New York this winter he will give the

people of the metropolis a surprise.

• • •

ODEON—An event occurring at the Odeon

opening of the sixth week of Kiralfy's

Louisiana Purchase spectacle at the Odeon

today, will be a change in the principal

cast. Miss Mabel McCane, who enacted the

role of Paquita, will replace Miss Robinson

as the belle of the Japanese maid in the

fourth act. The significance of the change

is in the fact that Miss McCane has had a

stage career only with the opening of the

Louisiana spectacle. Her fidelity to duty,

coupled with natural aptitude, caused the

speedy recognition of her talent, and she

steps from the ranks to the front almost at a bound.

She is pretty and graceful and

possesses a voice of singular attraction.

Moreover, she is St. Louis girl.

Crowd houses nightly fill the Odeon and

are most lavish in their applause. In

order to prevent all of the same

words to kaledioscopic in its movements that

succeeds scene and ballet follows ballet

in bewildering succession, it is a study to

determine the tastes of the audiences and

success of the various parts of the

spectacle.

CENTURY—That charming southerner

"A Girl From Dixie," is still with us, and

she has not worn out her welcome, either.

She is just as refreshing as ever. This

merry musical comedy enters upon its

fifth week at the Century Theater to-night.

Dainty, demure Genevieve

Day, Comedian Dan, clever Clifford, de-

lighful Char, Bovine and the balance of

the excellent singing company give a

sparkling performance of this entertain-

ing musical play. Many lovers of this

style of attraction have seen "A Girl From

Dixie" several times, and seem to like

it the last time much better than the first.

The Missouri State Life Insurance

Co. will appear in a body Wednesday even-

ing. The number 200. The popular

Wednesday matinees are indeed, popular,

and the management will continue giving

them at prices within the reach of all.

Tuesday matinees will be 25, 30

and 75 cents and \$1. This is an innova-

tion, as never before have the prices for

Saturday matinees been less than night

prices. Special matinees tomorrow at 2:30.

Conductor Frank Paret has written a new

ensemble, which the chorus handles ef-

fectively.

SUBURBAN GARDEN—Last week's

bill at Suburban was so good that

the Park High was this week.

Paquita, the madam dancer, is the feature.

She is cleverly followed by the Elindre Sisters,

New York comedienne, who made a hit

there last winter with their Ellsworth

Smith sketch, "The Adventures of Be-

della." Kate Elindre will appear as Be-

della in a three-person sketch. Her sister,

May, is Mrs. Knox Anna Rapps, a spir-

itualist, and Tom Sedgwick will play the

part of Judkins Hustler, butler to Mrs.

Rapps. The sketch is full of fun. The

other acts in the Highlands bill are Smith

& Fullerton, musicians, with instrumental

and vocal solos. Herr Senn, the English

impresario, giving soprano, famous

men; Carron & Herbert, clown acrobats,

and Eddie Leslie, impersonator in his own

original way. As a summer bill this leaves

nothing to be desired for lovers of vaude-

ville.

• • •

FOREST PARK HIGHLANDS—A num-

ber of clever people are on the bill at

the Park High this week. Paquita,

the madam dancer, is the feature. She is

cleverly followed by the Elindre Sisters,

New York comedienne, who made a hit

there last winter with their Ellsworth

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Rapps. The sketch is full of fun. The

's Athletic Champions Who Will Meet in Olympic Contests on

KEE AND IRISHMAN COMPETE; SCHOOL BOYS AFTER TROPHY

Around A. A. U. Events Will Bring Together Many Track Record Holders—Contests Will Be Preceded in Morning by Public School Championships by Lads From Twenty of Country's Large Cities.

THE two best all-around athletes in the world—Clark, holder of the American title, and Kiley, champion of England—will meet in A. A. U. Stadium, Fourth of July.

Other holders of individual titles have much more than a chance to score the world's championship.

Of its nature, the greatest all-around held in the United States—man—will be the twentieth of these championships.

All-around champion institutions for a purpose man who is an average man with championship—on the other hand, the ability in all-around contests necessary for a man to be one line to enter those training of an all-around champion as Ellery J. Elmer White and the next man but one a champion or

omitting the

One-and-a-half-yard

45-pound pole vault,

100-yard dash,

ENGLISH LAD IN WONDERFUL BURST OF SPEED WINS ST. LOUIS DERBY--
25,000 SEE AND CHEER ONE OF BEST RACES EVER RUN OVER A WESTERN COURSE

Son of Requital, Mouth Distended, Fairly
Made a Procession of Local Turf Classic
--Moharib Second and Elwood Third--
Play on the Cook Horse Reached Pro-
hibitive Odds Before He Went to the
Post--Value of Stake to Winner \$13,145

St. Louis Derby, one and one-half miles.

Winner--English Lad, owned by Fred Cook of St. Louis, ridden by Jockey Eddie Dominic. Won by three lengths.

Time, 2:36%.

Second--Moharib, owned by J.

W. Schor of Memphis, Tenn., ridden

by W. Fisher. Second by fifteen lengths.

Third--Elwood, owned by C. E.

Durnell of Chicago. Ridden by Prior.

Winner is chestnut colt by Requital.

English Lady and was bred by Milton

Young of Lexington, Ky. Trained by

W. E. Phillips of St. Louis.

Net value of stake to owner of win-

ner, \$13,145.

The great St. Louis Derby run yesterday of 1904 will go down in history as the won by the best horse that ever won a victory in the state. English Lad galloped the entire mile and a half under the stoutest of wraps with his mouth wide open. Passing the grandstand for the first time Jockey Dominic had the horse's head in his lap. At the finish it was the same story. In fact no horse in the history of the American turf ever won an important fixture so easily under the same conditions.

English Lad always ruled a prohibitive favorite in the betting, but while the field was small, there were horses entered that had beaten English Lad in previous races.

Moharib, which ran second to him, beat him in the American Derby. Rainland, another starter, had already earned distinction and wealth for his owner as a winner of both the Kentucky and Latonia Derbies. Rainland also distinguished himself early in the spring as a winner of the Cumberland Derby at Nashville. The consensus of opinion before the race was that English Lad would win the big race, but few of the experts looked for the colt to demonstrate his superiority as decisively as he did.

Wager \$100,000.

He Can Beat Highball.

The result of the contest proves conclusively that English Lad did not run his race in the American Derby. Highball, may never come West again to give the son of Requital another chance to measure strides with him, so that the question of which is really the best colt will probably never be settled to the entire satisfaction of the admirers of the two great thoroughbred champions.

Fred Cook, the owner of English Lad, willing to wager any part of \$100,000 that the son of Requital can beat Highball.

Fully 25,000 persons turned out to witness the race. It was not quite as large as boisterous a crowd as the World's Fair handicap outpouring, but there was little vacant space in the grandstand and the betting ring was at all times jammed to suffocation.

The clubhouse presented a beautiful appearance when the field was called to the post in the big race. Hundreds of gaily-owned ladies were scattered here and there on the splendid lawn and the large grandstands. Many remained after the races and took dinner there.

The field was called to the post in the Derby shortly after 4 o'clock. Rainland drew the post and led the field to the starting ground. Starter Eddie Dominic dispatched the four horses with Rainland and Moharib setting the pace, head and head.

Dominic took a stout hold on English Lad as soon as the barrier was released.

Led behind the pacemakers as they

ran into the stretch and saved much time by hugging the rail on both turns.

English Lad shot by the stand the first with his mouth wide open. Dominic had a stout pull on the colt.

English Lad's backers were just a trifle

afraid that the boy would choke all the

out of the horse. Dominic knew what

he about, however. He had ridden

English Lad in all his great races last

and understood exactly what kind of

race Moharib ran in.

Alas, Moharib, team with English Lad

was not up to the back of the pair,

and took dinner there.

After they went the first mile, Rainland showed signs of weakening. As soon as he commenced to fall, Eddie Dominic let out a link on English Lad and the green chestnut moved on like a shot, pulling overhauling and passing Moharib and winning easily over three lengths. Moharib won Elwood 15 lengths for the place. Elwood got third place by virtue of Rainland's coming back to him at the finish.

The winner of the Kentucky and Latonia derbies was never a factor in the struggle.

He trailed his horses all the

way and picked up Rainland in the stretch

and the latter had run his head off trying to catch Moharib.

Those who witnessed his race in the

American and St. Louis Derbies say that his effort in the former, did not by any means represent his ability, and that something unnoticed was responsible for his downfall in that classic.

There is one thing certain: he is the

champion 3-year-old of the West, and that

until he is beaten by horses of the same

age under even conditions he will be so

considered by western racers.

But all the same, it was a shame for

Fred Cook to take the money.

The result of this contest leaves

no doubt as to Kurtzman's superiority over

western 2-year-olds.

In fact, he

is as good as his

company.

English Lad, does not seem to be

the best 2-year-old in the West.

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The result of this contest leaves

DEATHS.

Entered into rest Friday, July 1, 1894, at 3 p. m., William D. Carter, at his residence, 1435 North Avenue, Monday, July 4, at 8:30 a. m., Rev. John C. Calvary, at Calvary Cemetery, thence to Calvary.

Entered into rest on Saturday, 5:30 o'clock a. m., after a lingering illness, Mrs. Mary Connor, beloved of Mamie Connor, from late residence, 1118 Flinney Avenue, on Monday, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., to St. Ann's Cemetery, thence to Calvary Cemetery, are respectfully invited.

On Friday, July 1, 1894, at 3 p. m., William Erwin, beloved of James and Mildred M. Whited, wife of Arthur G. Erwin, at his residence, 1100 North Avenue, Sunday at 2:30 p. m., interment.

(EIM) Christ Grossheim, beloved son of Mary A. Grossheim, (nee O'Neil) and father of George, Harry, and Grace, Faustine, protein and oil of Mary Kely, Agnes Brigitte Grossheim, and Joseph Grossheim, died Saturday, July 1, 1894, at 10:30 a. m., from residence, 1320 North Street, Monday, July 4, at 9:30 a. m., at St. John's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery, where he was a member of Crystal No. 140, K. of C. His body was copied.

(IA) Entered into rest on Saturday, July 1, 1894, at 3:30 o'clock p. m., Ellen O'Neil, wife of Arthur G. Erwin, beloved of James and Mildred M. Whited, wife of Arthur G. Erwin, at her residence, 1100 North Avenue, Sunday at 2:30 p. m., interment.

(EIM) Christ Grossheim, beloved son of Mary A. Grossheim, (nee O'Neil) and father of George, Harry, and Grace, Faustine, protein and oil of Mary Kely, Agnes Brigitte Grossheim, and Joseph Grossheim, died Saturday, July 1, 1894, at 10:30 a. m., from residence, 1320 North Street, Monday, July 4, at 9:30 a. m., at St. John's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery, where he was a member of Crystal No. 140, K. of C. His body was copied.

(PA) Pittsburg and Scranton (Pa.) papers case copy.

(APK) Suddenly on Friday, June 30, at 8:30 o'clock p. m., Allan Thacher, 55, aged 37 years, husband of Mary as Ridgely.

Funeral, Sunday, at 1 p. m., from 1000 Euclid Avenue, St. Peter and Paul Church, thence to St. Peter and Paul Cemetery. Please omit flowers.

LOST AND FOUND.

14 Words, \$2.

BILL BOYK—Lost, his book containing money check from Nelson & Morris, payable to Cott & Son, and other papers. Return to 4618 St. Louis.

EDWARD LINDEN—Lost Station, Laclede's Pier or in World's Fair grounds, roll of blue prints and memoranda. Reward room 716 Laclede's Pier.

BOX—Lost, box containing sugar silver spoon and fork; will pay if returned to March 17.

BIGELOW—Lost, breastpin, at World's Fair about two weeks ago; set with garnets. Value of pin paid for return to 1840 Victor.

BROOCH—Lost, gold doghead brooch, containing diamonds in collar; return \$150. Blue.

BOY—Lost, with little experience in horse-shoeing. Reward. Return to 2224 Glasgow Street, Thursday night.

BUGGY SHAPES—Lost, pair red buggy shapes; Thursday night. Return to 2224 Glasgow Street.

CHEERS—Lost, 6 checks; finder will be rewarded. T. M. Sader, 3210 Cass.

DOG—Lost, white for terrier dog; brown spots; name, Bob. Reward \$100. Liberal reward if found.

DOG—Lost, Tuesday, cocker spaniel; license 18-651; reward if returned to 2113 Chestnut Street.

DOG—Lost, blue sky terrier, name Billie; black body tan legs. Reward \$20. Reward.

DOUG—Lost, another blue sky terrier, name Scotch terrier; liberal reward. 1324 N. 15th.

DOUG—Lost, fox terrier with half black and half white face; return to 2050. Reward \$10.

DOUG—Lost, white setter dog; about 20 months old; name, Duke. Reward \$100. Return on back of dog tag. D. Hull, 3100 St. Louis.

DOUG—Lost, white French poodle, June 17; return to Lawler's, 20th and Chestnut.

DOUG—Lost, black and tan Shepherd dog, with white breast; liberal reward if returned to 2740.

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SUNDAY MORNING—

ROOMS FOR RENT

14. Works, too
AU AV., 1416—N wly
week and up, g+ a.m. fu
AV. AV., 61—Nicely turn
family, suitable for one o
AV. AV., 1421—furnishe
exposure.

2004

ROOMS FOR RENT
14 Wordsworth Street
S. Av., 26th—Furnished room
modern conveniences, etc.
S. Av., 26th—First floor
bed suitable for 2 men; w
car lines.

SUNDAY

ROOM FOR
14 OR 15 GUYS.
Navy Av., Bush-Lincoln
Front room, furnished, con-
ting, bath, gas; also other
Fair: home

100

ROOMS ~~FOR~~
14 Wo...

ROOMS

100

1000

FLATS 14 Wards, 10c

BENTON ST., 2800—6 nice, large rooms; reasonable rent; only \$5 per month; take Cass av. car. GEO. J. WANSKI, R. T. H., 610 Blaine St.

BLAINE AV., 8041—Flat; good, bright, 3 room flat; large yard and porch; rent: \$10 per month; room for children or boarders; \$25 per month; rear door open.

CALIFORNIA AV., 3322—Flat; 4 delightful rooms and bath; all conveniences; \$24 flat; rear.

ALASKA ST., 6830—Takes room out, newly decorated; one block north of Easton av.

COMPTON AV., 1105 AND 1112 S.—Flat; three rooms; nicely decorated; rent: \$16.50. Call 402-425, 721 Olive st.

FURNISHED HOUSE—Furnished house, five rooms, in Webster Groves; both steam and electric railway. Ad. P. O. Box 202, Kirkwood, Mo. (7)

FURNISHED HOUSE—6 room furnished house; bath, laundry, large porch and yard; phone: convenient to Fair; \$75 month; for four months or more. Sheldon Martin, 2222 Commonwealth.

OLD MANCHESTER RD., 6444—5 room house; large lot; end of Tower Grove line. (7)

ROOMS—Five furnished rooms, in Kirkwood, Mo., on direct car line to World's Fair grounds; for 3 months; rent: \$5. H. H. Heinezein, Kirkwood, Mo. (7)

ROOMS—Four nice room in Greenwood; rent \$12; for fare, ready to eat and train; 3416 Compton st.

SUTTON AV., 2644—Maplewood, 4 room flat; \$20; immediate possession.

SUTTON AV., 2656—Maplewood, two nicely furnished connecting rooms for housekeeping; cheap; no extra. (7)

FURNISHED FLATS FOR RENT. 14 Wards, 10c

BLACKSTONE AV., 1851—Four elegant rooms and bath; near Fair; \$10 per month. (7)

CABANNE AND CLARA AVS.—Furnished flats of 6 rooms and bath; all conveniences; 19 minutes ride to Fair; for one or two months; teleph. 11431. (7)

CHICAGO AV., 1845—Furnished four-room flat; with bath; reasonable; first floor.

COMPTON AV., 908 N.—Nice 4 room furnished flat; if furniture is bought; \$5 worth, rent low and very desirable in every way; direct, bus to Fair; on blocks north of Finney off Taylor. (7)

COTTAGE AV., #117—1st floor, 3 rooms; for rent if furniture is bought; \$5 worth, rent low and very desirable in every way; direct, bus to Fair; on blocks north of Finney off Taylor. (7)

FLAT—For rent, vacant flat; 5 rooms and bath; \$15; open. L. P. BAUTINGER, Fullerton bldg.

FLAT—4 room flat; 1424 N.—4 nice rooms for party connecting; cheap. (7)

GLASSBORO AV., 1193—Three-room flat; use of thorough repair; \$18. OMAS H. FRANKE, 108 Chestnut st. (7)

HICKORY ST., 2710—One room flat.

LEE AV., 436—1 room flat, reasonable; immediate payment; call at once; 1390 Lee. (7)

COLONIAL AV., 3728—7 room flat; with all necessary conveniences. Ad. M 152. Post-Dispatch.

LINDELL BL., #37—8 room front east apartment; 8 rooms and closet, steam heat, gas fixtures, screens, laundry, janitor service; rent: \$30. Apply Mrs. Francis. (7)

FURNISHED FLAT—4 rooms and bath; exceptionally well furnished; location fine; rent: \$20; this snap \$200. MORGAN-RENINGER, 600 Chestnut.

FURNISHED FLAT—Leaving town for the summer; will rent elegantly-furnished apartment, near Washington Hotel; 4 room and bath; the minutes from the Fair; \$120; immediate possession. Ad. M 100. Post-Dispatch.

FURNISHED FLAT—Complete for housekeeping; 5 rooms; bed in each; first-class neighborhood; central location; convenient to Fair. Ad. N 2. Post-Dispatch.

FURNISHED FLAT—5 rooms; bath, gas range, piano; near Grand av.; rent: \$55. Ad. R 136. Post-Dispatch.

FURNISHED FLAT—Five rooms, complete in every detail; near Fair; for three months only; rent: \$75. Ad. P 182. Post-Dispatch.

FURNISHED FLAT—Four rooms, 8 beds, gas range; clean, light rooms. Ad. L 167. Post-Disp.

FURNISHED FLAT—Widow, alone, would like couple or ladies employed to join her in nice flat. Ad. L 183. Post-Dispatch.

FURNISHED FLAT—1200—west; direct Fair car line; souther exposed; upst: 5 new panel painted, newly furnished, clean, neat rooms; nice beds; \$75 month. World's Fair Brokerage Co., 605 Chestnut st.

FURNISHED FLAT—Four rooms and bath; gas coal range, iron screen, piano and chair; and 11th floor; 8 room; Wash. av. and 11th; near Garrison; \$23; rents; no money here. World's Fair Brokerage Co., 605 Chestnut.

FURNISHED FLAT—Nicely furnished flat, from July 10 until Sept. 1; rent reasonable to responsible couple who can furnish best city references; no others need apply. Ad. L 120. P. D. (7)

HICKORY AV., 2006 N.—4 room furnished flat; for housekeeping; also no range; \$25 per month; why pay high rent for one room; when you can get a flat for \$25 per month; immediate possession. (7)

HICKORY ST., 342—3 room flat, nicely furnished; also no range; \$25 per month; why pay high rent for one room; when you can get a good small flat to yourself; for \$25 per month. (7)

LADY AV., 4227—Nicely furnished 8 room flat; all conveniences; 3 car bays; basement; big, comfortable garden. Call morning at 11 o'clock. (7)

LADY AV., 4816A—Elegant, modern 5 room flat, completely furnished; gas and coal ranges; 8 closets, laundry, excellent location; near Euclid; Cass av. case: \$40.

WALNUT ST., 2611A—Nice 4 room furnished flat; gas, bath; convenient to all cars.

WASHINGTON BL., 622A—Nicely furnished flat, four bedrooms, parlor, kitchen, dining room and bath; 1st floor; neighborhood, one-half block from World's Fair. (7)

LAKE AV., 2015—2 room flat, bath, \$6 per week; housekeeping room and gas range; \$4; adults; private. (7)

LUCAS AV., 2040—Handsome furnished 5 room flat; everything complete; adults only; \$100. (7)

MAGNUSON ST., 2810A—Furnished four-room flat; bath.

MISSOURI AV., 1754A—Nicely furnished four-room flat, for July and August; south Lafayette Park. (7)

MONTGOMERY ST., 3216—Furnished flat of 3 rooms, with bath; 2 or 3 months; all conveniences.

MORGAN ST., 3912—Nicely furnished four-room flat.

NAKED BL., 4208A—Near Pendleton; 1st furnished, housekeeping; coal and reasonable. Large yard; street water. (7)

PAGE BL., 4070—Completely furnished 4 room flat, with bath; hot and cold water; all conveniences; at reasonable price; no World's Fair prices; ref. evidence required. (7)

ST. VINCENT AV., 2907A—Nicely furnished five room flat; all conveniences; southern exposure.

TAYLOR AV., 1414—Nicely furnished second-story 3 room flat; modern conveniences; couple or gentleman. (7)

WALNUT ST., 2611A—Nice 4 room furnished flat; gas, bath; convenient to all cars.

WASHINGTON BL., 622A—Nicely furnished flat, four bedrooms, parlor, kitchen, dining room and bath; 1st floor; neighborhood, one-half block from World's Fair. (7)

LAKE AV., 2015—3 room flat, bath, \$6 per week; housekeeping room and gas range; \$4; adults; private. (7)

FURNISHED FLATS WANTED. 14 Wards, 10c

FLAT WANTED—I want to get a flat in shed flat; 4 to rooms; 2 in family. Ad. M 60. Post-Disp.

FLAT WANTED—4 room nicely furnished flat; for three months; references exchanged. Ad. K 137. Post-Dispatch.

FLAT WANTED—Attracted couple want furnished flat; will care for same and pay some rent. Ad. P 101. Post-Dispatch.

FLAT WANTED—Attracted couple want furnished flat; will care for same and pay some rent. Ad. P 101. Post-Dispatch.

FLAT WANTED—West End, for July; nice furnished apartment; good locality; city people good; take state terms; same today; permanent. Ad. R 121. Post-Dispatch.

FLAT WANTED—4 flat; want; for 3 or 4 months; for housekeeping; 3 room flat; for housekeeping. Ad. O 127. Post-Dispatch.

FLAT WANTED—West End, for July; nice furnished apartment; good locality; city people good; take state terms; same today; permanent. Ad. R 121. Post-Dispatch.

FLAT WANTED—Young business man wants furnished flat or apartment. Ad. M 7. Post-Dispatch.

DWELLINGS FOR RENT. 14 Wards, 10c

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1408-10 Tower Grove av.; best, renting section

of city; extra, well, double, two-

bed, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th,

9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th,

15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th,

21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th,

27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd,

33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th,

39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th,

45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th,

Rutledge & Kilpatrick Realty Co.,

717 Chestnut st.

MODERN RESIDENCE, BARGAIN.

610-A: a nice 4-room house; fine

location; gas, water, etc.; lot 50x120;

price \$4000.

CHAR. F. VOGEL, 624 Chestnut st.

A Cottage Home, \$1400

IN ST. KEVIN'S PARISH

219 Hickory av.; a nice 4-room house; fine

location; gas, water, etc.; lot 50x120;

price \$4000.

CHAR. F. VOGEL, 624 Chestnut st.

Well Built New 7-Room Flat, \$3000

2544 Banks st.; new Grand av.; a new,

well, double, two-story,

brick dwelling, arranged in two

bed, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th,

9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th,

15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th,

21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th,

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75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th,

81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th,

87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd,

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259th, 260th, 261st, 262nd, 263

GOOD ORATORS IN HOUSE OF COMMONS

Comparison of Speeches With Old
Ones Not Fair Test to the
New Men.

CHAMBERLAIN CALLED BEST

He Shines Brightest in Resenting
Criticism—The Plain Men Are
Always Well Received.

ONDON, July 2.—Has the quality of parliamentary oratory declined? We are apt to many things to worship the past, and to believe that "there were giants in those days" and not in these.

Our oratorical standard is liable to be false one. The recorded speech of Chamberlain and his rivals, presented as models of oratory and examples in eloquence, were not really spoken by them, but were written from memory and imagination by Dr. Johnson.

The pure Saxon and fine imagery of John Bright's speeches stand on firm ground of historic truth, and set an almost unapproachable standard for writers and speakers. None of our latter day statesmen rival him. No one tries to equal the matchless gift of Mr. Gladstone's speech, or his range of subject, or his power to equal his magnetic power over an audience.

But Parliament has not entirely lost by the change to a more business-like style. Speeches are much shorter nowadays; no one save Gerald Balfour ventures to speak more than an hour and a half. The world style has gone. Latin tags are heard only four or five times a session, and generally from Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman. No one tries to equal the matchless gift of Mr. Gladstone's speech, or his range of subject, or his power to equal his magnetic power over an audience.

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When it comes to the angel business, there are few men in the world with a broader knowledge of it than Mr. Friend. He has been a good lawyer ever since he was born, and he has forgotten to keep the score. And then he has been a "particular criminal" in the making of the world, and he is the number one hundred.

When the little lawyer grows

remissive, he is won to tell his

tricks of the business. He calls it "talking shop." Not the least interesting feature of Angel's remarks is his story of "Angel's Net."

When it comes to this angel business, there is certainly nothing to know than that Mr. Friend has

started out a good many years ago to be an angel to everyone that came my way, and I did it ridiculous

way. I am the number one hundred.

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SUNDAY

POST-DISPATCH
ST. LOUIS SUNDAY, JULY 3, 1904.

MAGAZINE

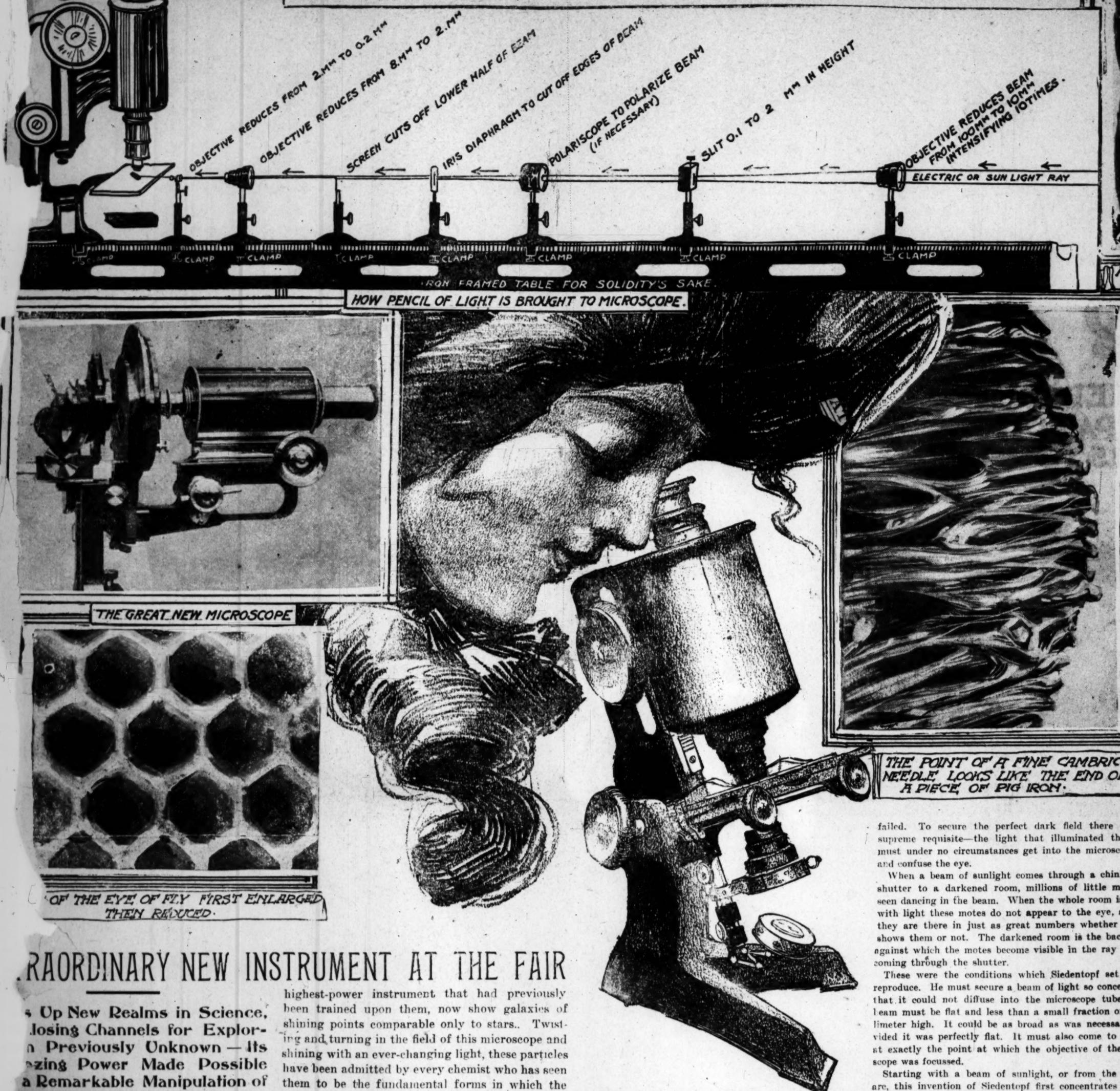
THE WORLD'S FAIR GIRL

AS SKETCHED BY
POST-DISPATCH
ARTISTS



(SEE NEXT PAGE)

GREATEST MICROSCOPE IN THE WORLD



ORDINARY NEW INSTRUMENT AT THE FAIR

Up New Realms in Science, Losing Channels for Exploration Previously Unknown — Its Enormous Power Made Possible a Remarkable Manipulation of Light — It Makes the Point of a Cambric Needle Look Like a Mountain Top.

Far-reaching discoveries in germ life are expected to result from use of this wonderful microscope.

Its amazing qualities were developed almost by accident in investigations along other lines.

So important is it in scientific estimation that it may yet be ranked as the foremost invention of the twentieth century's first decade.

THE most powerful microscope in the world — a new instrument — is on exhibition in the German section of the Educational building at the World's Fair.

With it a man can go 100 times nearer the infinitely little than he has ever gone before. He can now probe the recesses of nature to a point which scientists said was impossible. For years mathematicians have claimed that the present microscope did not improve so far as showing little was concerned, yet here come two Germanists with an instrument that proves mathematics an utterly unsafe ground on which to

the new microscope the atom becomes visible and seems absolutely clear to the

highest-power instrument that had previously been trained upon them, now show galaxies of shining points comparable only to stars. Twisting and turning in the field of this microscope and shining with an ever-changing light, these particles have been admitted by every chemist who has seen them to be the fundamental forms in which the metals exist.

This microscope marks an advance second in importance to none of those which made the twentieth century famous for far-reaching delvings into natural phenomena. Now it is only a matter of eyes. The man who is best equipped by nature can see the most in this instrument, which stands at the very apex of optical perfection.

latest scientific invention, shown for the first time at the World's Fair.

Two men working together made this possible — Prof. Zsigmondy and Dr. Siedentopf, the first-named a chemist who wished to delve into the recesses of nature, and the other a skilled optician. When Zsigmondy told Siedentopf what he wished, the latter worked out the technical difficulties and made possible this inroad into the recesses of the infinitely little.

The principle used in this microscope that distinguishes it from all others is a perfect "dark field of illumination." Others had tried to get perfection in this line and had

failed. To secure the perfect dark field there was one supreme requisite — the light that illuminated the object must under no circumstances get into the microscope tube and confuse the eye.

When a beam of sunlight comes through a chink in the shutter to a darkened room, millions of little motes are seen dancing in the beam. When the whole room is flooded with light these motes do not appear to the eye, although they are there in just as great numbers whether the sun shows them or not. The darkened room is the background against which the motes become visible in the ray of light coming through the shutter.

These were the conditions which Siedentopf set out to reproduce. He must secure a beam of light so concentrated that it could not diffuse into the microscope tube. This beam must be flat and less than a small fraction of a millimeter high. It could be as broad as was necessary, provided it was perfectly flat. It must also come to a focus at exactly the point at which the objective of the microscope was focused.

Starting with a beam of sunlight, or from the electric arc, this invention of Siedentopf first concentrates it in a small space by the use of a telescope objective. The beam next passes through a slit that cuts off the upper and lower edges of the beam. These parts are too diffuse to use and their presence would vitiate the final light. The ray, narrowed by the slit, then traverses an iris diaphragm which cuts off the diffuse light at the sides. By interposing a polariscope, the beam of light which travels in a sort of corkscrew path is made to go in straight lines and is then ready for its final concentration in the object to be examined.

Ordinary microscopic objects are too gross to be used in this instrument. The point of the finest cambric needle would appear as a slightly curved line of mountain peaks

quite as often as not.

Nevertheless, there is a reminiscence of her in The World's Fair Girl now in evidence.

She is a stylish young woman. She dresses in the latest fashions and admires them.

She is a good-looking girl, with a simple, attractive, serviceable, well-made and be-tor-worn. Good form is the keynote.

It is also the dominant tone in her bearing.

The World's Fair Girl is young and pretty and joyous with animal spirits.

She laughs outright when in the humor.

She gazes round-eyed with interest at interesting things.

She comments vivaciously on what she sees.

She is good-natured and sufficiently unconscious of her own sweet self.

She is naturally, her own sweet self.

Foreigners visiting the Fair are very

much taken with The World's Fair Girl.

They don't encounter quite the same kind

of girl as their own country.

She is so untried, so very much at her gentle ease,

in a public gathering, so well-dressed and

so oblivious to her gowning, so assured

of her security in the respect of strangers.

That she loves them. They call her

The American Girl.

In watch our Old World girls are evidently correct. The World's Fair Girl is

The American Girl. That's what makes her

so charming. She is the most attractive

girl in all the World's Fair.

stretching across the microscopic horizon. The smallest bacterium would fill almost the entire field, while the smallest part of the tongue of a fly would appear as a spot of irregular outline. The objects shown in the illustration are familiar to every student of microscopy, but in order to present them to readers of the Post-Dispatch Sunday Magazine, they were first enlarged in this wonderful new microscope and then reduced until the finer and more confusing details were fused into coherence.

When Zsigmondy first conceived the idea of this microscope, all he wished to find out was the state in which the coloring matter exists in ruby glass. The deep reds of this material are produced through the use of gold and as the most powerful microscope had failed to show separate particles when light was passed through the glass from beneath, Zsigmondy proposed to find out what a light from the side might show.

After he had seen that the gold did not exist as separate particles, as he had supposed, but particles that were fixed and immovable, the microscope was trained on the colloid solutions as being the next chemical mystery that needed a little more light thrown upon it. Colloid solutions are those which contain only one element. The substance in solution is not a salt, but the metal itself. Gold, silver and vanadium are especially colloid formers, and while theory assumed that the metal in them was in solid form, it must be seen to be solid before scientists would admit that it really was so.

Turning from his ruby glass, which had been found to contain segregated bits of gold of definite form, a solution of colloid gold was placed in a small cell with sides of fine rock crystal, through which the beam of light was passed. Then for the first time the true power of the new microscope became manifest. No dead and inert particles of gold were seen, but a living, moving complex, glittering with light, ranging from the softest pink of Kunze to the red and angry gleam of Mars passed through the field. It did not move in a straight line, which would have given rise to the assumption that it was carried past the observer's eye by currents in the solution, but it took a beautiful spiral way, each separate entity pursuing a similar path, glittering and scintillating with light as the angles of this "molecular complex" caught and reflected the beam that made it visible. The form of the particles has not been definitely settled, but may be later deduced from the path and the points of light.

When silver or vanadium in colloid state was substituted for gold the path of these two elements was found to be utterly unlike that of the gold or of each other. The light with which they gleamed was also different, the silver showing blue rays where the gold showed pinks and reds. The silver solution is absolutely limpid to the unaided eye, while the gold and vanadium show faint traces of the colors which they exhibit under the microscope.

With this microscope, these metals, which are commonly considered as absolutely inert and devoid of all life are shown to be a truly living as the bacterium or any of the forms of animate matter in the ascending scale terminated by man.

With this new microscope far-reaching discoveries in germs are looked for. As it is now, the mode of examining bacteria is limited to "dead ones," which are made visible by staining them with aniline dyes. No staining is necessary with the new microscope, which reveals their inner structure in every smallest detail. The discoveries in this field of bacteriology may be of incalculable benefit to man by enabling him to better understand the germs under which these enemies of his body have their abode.

Taken as an instrument of research into the unknown, infinitely little matter, whether of interest to the doctor, the pure fields of science, where the discovery of the minute smallest particle is the goal, or in the applied sciences of medicine, it is predicted that no invention of the twentieth century's first decade may have more lasting impress in the decades to come than this of Zsigmondy and Siedentopf, two scientific workers of the German host.

ALL THINGS COME THIS GIRL'S WAY

(See Preceding Page.)

A girl of 12 residing at Vladivostok, Russia, is the daughter of a workman.

The girl is the daughter of a workman named Sloboda. It is stated that over 100,000 which she approaches begins to move, and she goes near a dresser with plates until they begin to dance, washing him in a table is raised in the air and falling down, is broken in pieces, and stones lying on the ground leap in the air and fall.

The girl is perfectly healthy, and laughs at the occurrences called forth on her appearance. No one can explain them, although a number of doctors and professors of physical science have tried.

The child's parents are very poor and wish to send her out to domestic service, but she always loses her place owing to the assertion of ignorant people that she is possessed of a devil, and that she should be sent to Father John of Kronstadt, in St. Petersburg, to have the demon exorcised.

At present the means are being collected to send the child to St. Petersburg for her marvelous magnetic powers to be examined by medical authorities.

There is an establishment in 1,000 for teaching the lugubrious art of exorcising. It was founded by a cemetery company, and was a success, and was officially approved for the post of a priest.

have graduated

THE WORLD'S FAIR GIRL

(See Preceding Page.)

THE World's Fair Girl, most delightful of all Exposition developments, is emerging as a type from the general massing of the multitudes on the World's Fair grounds. She has been studied and pictured for the Sunday Post-Dispatch Magazine by Post-Dispatch artists Little, Martin, Conrey, Harris, Chopin, Berdanier, Vildman and Knott. It is an individualized portrayal. Each of the eight artists selected for the pleasant task has presented the World's Fair Girl as he saw her. The grouped result is to be seen on the preceding page in delicate color illustrations.

The World's Fair Girl is not incarnate. She never will be. Endless variations of type are to be expected. Women are so changeable. But she is distinctive. She is a stylized young woman. She dresses in the latest fashions and admires them. Her costumes are just what the latest fashions are.

She is a good-looking girl, with a simple, attractive, serviceable, well-made and be-tor-worn. Good form is the keynote.

It is also the dominant tone in her bearing. The World's Fair Girl is young and pretty and joyous with animal spirits. She laughs outright when in the humor. She gazes round-eyed with interest at interesting things.

She comments vivaciously on what she sees.

She is good-natured and sufficiently unconscious of her own sweet self.

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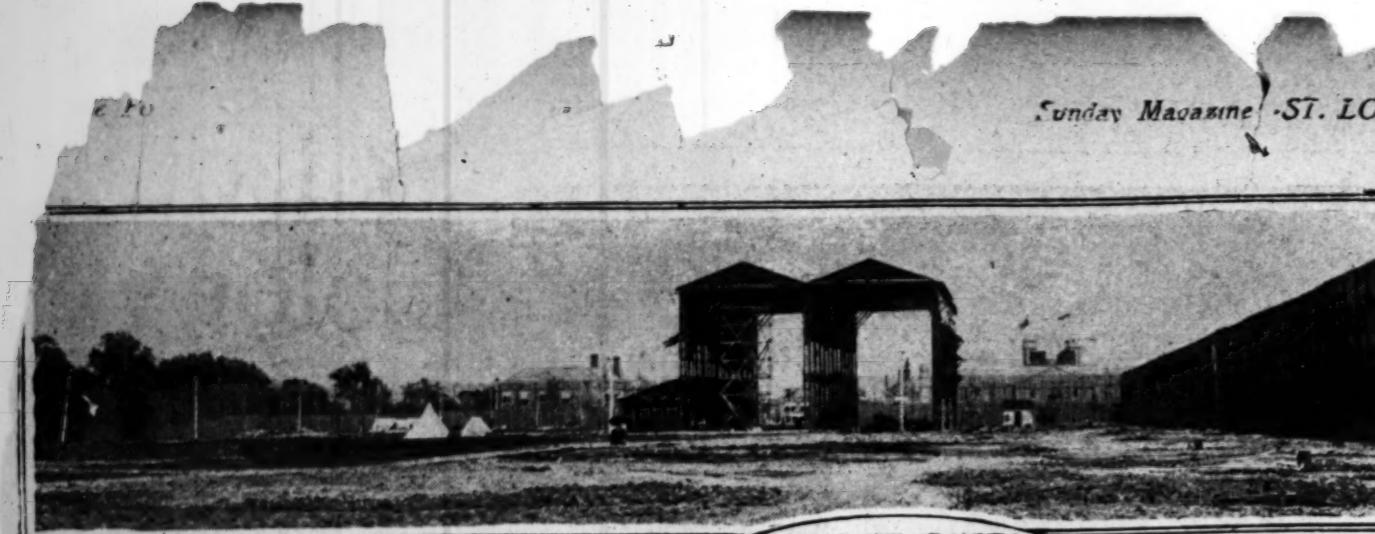
The American Girl. That's what makes her

so charming. She is the most attractive

girl in all the World's Fair.

Wages are very low in Spain. Farm laborers get about \$1 a week. The women who work in vineyards do not get more than \$1.50 for ten hours' work.

Young Lady of the White House.



World's Fair has spent \$50,000 in preparing quarters, gas plant and suitable starting point for racers.

Nearly 100 competitors have entered and all is now in readiness for the races.

The course will be L-shaped, covering a distance of ten miles, and each airship must make at least three flights in the air.

THE World's Fair airship competition, the most novel contest the world has ever known, is about to begin. The total sum offered in prizes will reach an aggregate of \$150,000. An additional \$50,000 has been expended by the Fair management in preparing for the aerial races. The decisive test of the newest types of dirigible balloons and aeroplanes is expected to materially advance the science of aerostatics. It is believed by

that the problem of air flight by man will be solved in the near future, and that the practical solution will date on the World's Fair in St. Louis. Santos-Dumont, now in St. Louis with his No. 7 dirigible balloon, in which he will compete for the great World's Fair prize, leads the list of competitors in international reputation and in popularity as the probable winner. But other hardly less fame will be his if his flights are prepared to give the daring little balloon a hot race for first honors. The air above the World's Fair will be filled with airships. There are 90 entries in the contest. Every known type of dirigible balloon that has demonstrated the necessary qualifications included in the entries. The eyes of the scientific world are fixed upon the St. Louis races. The wonder-loving attitudes are equally interested.

Preliminary arrangements for the competition have been made upon a scale in keeping with the importance of the event. The rules governing the races have been emulated by aeronautic experts. The racing course is mapped out in the skies in the earth, above which the twentieth century balloons will speed in the fiercest rivalry, the great 12-acre airship harbor.

starting point of the races, with its moth aerodrome, or balloon barn, its gas plants, its immense walled enclosure for the balloon fleet at anchor, constitutes by far the most absorbingly interesting spot in all the World's Fair.

For earth has never known a more fascinating problem than that of man flight. The first aerial navy ever assembled in human history is now ready for sailing orders. Its ships will set forth from the World's Fair port of St. Louis. The spectacle of their stately procession in the blue ether is one that has never before been witnessed by the eyes of man.

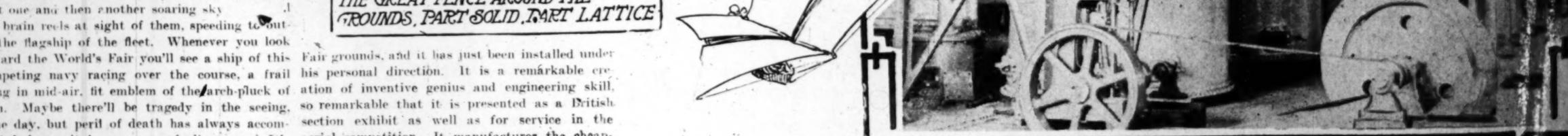
ONE by one will the big airships of the World's Fair rise from their anchor in the balloon harbor and, attaining the requisite height, sail the empyrean course prepared for the majestic aerial competition.

Talk about your Valkyrie and Defender and Shamrock and Columbia and other craft that have sailed for the America's cup—they sink into the most insignificant commonplace compared to these wondrous and marvelous ships that compose the airship navy! The voyages now about to begin are voyages of thrilling discovery.

Magellan never embarked on such ventures as theirs, nor Columbus, nor old Vespucci, nor any man who has yet lived in the world we know. The uncharted heavens are their sea. Their school of navigation is yet to be formulated with the World's Fair as its starting point. They carry the champion aeronauts of a new century.

Santos-Dumont shoy!

Far up in the impalpable atmosphere you'll see him, the Fearless South American who has made Paris a city of rubber-neck. He likes nothing better than to be up, and he means to bring the world's fair a city of rubber-neck. He came over from England specially to superintend the erection of this plant on the World's Fair grounds.



Plans for the Airship Ra

DETAILS OF THE FIRST CONTEST OF THE KIND EVER HELD.

What the World's Fair Has Done to Accommodate the Flying Machines Will Compete for the \$150,000 in Prizes—How Aeronauts Will Be Protected From the Wind in "Getting Off the Ground"—Remarkable New Scheme to Furnish Balloons With Gas—The Giant Aerodrome at the Aerobic Concours—Rules of the Contest.

must be kept heated and, in order that the plant may be operated economically, balloons will be convenient as reservoirs. The outlay is but 300 cubic feet per hour and the plant will run night and day. A 6-inch pipe carries the hydrogen under ground 200 yards to the big aerodrome or balloon barn, where, with a hose line, connection will be made with the intake of an airship bag. Through this pipe the competing balloons will be systematically filled with hydrogen gas in the order of their racing. And then they will be ready for the flight of their lives, so to speak, for this gas made by Prof. Lane has a lifting power of 70 pounds to the 1000 feet, being 55 pounds greater to the 1000 feet than ordinary illuminating gas. A six-inch pipe from the Lane gas mains will supply this latter gas for the filling of ordinary balloons, and no hot-air balloons of any description will be used in the World's Fair airship meet. "Hot air" don't go.

In the World's Fair aerodrome, or balloon barn—but this unique structure must be described right here and now. It is the only one of its kind in the world. It was constructed at a cost of \$17,000. It stables the racing airships just as a string of racing horses are stabled—safely, comfortably, even luxuriously. Each competing

there, however, the master aeronaut will guide them in the race must come into effect. He springs into the car, starts his machine, the motor responds, the propellers revolve, weights are shifted or the guiding plane is set or the rudder is swerved, as occasion and wind direction demand. Then the airship rises, turns to the right or left, circles about at the aeronaut's will—and the signal is given for the race to begin.

They're off!

Yes, they're off, even though they only race one at a time. They speed against time, the making the swiftest record to be the winner. Each competitor is required to make three different flights, and can indulge in as many of trial trips as he chooses. The three fastest are averaged for his record. After the name of the winner has been announced the victor must make three additional flights of exhibition, 10 per cent of the prize money being withheld for each exhibition flight unperformed.

The rules of the contest prescribe a minimum speed limit average of 15 miles per hour, and only 15 miles per hour is made by the aeronauts. The grand prize shall be only \$50,000, instead of \$100,000, on condition, however, that should a first successful flight be made before July 1, an amount paid by \$60,000 instead of \$50,000.

On condition that a speed of 18-34 miles per hour is attained, the prize is to be \$75,000, and \$100,000 is to be paid only on condition that the minimum velocity of 20 miles is averaged.

The dates for the airship flights as originally set extended from the first calm days of the late weeks beginning with the week of July 1 and ending Sept. 30. The start must be made between 10 a. m. and sunset, and the flight must be announced by midnight previous, that the public may be duly apprised through the newspaper. All flights must be on days during which the Fair is open to the public. For obvious reasons no attempt will be made to race airships side by side, but they will sail singly, against time.

The course is to be L-shaped, ten miles long, so that the navigator may have the advantage and disadvantage of any winds blowing. Balloon buoys will mark the starting and outer marks, the shorter leg of the L being two miles directly over the Fair that all persons on the grounds may have a good view. The starting point will be in the aeronautic field west of the Administration building, and a flight out and back each leg of the L must be within 50 yards of the starting point.

first one and then another soaring sky. The brain reels at sight of them, speeding to outdo the flagships of the fleet. Whenever you look toward the World's Fair you'll see a ship of this competing navy racing over the course, a frail thing in mid-air, fit emblem of the arch-pluck of man. Maybe there'll be tragedy in the seeing, some day, but peril of death has always accompanied humanity's voyages of discovery. It's the inexorable penalty of learning, ever since the first fruit was plucked from the tree of knowledge.

Heretofore the manufacture of hydrogen gas has been accomplished with the use of vitriol at a cost of \$4 to \$8 per 1000 cubic feet. Prof. Lane's new invention, now perfected at the World's Fair, produces it at the astonishingly low figure of 25 cents per thousand, or one-fourth the price of ordinary illuminating gas. And it does this by means of the simplest process imaginable.

Vitriol is not used at all in the Lane hydrogen gas plant now in operation at the World's Fair. The only materials employed are soft coal and water. The plant comprises two sections, one of which makes a crude gas from soft coal, the other generating the hydrogen. The output of the crude gas section, from coal and steam, is sufficient to generate 500 horsepower per hour if employed in a gas engine. Nor is there any novelty in the chemical principle involved. It is well-known that steam is decomposed when passed over red hot iron. The oxygen of the steam unites with the iron to form oxide of iron and the hydrogen of the steam is set free. This is the hydrogen generated in the second section of Prof. Lane's gas plant.

Then comes the important action of the crude gas. When the iron in the hydrogen generator has become completely exhausted, having all the time, also, the official announcement of the morrow, the gas will be made to pass over the iron, the gas plant to

airship will have its own stall, and there is a double row of stalls. At each end of this row is the largest door in the world, 30 feet high by 43-1/2 feet wide, covered with canvas and opening on slides. Out through these doors will emerge the big balloons as they are called in their respective turns to take part in the World's Fair airship races.

The aerodrome is an immense double shed, 182 feet long by 86 feet wide and 50 feet high in the clear. Along one side is built a row of offices, sleeping rooms and storerooms, the homes and supply quarters of the various airship sailors, and outside is a little secondary fleet of ordinary balloons used as gas storage tanks. But the great races will be filled and made ready for the race within the aerodrome. There, when properly filled and buoyed with sand bags, they rest with the lightness of feathers. Big, rolling, apparently brooding things, they have exactly the specific gravity of the air and neither rise from new fall ground, though the least breath of air will stir them like monstrous feathers.

And when the summons comes for the race, so easily are these big airships controlled that a little child can direct the several hundred pounds of weight from the great balloon barn to the starting point in the walled enclosure.

Without injury to man or ship. As consolation for defeated competitors, minor prizes of \$3500, \$3000, \$2000 and \$1200 will be offered in the grand airship event.

Perhaps one of Santos-Dumont's rivals will be Dr. August Grath of San Francisco, who has devoted the last dozen years to aerial construction. He has a spindle-shaped balloon with a lifting capacity of one ton, a car 7x4 feet in size, and a 500-pound automobile motor. Four steel-plated propellers operate like wagon wheels one at each corner of the car.

Supt. Myers of the aeronautic department hopes for at least a half dozen good hard aerial races out of the 90 aerial events entered. And there is a strong likelihood that this number will be more than fulfilled and that a dozen or more skillful sky-sailors will make a Santos-Dumont break all his previous records if he can be the World's Fair prize winner.

Additional to the motor-power events, there will be balloon races and other competitions. A prize of \$2500 is offered for the machine not carrying an

Criminals defy St. Louis police, knowing they have no jurisdiction "beyond the line."

How World's Fair visitors have been enticed to haunts of crime and robbed within sight of Administration building.

Murder has been committed and suburban residents are officially urged to arm themselves and organize vigilance committees—Desmond's analysis of the situation.



UST outside the World's Fair gates, beyond the imaginary line west of Skinker road, where the city of St. Louis ends and the county

of St. Louis begins, a grim figure lies in wait for World's Fair victims. Its well-shod feet rest upon the soil of the "Bad Lands" created by World's Fair opportunities for evil, the soil of a perilous "No Man's Land," over which the St. Louis city police have no jurisdiction and where the St. Louis county authorities are unable adequately to cope with an ominous development of the World's Fair.

Not all the territory thus indicated is surrendered to criminal occupancy. Reputable hotels and other legitimate enterprises are found within its boundaries.

Nor is the neighborhood as a whole always dangerous. It seems to be entirely safe during the day, when the bulk of people visit the World's Fair. Even at night many sober men walk through it unmolested. But that it is a dangerous place for strangers to allow themselves to be lured into after dark is the statement emphatically made by Chief of Detectives Desmond. In the interests of the public welfare and of the World's Fair, he today warns the public about this place, hoping also to improve the policing of the section.

Murder has stained the earth of the World's Fair "bad lands," a grawsome chirstening with blood. Lesser crimes of violence are plentiful. Thousands of dollars have been stolen from helpless victims. A devil's merrymaking of lawless deeds has prevailed. The food for this has been drawn from the World's Fair, "tolled out" for robbery and, on a pinch, slaughter.

The life of no man who follows a new acquaintance into these "bad lands" is secure. The desperate gangs that populate the region have assembled for a World's Fair campaign.

What is to be done to abate the evil? That it must be confronted and overcome is the teaching of the hour. The prosecuting attorney of St. Louis counsy says he has urged upon the county sheriff, the necessity of swearing in a largely increased force of deputies.

The mayor of Webster Groves, one of the suburban towns embraced in the "bad lands," has called upon all citizens to arm themselves, to organize into vigilance committees prepared to shoot down

suspicious characters who fail to qualify on bail. The St. Louis police are rendering all the assistance possible, but this is little, since the World's Fair "bad lands" are outside of their jurisdiction.

Meanwhile the criminal control of the situation grows stronger. Reinforcements of crime, encouraged by exceptional opportunity, are debouching into the field from many points.

Chief of Detectives Desmond of St. Louis describes the situation under his own signature. Besides being the official head of the St. Louis detective force Chief Desmond is in charge of the World's Fair detective service, having under his direction a special staff of 74 high-class detectives assigned from St. Louis, Cincinnati, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Denver, Chicago, Kansas City, San Francisco and other important points for duty at the World's Fair. He has seen from its beginning the development of crime on the edge of the World's Fair and recognizes its public menace, but is powerless to prevent the evil almost within touch of his hand, because he has no police jurisdiction in St. Louis county.

S.

By WILLIAM DESMOND, Chief of Detectives.

The new criminal region created on the outskirts of St. Louis, extending westward from within a few rods of the World's Fair gates, is full of peril. The public should be informed of the miseries of World's Fair visitors. They are safe in St. Louis. They are unsafe when they venture among the criminals who have congregated just beyond the city limits. Beware of the "bad lands." Crime lurks there, waiting for World's Fair victims to be enticed within its reach.

I am glad that the Sunday Post-Dispatch has offered me the opportunity to warn World's Fair visitors of the great public danger now threatening the fair into being by these peculiar conditions. The situation calls for prompt remedy, and the press can do much good by giving publicity to the facts in the case.

HERE has grown up on the outskirts of the World's Fair an area of crime full of danger to the public and which calls for the sternest measures in repression. It is a development of the World's Fair, caused by criminals taking advantage of the unfortunate fact that the jurisdiction of the St. Louis police ceases just a few rods west of Skinker road, and that from this point lawbreakers have only to deal with county authorities insufficiently equipped for the performance of the task confronting them. The situation is perilous in the extreme.

I have necessarily been familiar with the growth of this "crime colony" from its birth. It is the outcome of a shrewd sizing up of World's Fair conditions by bold criminals who are determined to reap a World's Fair harvest. They have recognized the fact that, so long as they keep out of the city limits of St. Louis they are safe in prosecuting their work of outlawry. I do not mean by this to impeach the county sheriff and his deputies of failure of duty, nor to intimate that the prosecuting attorney of the county has been derelict. So far as I know, they have done all in their power to enforce the law. But, unless the working force at their command is materially increased they are powerless to overcome this World's Fair crime development.

Thus it will be seen that criminals are in control of the situation.

The peril begins almost at the very gates of the World's Fair. You can easily throw a stone from the World's Fair grounds across the line that divides the city from the county. On the one side there is a police organization, strong and skillful enough to keep crime in check. On the other side violators of the law work with a free hand.

In every possible way I have tried to lessen this menace to the World's Fair public. Delmar Garden, only a few hundred yards distant from the Fair, is in the county, but I have assigned a number of my men to duty there, and whenever they spot a suspicious character they await a chance when, crossing the line that brings him within the St. Louis jurisdiction, they can arrest such a character and bring him to me. Similarly I have men stationed at all street railway transfer points westward and these men take suspicious characters in charge the moment their jurisdiction begins.

But the gangs of gamblers and other criminals are safe from us so long as they keep on the county side of the dividing line, and they are making profitable use of their knowledge to this end.

The trouble is that they can remain in the county and yet be so close to the World's

as to operate almost as if they were within its limits.

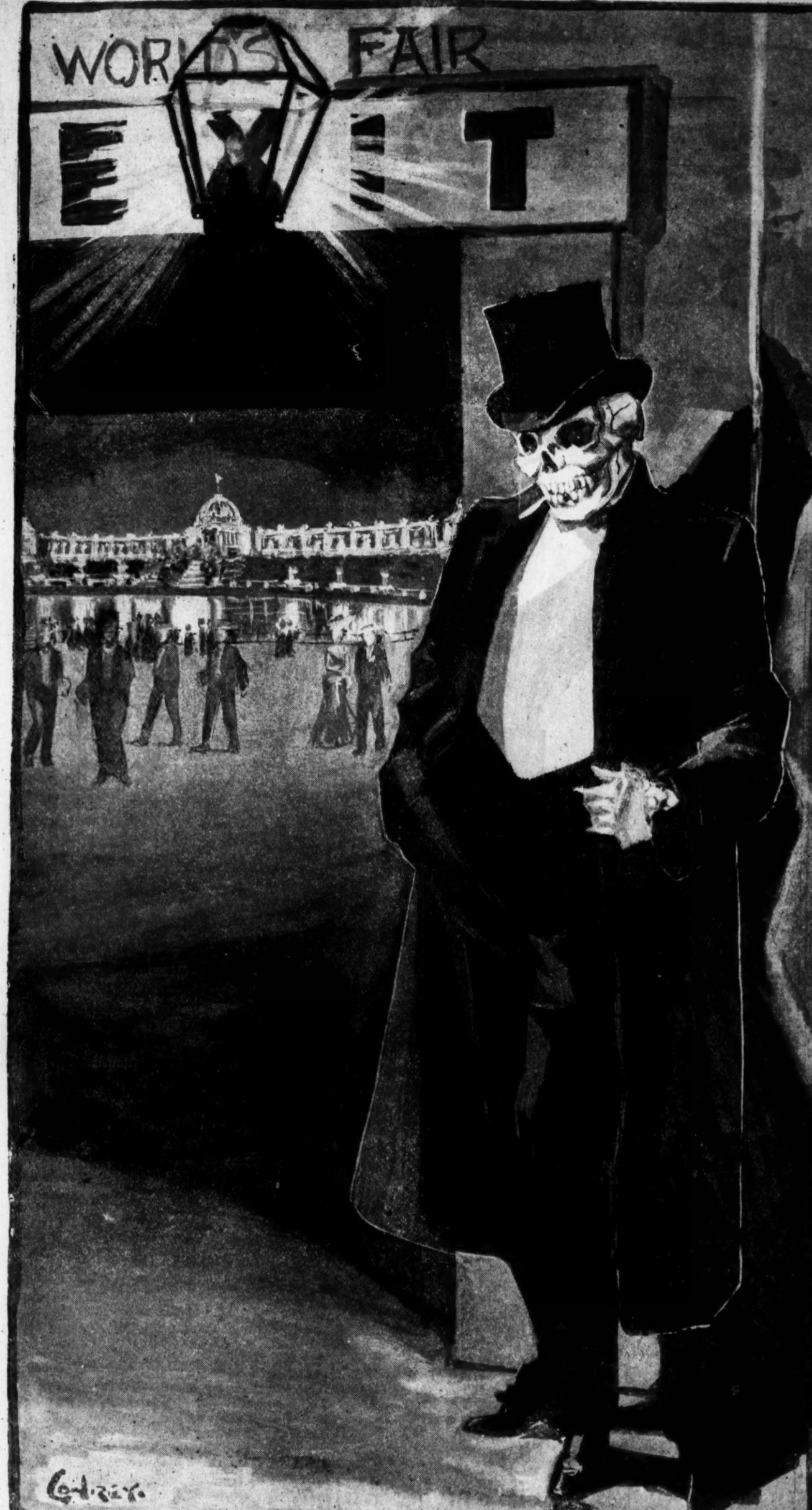
The World's Fair visitor with money to lose is their chosen prey. The average man coming to the Fair is well provided with funds and is out for a good time and takes more kindly to gambling suggestions than would otherwise be the case. These sharks now assembled in the county know this and they use every device known to them to steer victims from the World's Fair a little distance across the county line to be feasted. But they do not operate within the country's fair grounds, always on the safe side.

Nor do they confine their operations to the country visitor. Take the recent case of Arthur Thomas of New York City, for example. Mr. Thomas was approached by a plausible stranger on the corner of Fourth and Pine streets and engaged in conversation. Soon his new acquaintance proposed a visit to the World's Fair, producing passes and inviting Mr. Thomas to accompany him. The invitation was accepted.

But they did not come to the World's Fair.

They went instead to a restaurant just west of the Delmar Garden grounds and south of the Epworth League.

The place, safely located in St.



At the County Line.

Louis County. There the New York man in his pocketbook were taken from him, after which he was "kindly" allowed to return to St. Louis.

I merely mention these cases to give an idea of the plan of operation of World's Fair criminals across the county line. Outright robbery is also practiced, as in the case of William Lyon of San Francisco, whose pockets were picked of \$785 at Creve Coeur Lake, and J. O. Hudson of St. Louis, robbed in a lonely camp in the woods near Delmar Garden.

Neither do these gentrified criminals hesitate to commit murder, the slaying of John Rodes on Shady Avenue near Creve Coeur Lake, being a case in point. He was shot down in cold blood, and his assassin is still at large.

Thus may it be seen how full of danger are the new conditions created on the outskirts of the World's Fair. I cannot too emphatically urge the necessity for the cleaning out of these "bad lands." I cannot too earnestly entreat World's Fair visitors to resent and reject any invitation or suggestion that would carry them into the lawless "crime belt" indicated.

Murderers, thieves, thugs and all sorts of lawless characters populate that region. They have assembled to fatten on World's Fair crime and they mark out World's Fair visitors for their prey. They have laid their snares in many places, extending from the county line near the World's Fair to Creve Coeur Lake and other suburban points. Every device for the fleecing of World's Fair visitors is practiced by them. They are bold in their operations, counting on the inability of the county authorities to deal with them. They will not shrink from deeds of violence. They have their victims in their power, once he is within their control.

The "Bad Lands" of the World's Fair.

A Strange New Dangerous Neighborhood Outside the Gates.

Chief Desmond Issues a Warning

How a Curious Legal Complication Has Created a "No Man's Land" of Crime.

has been "tolled" out beyond the city limits. They are after his money. If he refuses to give it up at any of their "sure-thing" gambling games they will take it away from him by force. It is from conditions of this nature that murder is developed. I do not yet see any in which the St. Louis police department can effectively with these World's Fair criminals just outside the World's Fair gates, but across the county line. They occupy a position of peculiar advantage. If they are to be checked, it must be by the prosecuting attorney and the sheriff and deputies of St. Louis County, and to accomplish this a large increase in the number of deputies is demanded.

I understand that Prosecuting Attorney Johnson of Clayton has urged that this increase be made without delay. If my voice carries influence in this connection I join earnestly in urging. Conditions in the World's Fair "bad lands" have reached a point where the strict repressive measures must be instituted.

It is always astonishing to me the readiness with which people permit themselves to be the victims of such criminals. They have a chance on earth to win money from such men. Every game is crooked. Foul means will be resorted to with entire fearlessness, once the county line is crossed and the city limits behind. The prospective prey of these criminals is without adequate protection and the odds are tremendously against him. He involuntarily accepts these odds when he is so foolish as to accompany a chance acquaintance into the "bad lands" or go there of his own initiative for the sake of "sport." It's a moral certainty that his money will be taken from him, and he is lucky if he escapes with his life in the event that he does not give up his money quietly.

Within the city limits we are doing everything to protect life and property, and the records show that we are successful. Besides the force of 74 picked men from all our large cities which is under my direction on the World's Fair grounds, there is a similarly organized force at work downtown. These men know practically every professional criminal in the United States and there are European detectives here who have a sharp lookout for foreign crooks.

Incoming criminals are arrested as fast as they are encountered and are compelled to leave the city at once. In this way we reduce the likelihood of successful criminal operation to a minimum, and thus far there has been surprising little crime in St. Louis during the World's Fair. But we cannot thus supervise the country. And it is this fact that has created the new control.

Plans for the Airship Races

(Continued From Preceding Page.)

makes a straightaway sail of a mile and return in shortest actual flying time.

A prize of \$2000 is offered for the gliding machine mounted by an operator which shall sail in a calm or in a wind at a vertical angle most acute with the horizon. There shall be at least 20 glides of 400 feet each.

A prize of \$1000 is offered for the gliding machine with operator exhibiting the best automatic stability in the wind during at least 40 glides of 400 feet each.

Prizes of \$2500 and \$1000 will be given for the airship motors other than the grand prize winner having the least weight and greatest efficiency in proportion to power.

A successful effort to drive an airship motor by energy, electrical or otherwise, transmitted through space to the amount of one-tenth of a horsepower at a distance of at least 1000 feet, \$200 will be given.

Prizes of \$5000 each will be given to the winners in the following events, open to aeronautical vehicles of any kind: (a) For the longest time in air, starting from the Exposition grounds, or landing nearest the Washington monument, D. C., the start being made

from St. Louis; (c) for the longest distance traveled in one flight in any direction from the Exposition grounds. Upon the representation of foreign aeronauts, the prize offered for the greatest altitude attained has been withdrawn on account of the hazard of the performance.

For motorless balloon contests, to be held each first and third Monday from June to October, prizes of \$200, \$100 and \$50 and medals will be given, in addition to \$50 and \$25 for the best reports and for the best photographs taken on the voyages.

Spectacular color will be lent to the aerial feature of the Exposition picture by the appearance at all times of captive balloons in the air. A concession has been granted for the operation of three such balloons, and the central one, to be known in the aeronautical concourse field, will doubtless be used as the starting and finishing stalks for the airship races. It is a 30-foot balloon, with a capacity of 13,000 cubic feet. It will be emptied and refilled with hydrogen each week and will be operated with a gasoline engine windlass and an inch cable, making 1000-foot ascents. Seven minutes will be required for an ascent and descent, and the balloon basket will carry two or three persons. The captive balloons will be stationed at different points in the Exposition grounds.

At the start being made

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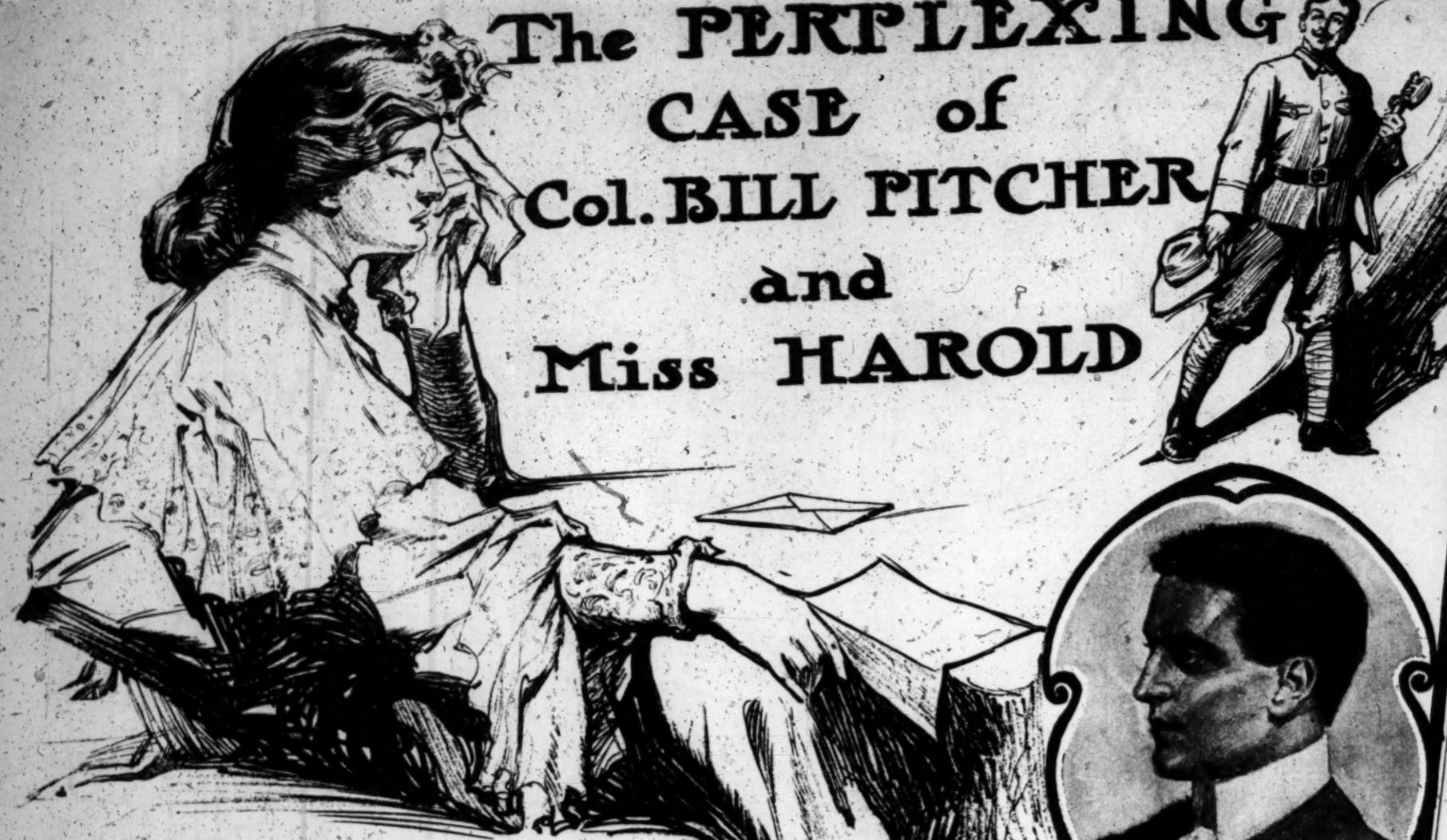
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The PERPLEXING CASE of Col. BILL PITCHER and Miss HAROLD



Can the War Department Court-Martial an Officer for Jilting a Girl, or Has an Army Fiance the Right to Change His Mind?—Charges Against Col. Pitcher Officially Taken Up in Washington.

Miss Harold said to be the sixth young woman jilted by Col. Pitcher.

Was unwilling to testify against him, but powerful friends persuaded her to take action.

Officers jealous of the army's honor believed to be moving for Pitcher's disissal from the service—Case as no exact-American precedent.

THE case of Lieutenant-Colonel William H. Pitcher, who is charged with "conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman" in having jilted Miss Carolina Harold, a clerk in the war department, a few days before the day set for their marriage, is the first instance on record in which the department has taken cognizance of an alleged failure by an army officer to keep a promise to wed.

There have been cases in which the war department has taken a hand in affairs of the heart, always in a practical way, but never before has it interceded on just such grounds as are alleged in the Pitcher case.

The affair has aroused deep interest in and out of the army, not only on account of its unique features, but because of the precedent that may be established through the threatened court-martial. If Col. Pitcher is court-martialed and dismissed, as powerful friends of Miss Harold are determined he shall be, the result will prove to army officers that they must exercise twice the care in their lovemaking that is required of the civilian citizen. Failure to keep their plighted troth will expose them not only to a breach-of-promise suit, but to dishonorable dismissal from the army besides, unless they can show good reasons for breaking their sacred word of honor.

It is for that reason and because of the fear that a decision adverse to Col. Pitcher may result in their being harassed by women they may have had no intention of marrying that army officers are showing such a keen interest in the novel case.

PERHAPS because he thought the department would take no notice of the affair, Col. Pitcher was at first inclined to treat very lightly. When he was notified of the suit he dis-

missed it with a curt note to the effect that he had "changed his mind." He probably thought that would end it, but it didn't. The only effect of his brief and unsatisfactory explanation was to strengthen the prosecution by prejudicing the minds of some of the highest officials against Col. Pitcher.

Without saying anything further to him, as he already had been given a chance to be heard, Secretary Taft referred the case to the inspector-general's department for investigation. Col. Mills, to whom the matter was referred, secured the statement of Miss Harold, with the corroborative evidence of her friends, and a promise from her that if a court-martial was ordered she would appear before it and tell her story.

That was the essential feature needed to complete the case, for without her testimony there could be no court-martial. Miss Harold's friends were anxious to shield her as far as possible, but when they were told that unless she would consent to go on the stand there would be no way of reaching Col. Pitcher they advised her to do so, and she agreed.

Col. Mills' report of the facts, as they appeared from the statements of the parties interested, was then referred to Judge Advocate-General Davis, with an inquiry as to whether they constituted sufficient ground for a court-martial on the charge of "conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman." Gen. Davis reported that they did. Col. Pitcher learned through the newspapers that the proceedings had reached this stage, and on Wednesday he telegraphed Secretary Taft, from his station at San Francisco, that he had mailed a more detailed statement of his side of the case, and he requested that no further action be taken

until his letter had been received.

Secretary Taft had the papers on his desk, and was just about to dispose of them when Col. Pitcher's telegram came, but, in accordance with his request, the matter was held up. What effect, if any, Col. Pitcher's telegram amended explanation will have on the case can only be surmised.

Col. Pitcher introduced her to his friends as his fiancee and talked freely of when they were to be married.

Late in February Rear-Admiral Chester gave a dinner in honor of the prospective bride, which was attended by many of her friends, including

to prepare for the wedding. They were together a great deal during the social season, and Col. Pitcher introduced her to his friends as his fiancee and talked freely of when they were to be married.

Col. Pitcher went to New York. From there he went to Presidio, San Francisco, where he had been ordered, after sending Miss Harold a note to the effect that he had been "called away." That, it is said, was the only explanation she ever received from him. When she became convinced that she had been jilted she secured her old position and resumed her work as though nothing had ever happened. She is a very modest young woman, and refused to talk about the affair, but her friends finally gathered the facts, and it was through their influence, rather than on account of any inclination of her own, that the charges were filed against Col. Pitcher.

Several army officers who are friends of Miss Harold and who are familiar with Col. Pitcher's record said it was not the first time that he had jilted a girl after all the preliminaries of the wedding had been arranged, and that, in justice to the honor of the army, it was high time that he was called to account. These officers are among those who have been most active in the prosecution of the case.

Col. Pitcher is said to be the sixth young

woman who has been jilted by Col. Pitcher. The other cases cannot be proved and do not enter directly into the present affair, but they have had the effect of causing several officers of note to take up the cudgels in Miss Harold's behalf.

The charge of "conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman" is sweeping in its provisions

and is peculiar to the army. The civil law has nothing like it. It was taken from the British army, and the British took it from France 250 years ago. It is the sixty-first article of war, which provides as follows:

"To constitute an offense under this article the conduct need not be 'scandalous and infamous.' These words, contained in the original article of 1775, were dropped in the form adopted in 1806. Nor is it essential that the act should be committed by an officer and a gentleman.

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HOW MARTIN MALONEY, NILESS IMMIGRANT GROCER, PLUMBER, CAME A PAPAL MARQUIS



Miss MALONEY

Story of a Zealous Churchman Signally Honored by the Vatican
—Cardinal Satolli Goes to New Jersey to Pronounce the Apostolic Blessing on His Daughter's Wedding—Some of Martin Maloney's Good Deeds.

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ROM Ballingarry, in Ireland, in 1848, came Martin Maloney without a dollar.

From Rome a few days ago came Cardinal Satolli to pronounce the apostolic blessing on the nuptials of Martin Maloney's daughter during his World's Fair visit to America.

It is an interesting story, this, of how the great dignitaries of the Church of Rome were glad to be at this wedding of Margaret Maloney to Carbury Ritchie on June 21, at Spring Lake, N. J. Of how this ex-immigrant, ex-grocer, ex-plumber, stood there a Marquis of the church before the magnificent altar of St. Catharine's.

Archbishop Ryan, formerly of St. Louis, the neighbor and friend of Martin Maloney, was there to perform the marriage ceremony. Bishop McFaul was present to participate in the ceremonials and to show his appreciation of the many great benefactions of Martin Maloney.

For this marriage afforded the Holy See its first opportunity to give practical recognition to Martin Maloney, who has given so much and asked so little. The apostolic blessing pronounced by Cardinal Satolli, the Vatican's representative at the World's Fair, was the crowning proof of the Holy See's recognition of such an opportunity.

STARTING with nothing but a disposition to work, Martin Maloney has become a gasoline king—an important factor in the affairs of the Standard Oil Co., the United Gas Improvement Co., the Pennsylvania railroad and a score of less well-known but paying corporations. In all his years his giving has kept pace with his getting, and the Church of Rome has been his chief but not by any means his only beneficiary. Then the Sacred Church of St. John of Lateran, with Leo XIII, was in sore need of money, the work was done by the best artists that money could employ and the bill was paid. When it was given out with by that Martin Maloney of Ballingarry, the man whose wealth made him a prominent lawyer in Philadelphia and a prominent executive officer or counselor with many of Martin Maloney's enterprises. He, too, is a very rich man.



The GARDEN LOOKING TOWARD the HOME

THE DRAWING ROOM

Martin Maloney was never cut out for a corner. He is very frank and admits that the three factors that finally led him to give up the grocery trade were: First, that he did not understand the business; second, he did not like the business; and last, but not least, he did not want to run a grocery store, anyhow.

It was a case of "help yourself" at Maloney's store. If his place did not furnish Mrs. Hodgeson-Burnett with the inspiration for her description of "Tom" de Willoughby's store in her tale of the De Willoughby claim, it might well have done so.

Martin Maloney ran his store just as the lovable "Tom" de Willoughby of Mrs. Burnett's creation managed his. Strangely enough, both stores prospered—the one in fact and the other in fiction. With the proceeds resulting from the sale of his first venture Mr. Maloney opened up a plumbing and gas fixture establishment, which became the most important concern of the sort in central Pennsylvania. With the success of this venture came his wedding with Margaret Hutton.

Through his plumbing venture Mr. Maloney became interested in the problem of lighting. Interested in the problem of lighting, he now to be found in his native town.

enough to establish

The Maloney lamp was first used to light the Centennial grounds, and today the same burners are used wherever oil is used for street illumination.

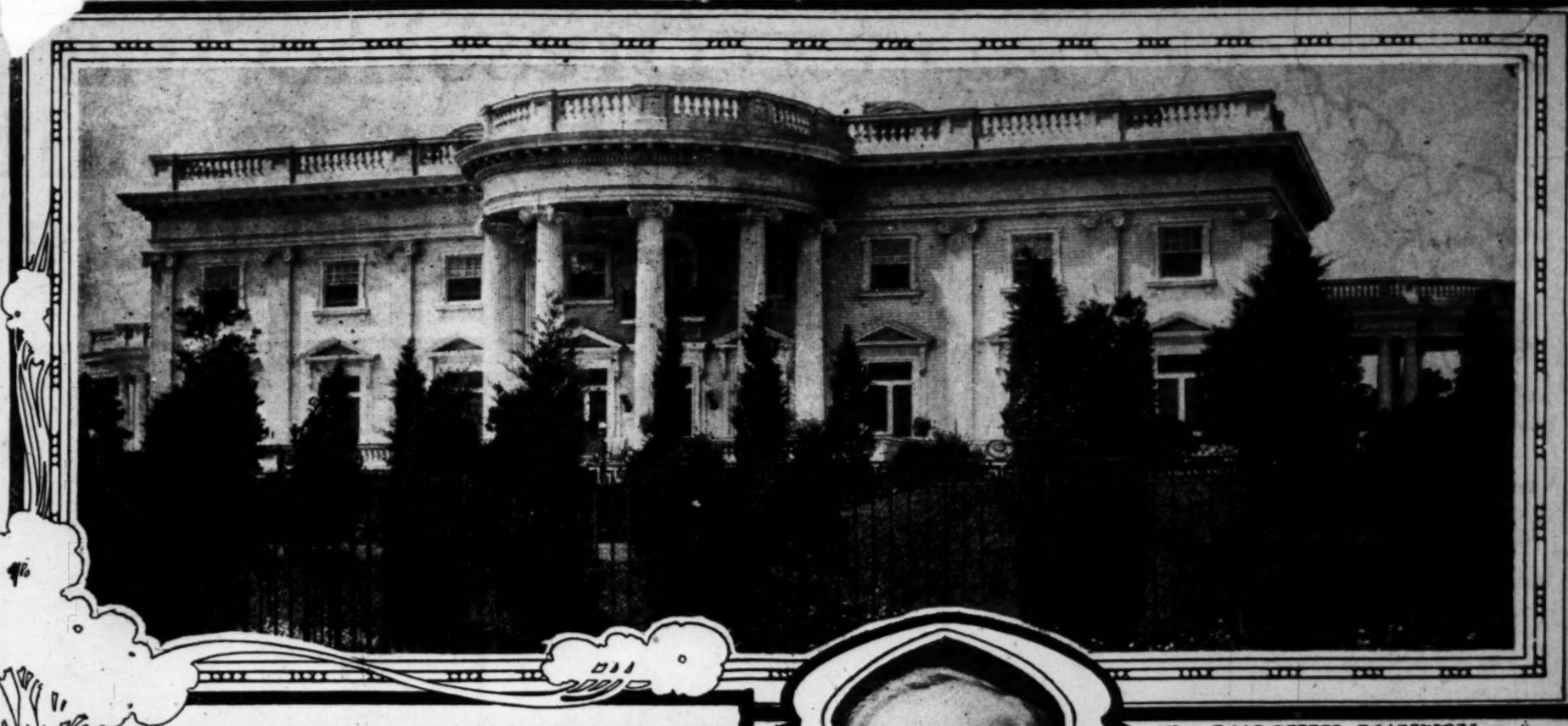
In 1877 Pittsburg adopted the Maloney burner, and from time to time since every important city in the United States has taken it up, and today scores of lighting corporations have no real excuse for being except the right to use the Maloney burner for lighting by gasoline.

Spring Lake is the especial hobby of Mr. Maloney. He regards the place as the garden spot of the world, and each year upon his return from his tour abroad he suggests, and with his own money makes, some great and costly improvement for the general betterment of the town. Just as Mr. Flagler of the Standard Oil Co., who is numbered among Mr. Maloney's close friends, spends his fortune in the general advancement and improvement of the east coast of Florida, so does Mr. Maloney interest himself in the physical welfare of Spring Lake.

When Mr. Maloney built his palatial home at Spring Lake he did not realize that he was to have a home similar to that of the President of the United States. While traveling through Ireland now to be found in his native town.

"Yer home!" cried the Celt. "Why, that's the town hall of Dublin." Mr. Maloney, not a bit taken back, replied: "So much the better. If all the good people of Dublin are satisfied."

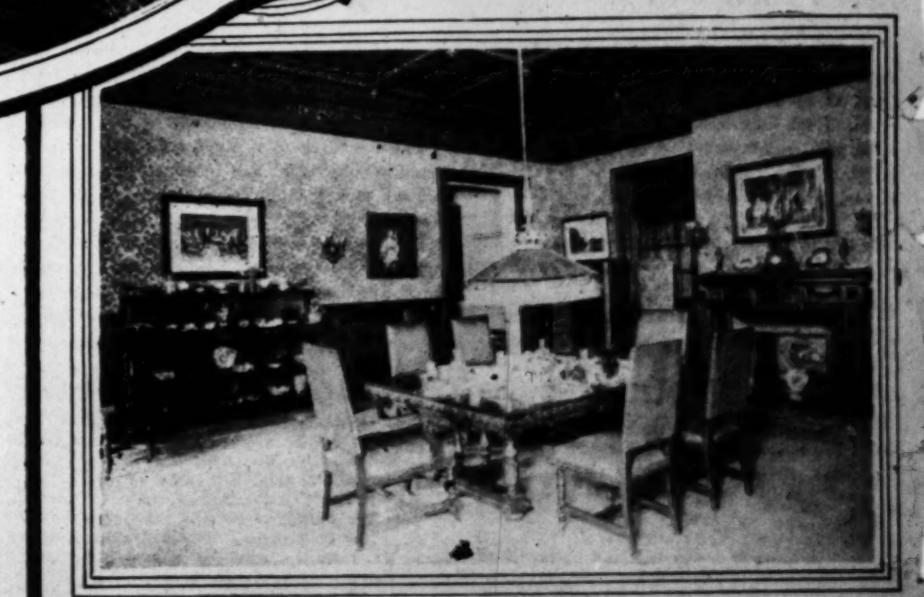
On the other side of the garden is a corner laid out like the grounds of Haddon Hall, England, and near by is an inclosure which is to be called "Unter den Linden, Berlin."

MARTIN MALONEY
Photo by Gutekunst

ALTAR OF ST. CATHARINE before the Wedding of MARTIN MALONEY was REFORMED



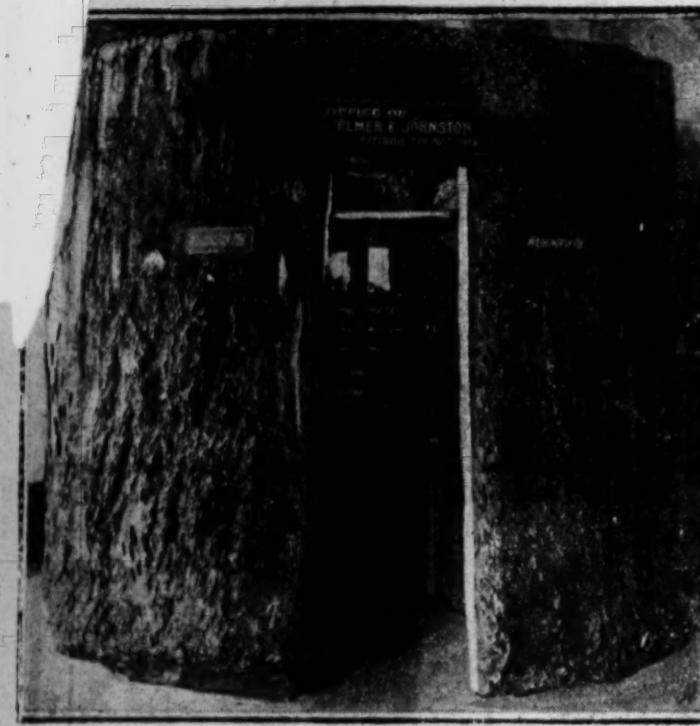
THE DRAWING ROOM



THE DINING ROOM

New & Strange Things in & about St. Louis

Office in a Tree Trunk.



LMER E. JOHNSON, executive committee member in charge of the Washington exhibit at the World's Fair, has his office in the trunk of a giant tree.

a Washington fir, and the space in the hollow trunk gives ample room for a little office equipped with desk, cabinet and chair.

Alabama's Vulcan Statue.



Tristan da Cunha's Loyal 77 Inhabitants

THE 77 inhabitants of the lone island of Tristan da Cunha, halfway between Cape Horn and the Cape of Good Hope, will not be transported bodily to the British African mainland, as was recently contemplated.

This remarkable settlement is chiefly composed of the descendants of Corporal William Glass, who begged to be allowed to remain on the island when it was evacuated by the British some eight years ago.

In a report just issued by Mr. Hammond Tooke, who was sent to take the opinion of the inhabitants as to the abandonment of the island and its annexation to the Cape, it is stated that the whole 77 rejected the idea of removal, as it would be a great detriment for their settlement in that country. They feared the unfamiliar ways of life with which they would be faced.

Mr. Tooke states that they have developed slow and unready habits, unfitting them for life in a large community. They live an honest, sober, and peaceful existence, free from vice or crime, scorning chicanery and dealing in secret.

"There is no money at all, for there is nothing to buy; no newspapers, for there is nothing to record; no poets, no shops, no churches, no schools, no laws."

The settlement has no recognized head, every man acting as he thinks best. Their intelligence is bright and their physique wonderful, in spite of inter-breeding.

They have lost the sense of time and distance, and their anxiety is to protect themselves from the charms of rats which infest the island. They are happy, is the writer's conclusion, and should be left in their fortunate isolation.

A recent census of China shows that country crowded with "teeming millions." It has a population of 108 to the square mile. Belgium has 220 to the square mile, Great Britain 131, and Germany 105.

river in South America, who found her in Bolivia. She has journeyed with her master from Brazil to Europe, thence back to Brazil, later on several voyages up and down the river Madeira, a tributary of the Amazon, then in a seven months' canoe voyage from the Amazon to the Caribbean Sea and finally to New York. Schauta said to be as tame as a house cat and of an extremely friendly disposition.

New Bread Toaster.

ST. LOUIS housewives are now testing the merits of a new bread-toasting invention. The thing is not complicated and therefore possesses an element of interest. Its construction is easily understood by reference to the picture. There is a circular ring which fits in the hole opening of the ordinary stove or range. At the bottom of the ring is a perforated



Globe-Trotting Bear.

WITHIN three years' time the Brazilian coat, a member of the bear family, shown in the picture, has traveled 20,000 miles, and her owner expects

to bring her from New York to the World's Fair. The animal's pet name is Schauta, and she belongs to Alfred Stockman, an Englishman living on the Amazon

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Pipes Made by Indians.



ANCIENT pipes made and used by North American Indians prior to the discovery of this continent by Columbus will figure in World's Fair exhibiting the ethnological field. Many of these pipes are very curious and all resting from the historical point of view. The generally accepted idea of the pipe follows the form of those made of catlinite, a fine-grained, dark stone of a rich reddish-brown color.

west of the Big Stone lake in Dakota. These red stone pipes are often seen in collections and are rarely ornamented.

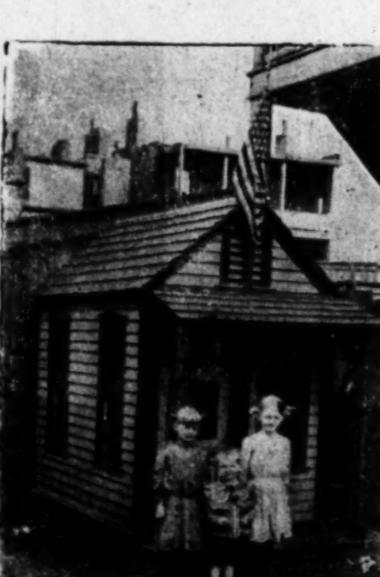
Long prior, however, to the red stone pipe the Indians fashioned pipes of clay, which they modeled then baked. It is wonderful what skill and taste they showed. Many of the pipes have been found in burial mounds. Some show apart and apart. It is the favorite resort of those exercising the pot-

ter's art. The Iroquois group must have been very particular as to the form of their pipes from such specimens as they have left behind them. One is a pipe, the bowl representing a coiled snake, the whole length of the pipe, stem and all, being some six inches.

Heads of animals, birds and human beings were very much in fashion, as may be seen in the illustrations.

The pipes with human heads are well worthy of particular study, for they show an artistic tendency that had not been credited to the account of the early North American Indian.

Portable Playhouse.



Perhaps criminals attracted to St. Louis by the World's Fair may be "bluffed" by this new invention, a pipe which is so constructed as to present all the features of a machine pistol in outward appearance. It has a trigger adjusted in such a manner as to give forth the warning "click" which is generally enough to frighten anyone within a dozen yards into a seven year's prison.

A housewife meeting a suspicious character in an out-of-the-way place at night would hardly have to do more than draw his pipe "gun" and give it a businesslike "click" in order to send the newcomer to a respectful distance.

Again, the housewife might use the pipe to advantage when alone at home if intruders should appear. And the beauty of it is the thing is absolutely harmless to the hand.

as a workman all the week and goes to his people on the Sundays. He has worked at the church almost alone, the only assistance being a few days by one man.

Fried Pancakes in England's Great Seal

IT seems almost ludicrously impossible that the great seal of England should have ever been made to serve the humble purpose of a frying pan; and yet this is only one of many equally strange episodes in the romantic story of the seal which is the "specific emblem of British sovereignty."

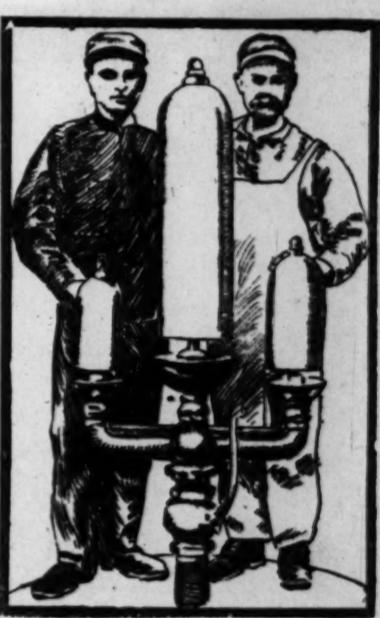
The ludicrous frying-pan adventure befell it when in the custody of Lord Brougham. The chief justice had gone to Scotland for a short holiday-seeking, he could not take the seal on the Rhine trip he longed for without putting it in communication with great cost to himself—and he was a guest of the Dowager Duchess of Bedford, at Rothiemurchus, where he kept his precious charge in his bedroom. One day the young ladies of the house-party took the seal from the bedroom and hid it. Brougham was desperate when he discovered his loss, and did not recover his peace of mind until the pretty thieves promised to lead him to it if he would consent to be blindfolded.

With his eyes bandaged he was conducted to the drawing-room, and there he discovered the seal hidden in a tea-chest. So delighted was he at its recovery that he consented to the young ladies' suggestion that they should adjourn to the kitchen and celebrate the joyous event by making pancakes in the seal; and thus, amid much laughter, the greatest emblem of sovereignty in the whole world was actually used as a pan in which to fry pancakes. The seal, it should perhaps be mentioned, consists of two silver discs hinged together, so that when they are closed they form a mord into which the wax—green, red or yellow, as the case may be—is poured. This would not make not all at a bad substitute for a "common or kitchen" frying pan.

THE weirdest dolls in the world, dolls which would cause a St. Louis little girl to want to run away and hide, are on exhibition at the Indian School building at the Fair. They are the kind of dolls which the little children of the Zuni Indians of New Mexico are wont to coddle and talk to and invest with all sorts of human attributes.

That they are not beautiful is accounted for by the fact that they are not primarily intended for use as dolls. The old Indians make them for deities and turn them over to the children to watch over them and keep them from harm. The children, having no veneration for those kinds of deities, use them for dolls. Dr. S. M. McCowan, superintendent of the Indian School, says the little Zunis are just as fond of the ugly dolls as white children are of the pretty dolls.

Big Steam Whistle.



mornings. Then, just about half an hour before school closes for the day, this dog plays sentry on the opposite corner, walking wistfully for the first glimpse of his beloved owner. When the latter makes his appearance, free for the rest of the day, the dog's pleasure is manifest and cuts all sorts of canine capers in token of his joy. He is the pet of every boy in the school.

The Original Automobile.

THIS is a picture of the original automobile. The engine which it represents is part of an exhibit in the Transportation building at the World's

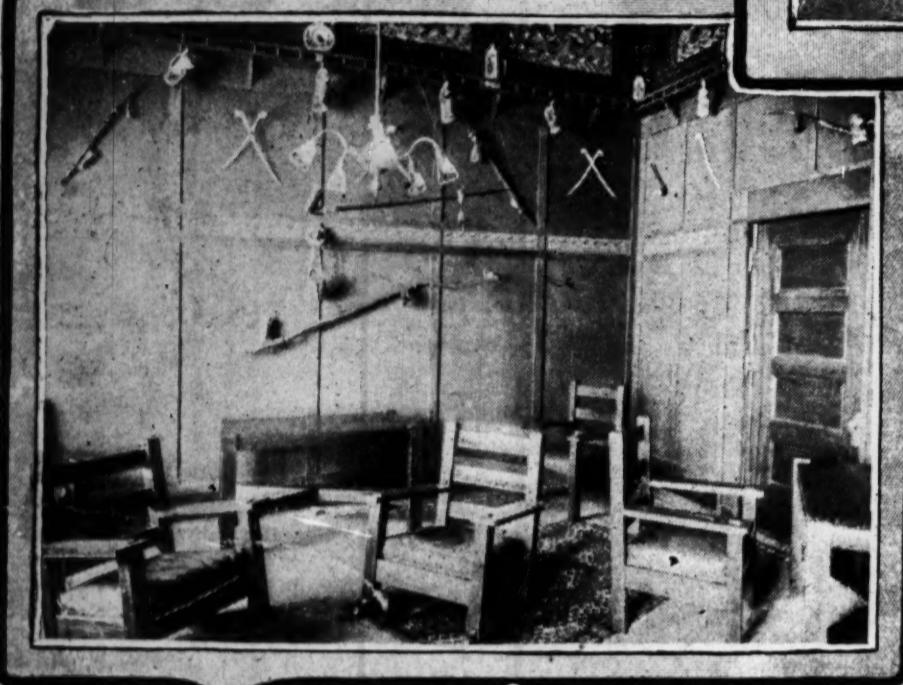
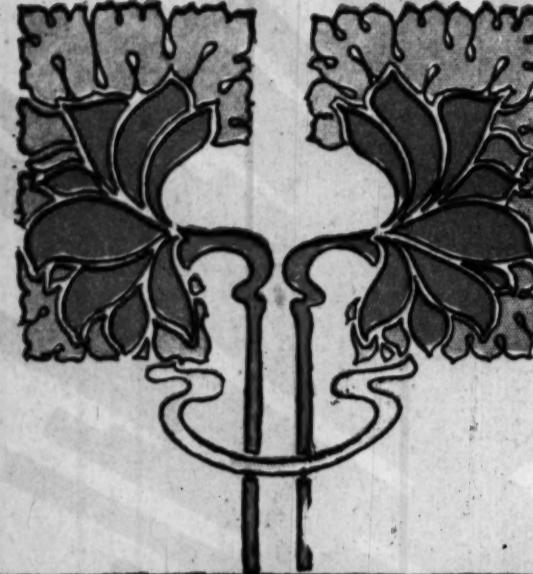


Fair, and is called an early type of locomotive, but in reality it's the original automobile, because it was made to run on steam, not dependent upon rails altogether, and had flat wheels. It is an interesting relic.

Battle Pictures Made to Order.

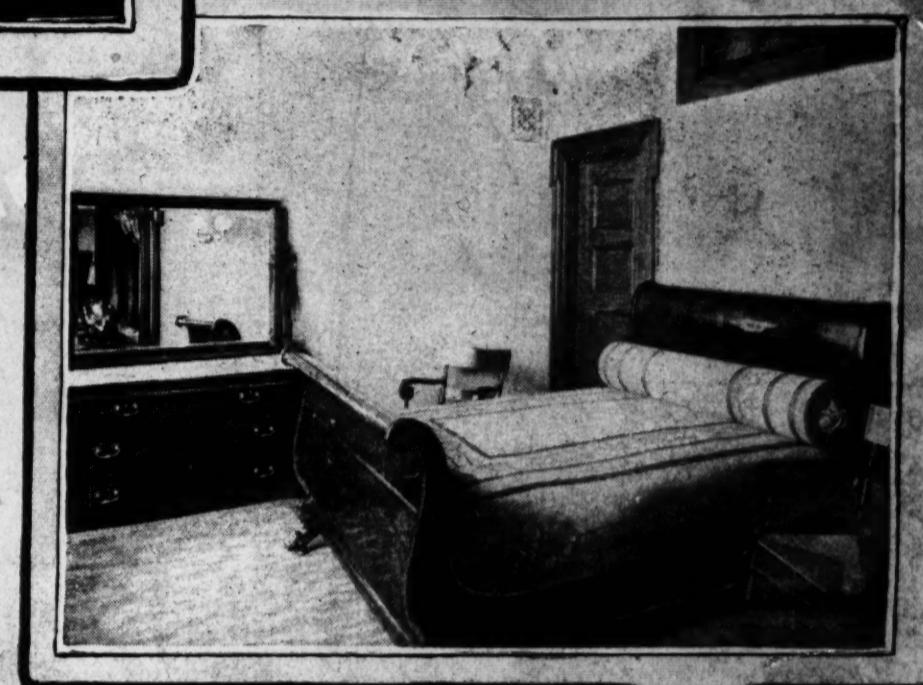


IN a suburb of Paris is a cinematograph factory where realistic pictures of the Russo-Japanese war are posed for use in moving picture exhibitions. Frenchmen with a theatrical tendency take the parts of the contestants at a wage of about \$1.50 a day and the mock battle pictures are presented with great spirit, these Frenchmen, acting as Japs or Russians, making vigorous war on one another as long as the cinematograph is in action. This picture, drawn from a photograph of one of the battles and made a special attraction for the International Press Fair, was laughingly called "The Battle of the Suburb."

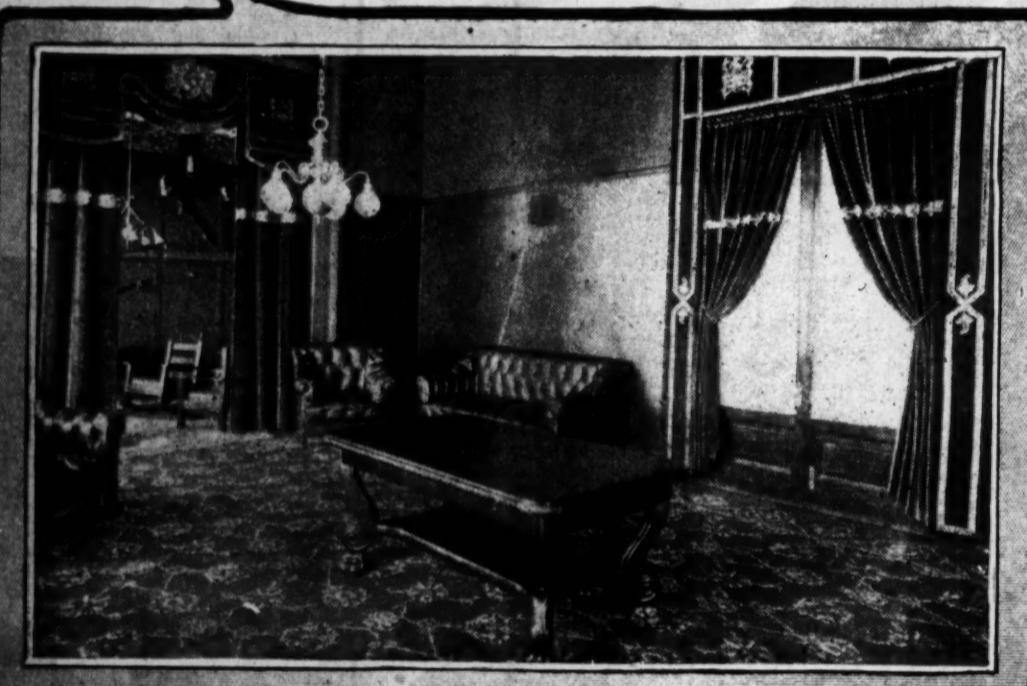


DUTCH ROOM

The Missouri Building at the World's Fair



GOVERNOR'S BED ROOM.



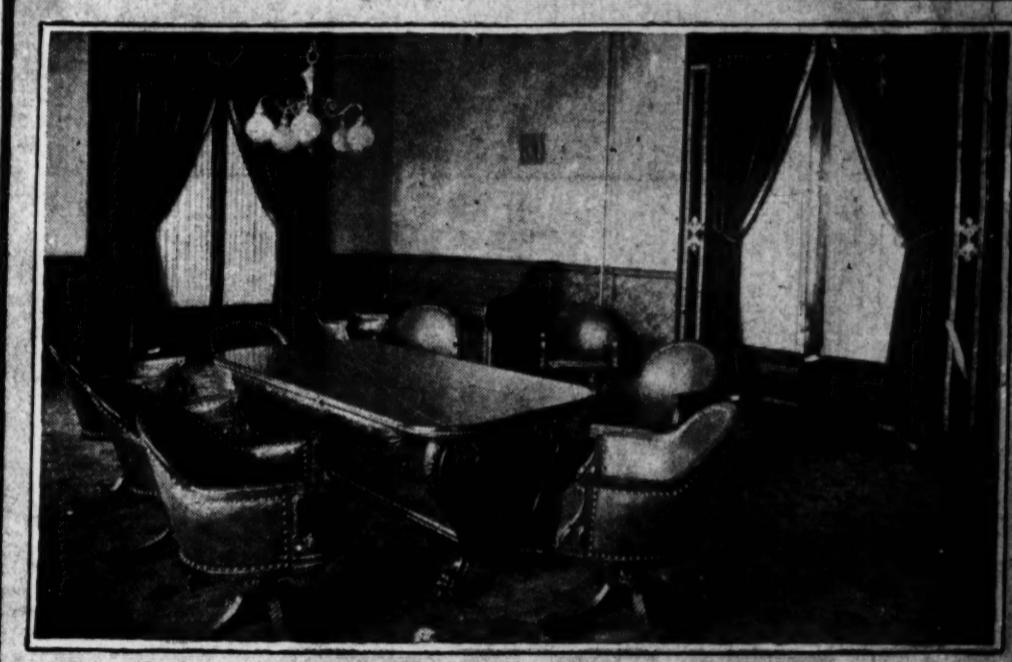
GENTLEMEN'S PARLOR

MISSOURI'S social and political rallying place at the World's Fair is the Missouri building, the finest state structure on the Exposition grounds. It is also a place for the hospitable entertainment of all visitors, foreign and American alike. "Embracing within her confines all the elements of an empire," reads the golden inscription across the front of the building, "devoted to all the arts and sciences that advance civilization, Missouri, the central state of the Louisiana Purchase, greets her sister states and welcomes the world."

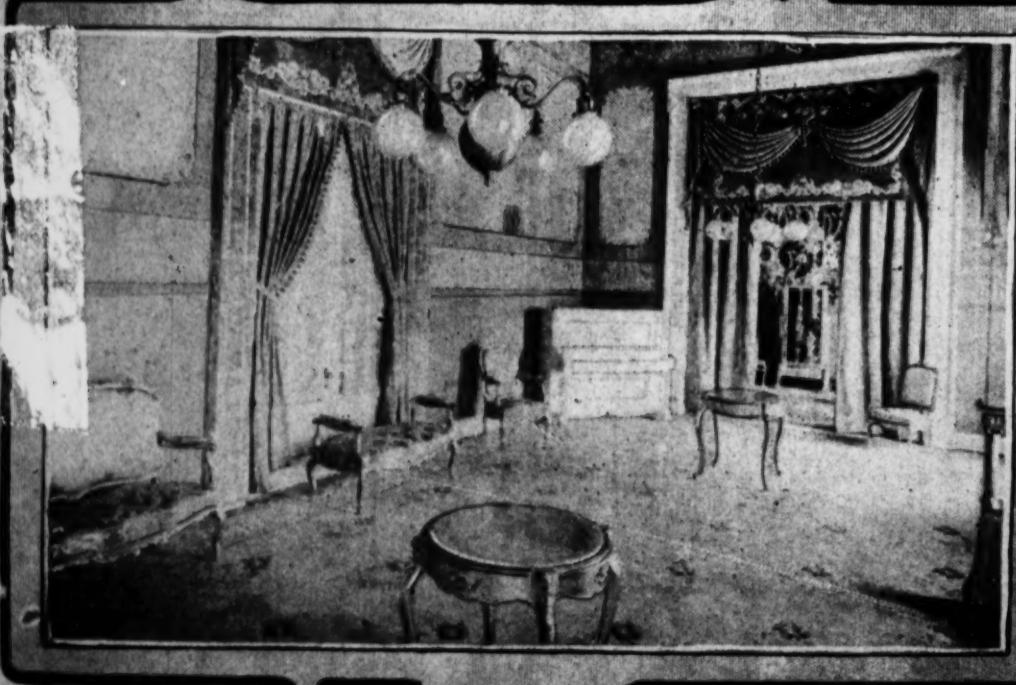
And Missouri makes good this friendly announcement. From the moment one enters the broad rotunda, furnished in the *style* of the French renaissance and ornamented with the state arms, the hospitality of Missouri makes itself felt. From this point the official hostesses conduct visitors into the ladies' drawing room, a revival of the salons of the Eighteenth century, decorated under the direction of Messrs. M. T. Davis, B. H. Bonfoey, Judge J. H. Hawthorne and L. F. Parker, assisted by Mmes. Davis, Bonfoey, Hawthorne and Misses Grace and Jacqueline Parker, and furnished, as was the entire building, from designs by Mr. W. H. Wear of St. Louis. Adjoining is the ladies' rest room, decorated in panels of linen taffeta with designs of tropical foliage and birds of paradise. Then comes the Japanese room, ornamented with panels containing umbrellas showing representations of the "Ho 'O," or the Japanese phoenix birds, flowers and leaf effects, the ceiling being decorated with one of the largest Japanese silk-paper umbrellas ever made.

Across the hall are the gentlemen's parlor and the "press room," furnished in heraldic style with a rich maroon color scheme. Next is the smoking room, furnished after the Dutch style, with imported frieze showing Holland fishing scenes. On the west side are the governor's rooms, consisting of an office, reception and bed rooms, the two first-named being decorated in olive green with drapings of royal garnet silk. Above the ceiling cornice hangs a large sword mounted with gold ribbon and interlaced with a wreath of laurel symbolizing peace, the side panels showing the French *flambeau* and the 14 stars of the Louisiana Purchase states. Across the hall are the commissioners' rooms, the color tone of which is golden brown and blue, the walls decorated with dadoes of blue and draped with fabrics of golden brown imperial velour, ornamented with illuminated leather applique in Gothic style.

It is in this hospitable building that Missourians at the World's Fair feel most at home and its popularity is increasing daily. Distinguished statesmen, active politicians busied with the work of a gubernatorial campaign, beautiful women from all sections of Missouri, and the Missouri building a welcome resting place and its register contains an imposing muster roll of representative names. The general public also appreciates the beauty and comfort of the Missouri building, the fame of which, as the handsomest state building at the Fair, has already become widespread.



COMMISSIONER'S ROOM



LADIES' DRAWING ROOM



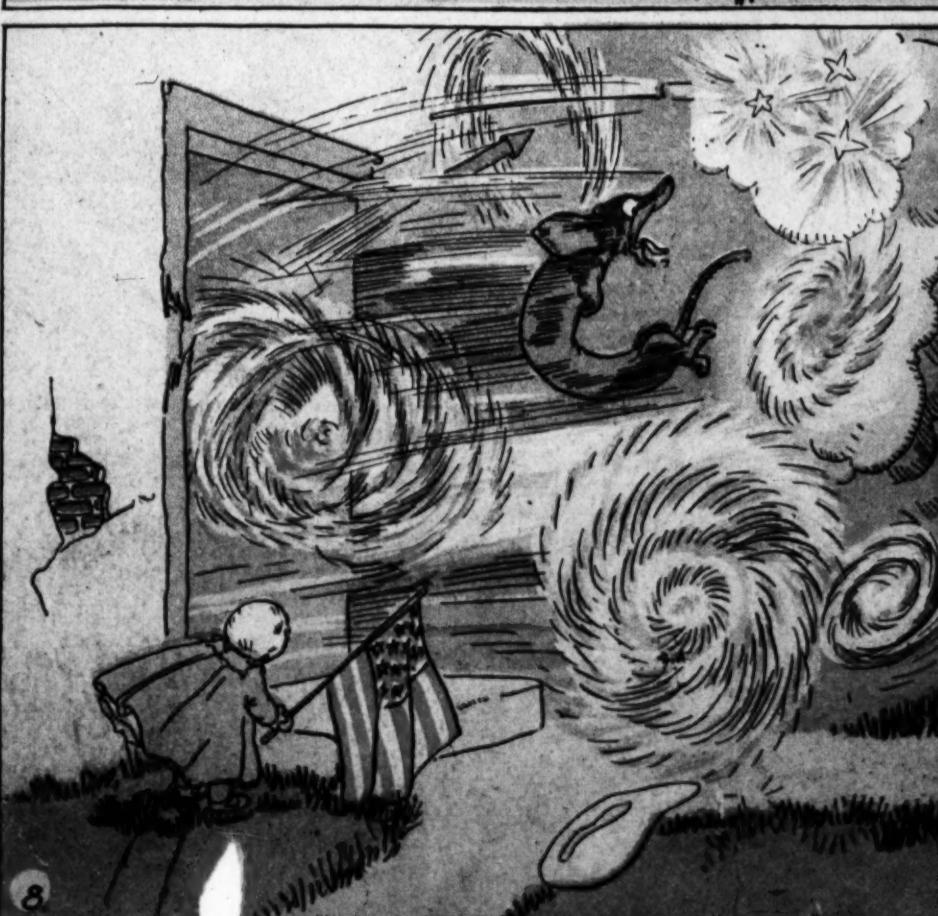
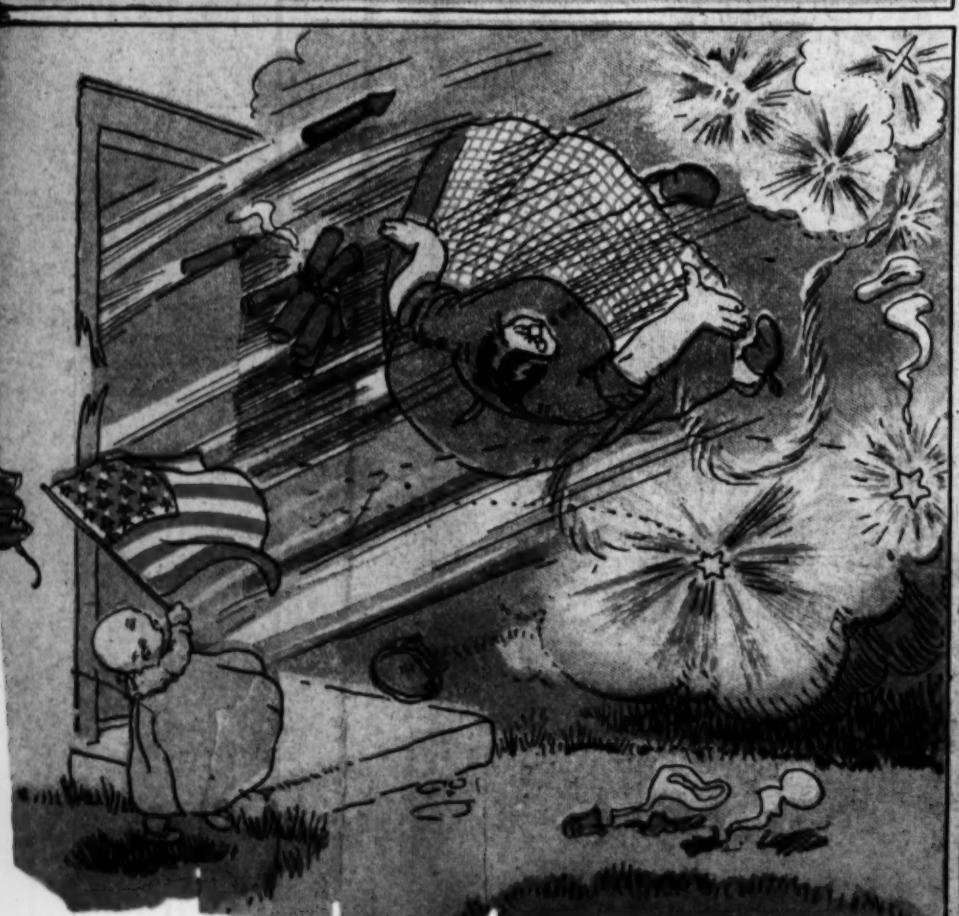
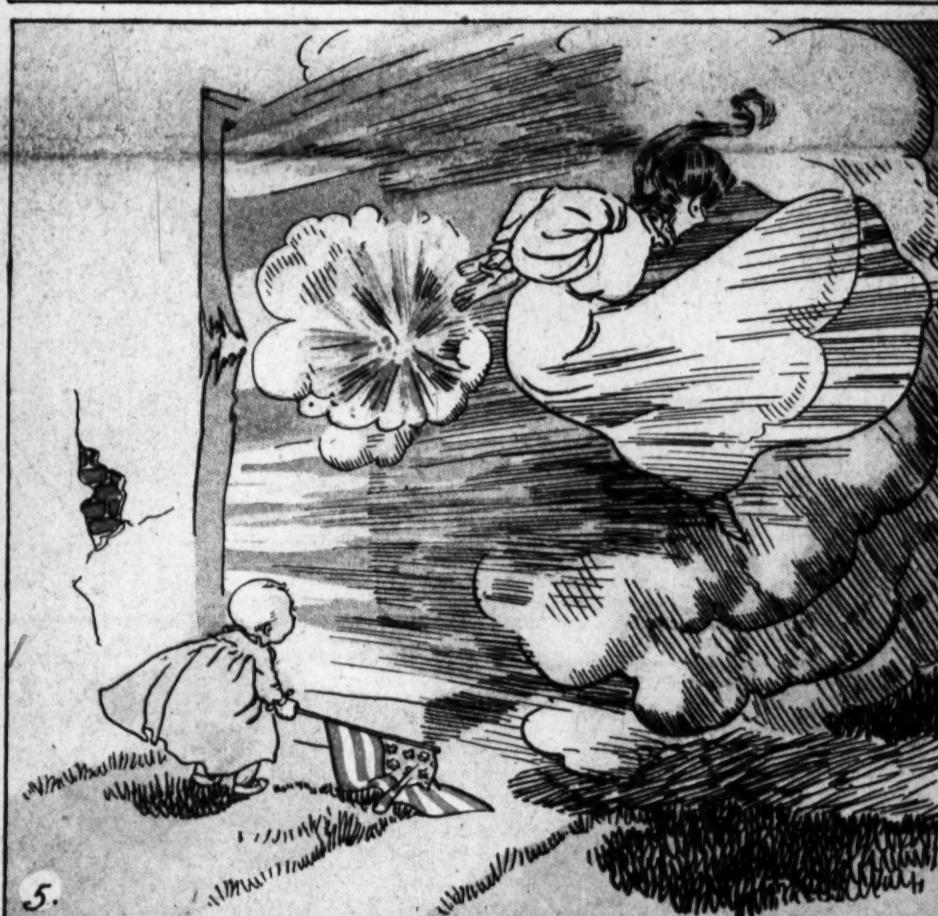
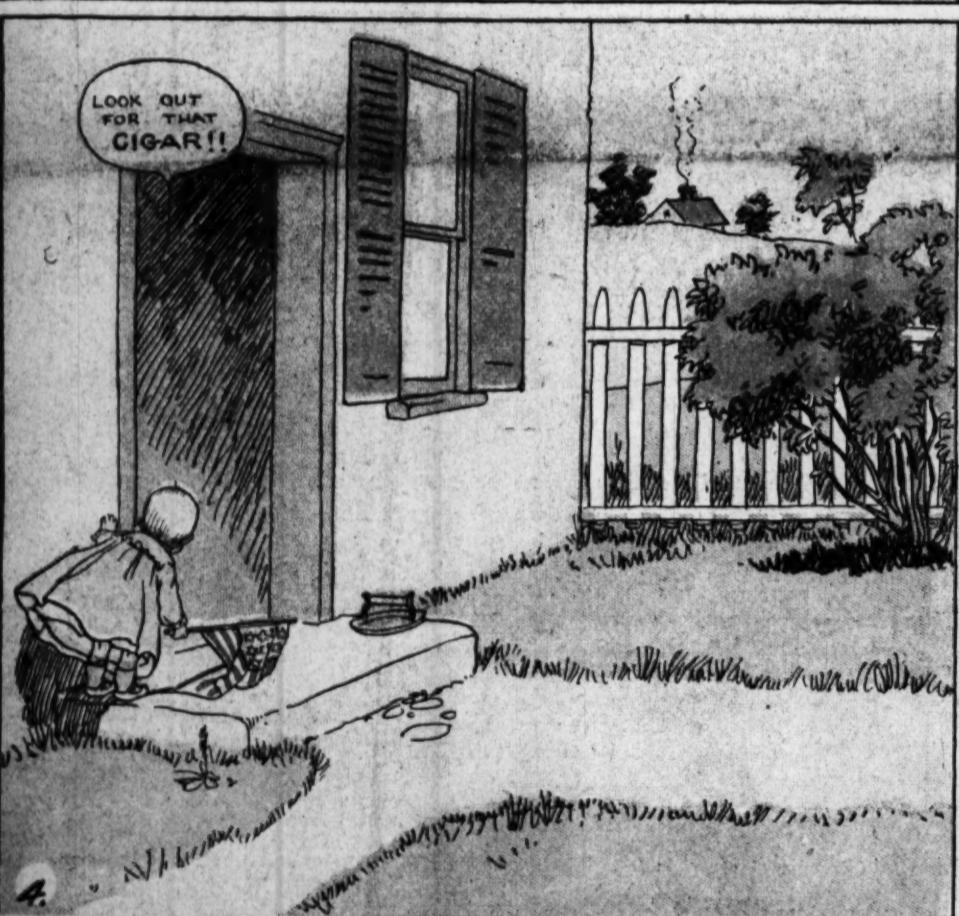
GOVERNOR'S RECEPTION ROOM.

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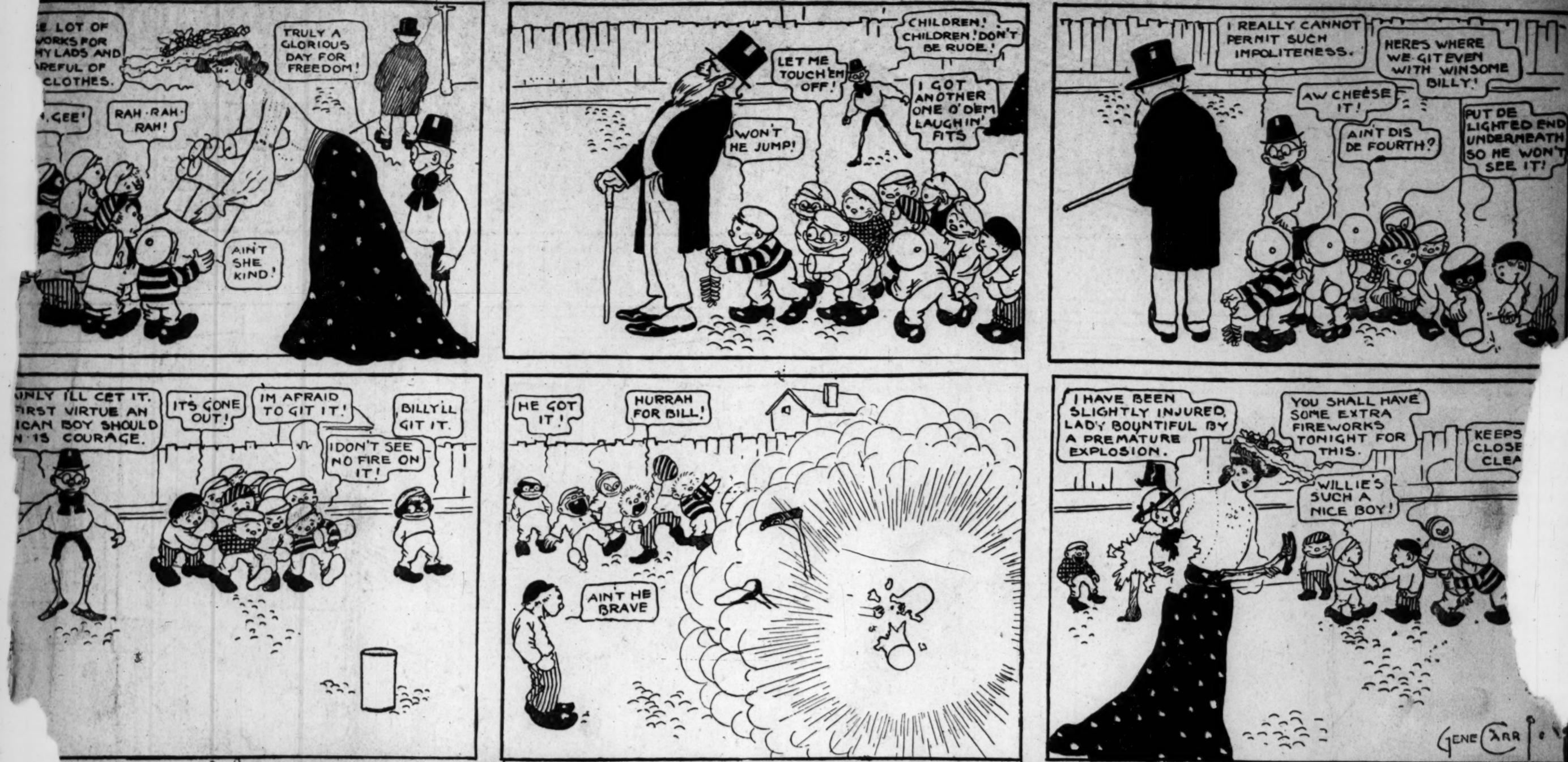
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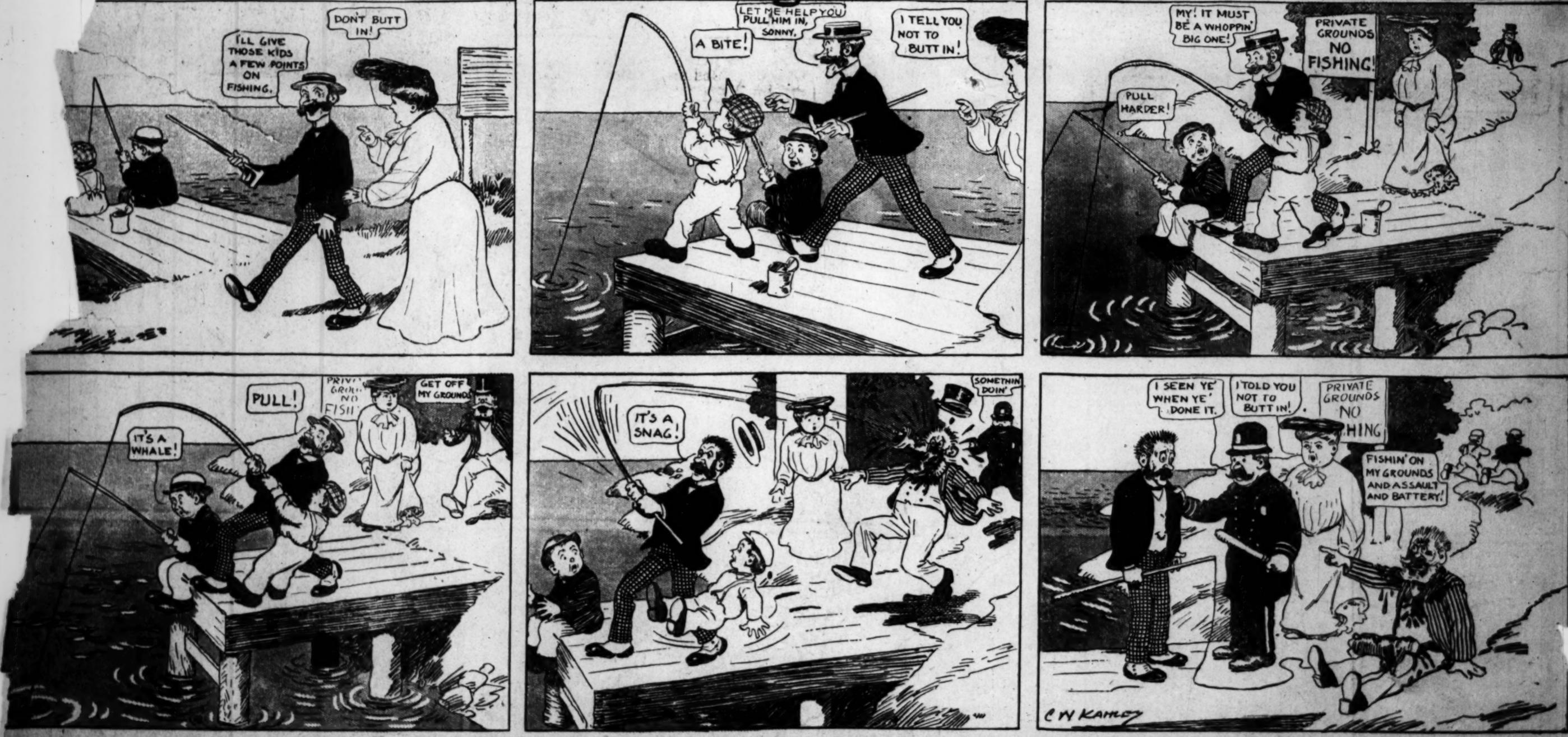
"THE KID" and PAPA CELEBRATE the FOURTH with FIREWOR



SOME WILLIE CELEBRATES THE GLORIOUS FOURTH. -BY GENE CARR.



Mr. Buttin Assists the Young Fisherman to Land a Prize.



THE FOURTH OF JULY IN DARKEST AFRICA.

